THE SOCIETY WORLD.

DDING OF MISS MARY FRENCH FIELD SET FOR OCT. 16.

Marriage to Mr. William Castle Engiar Will Take Place at St. Peter's Church—Miss Bertha Louise Gary Is Married to Mr. Robert W. Campbell at the Gary Residence in Wheaton—Plans and Whereabouts of Chicago People.

The wedding of Miss Mary French Field, ...hter of Mrs. Eugene Field, and Mr. ...am Castle Engiar, will take place on ...nesday evening, Oct. 16, at St. Peter's ...ch, in Belmont avenue, the Rev. Frank ...Moulin officiating. The reception will ...eld at the family residence at 2030 Clark ...n avenue. Miss Field, who has spent ...summer in town, will leave in a few days ...short visit in Indiana.

Wheaton last evening Miss Bertha Louise ...ary and Mr. Robert W. Campbell of ...Francisco were married at the resi... of the bride's father, Mr. E. H. Gary. ...ceremony was performed at 7 o'clock by ...Rev. John Ellis of Evanston, assisted by ...Rev. G. K. Flack. Mrs. George Wood... ...liffe acted as matron of honor and Miss ...rude Campbell was maid of honor. The ...m's attendants were Mr. Scott Wisbey ...Dr. H. N. Sutcliffe. A reception followed ...ceremony. A special train was provided ...the guests from the city.

Mr. John R. Walsh and Miss Ellen Walsh ...33 Calumet avenue have returned to the ... No date is set for the wedding of Miss ...h to Mr. Orville Babcock.

...spite the clouds and threatened showers, ...golfers were astir early at the Midlothian ...try club yesterday, and the qualifying ...d in the annual woman's tournament ...played enthusiastically. But it will not ...l golf. A tea will be served at the club ...e this afternoon, and in the evening a ...ber of dinners, and the festivities will ...peated before the tournament closes. ...dance will be given on Saturday even...

... and Mrs. J. L. Loose, who are occupy... the Chalmers place at Lake Geneva this ...on, will have a house party this week. ...e guests will be Mr. and Mrs. Walter ...Peck, who will come from Oconomowoc ... and Mrs. Eben Lane.

... Augustus A. Parker and Miss Elizabeth ... and Miss Elsa Parker have returned to ...city. They will spend the winter with ... Parker's sister, Mrs. R. I. Stearns of ...Michigan avenue.

... and Mrs. W. W. Gurley of 838 North ...street have returned to the city. They ...t the summer at the Isle of Shoals and ...e Adirondacks.

... J. B. Murphy of 3505 Michigan ave... is home after a short visit with Mrs. G. ...amondon at Oconomowoc.

... and Mrs. Arthur J. Eddy are at Man...-by-the-Sea, making most of the jour... from Chicago in their automobile.

... J. Ogden Armour is at Oconomowoc ... Mrs. P. D. Armour Sr.

...MAN CAUSES A SCARE IN THE KOZLOWSKI CASE.

... Defendants Fear That Jennie Klajowska Will Attack Them with an Umbrella—More Witnesses Heard.

...r the end of the morning's session in ...ice Martin's court, where Bishop Kozlowski has brought charges of conspiracy, ... of the defendants, Sajewics and Wodlinski, created a scene by crying that an as... was about to be made upon them by a ...an with an umbrella. The woman, Jennie ...dowska, was called to the bar and asked ...t the trouble was about. She denied having done anything to warrant the fears of the ...

...uring the day John Lemke, a former ... at St. Anthony's Hospital, testified that ...ad heard patients allege that they were ...r given poison in the hospital.

...ther A. H. Podgorski, who was ordained ...Kozlowski and who was for some time in ...osition of Assistant Bishop of the church, ...fied that although Kozlowski was alleged ... be a Roman Catholic, the catechism ...e church permitted marriage of priests, ...llowed the necessity of confession, and ... of the more important points in the ... of the Roman Catholic church.

...rt adjourned after the hearing of Podgorski's testimony until Sept. 20, when the ...ses will bring in several more witnesses.

...K FISHING BEGINS SUNDAY.

... Commission Fixes Time for Opening of Season—Suit Over Paving Threatened.

... West Park Commissioners decided at ... meeting yesterday to open the fishing ...s in Humboldt, Garfield, and Jackson ... on Sunday, Sept. 15. No fishing is to ...llowed from the banks, piers, or floats. ...ing will be permitted only from boats by ... holding tickets. The rule against fishing ...fter 9 o'clock on Sunday mornings has ... removed.

... result of an alleged breach of con..., Attorney Cole was instructed to warn ...Western Paving Supply company that he ...ding to bring suit on its bond. The company ... laid the pavement of Douglas boulevard, ... is alleged, failed to keep the ... in repair.

...t Engineer Schrader estimated it would ...e $15,000 a year to keep West Side ...ewards in repair. This cost will fall upon ...neral fund hereafter and it is proposed ...n laying aside money for the purpose. ...ding to Mr. Schrader's plan, the average ...fe of a pavement is twenty years, and ...st of replacing the top surface is $1.68 ...are yard.

...committee was appointed to draw up ...tions of sympathy for the President. ...missioners Lichtenberger, Peters, and ... being named.

...D IN THE M'COLLOCH CASE.

... Over on Charge of Being Implicated in Robbery of Fort Wayne Woman.

... persons charged with being implicated ... robbery of Mrs. Charles McCulloch ... Wayne, Ind., were bound over to the ... jury yesterday by Justice Wallace. ...are Samuel Reardon, who admits that ... night of Aug. 15 he secured $1,500 ... of jewelry from Mrs. McCulloch, who ... wife of a Fort Wayne banker; Mrs. ... Dunn, to whom Reardon intrusted the ...nds; Frank W. Van Deusen, who now ...harge of the diamonds and refuses to ...em up, and James Turner. The case ...g bitterly contested by Van Deusen ...rney.

...MALIN ON SCHOOL PENCILS.

... of the Drug to Be Used to Sterilize the Wood and Prevent Sickness.

...he suggestion of Superintendent W. ... Bodine of the compulsory education ...ment, the pencils used in the schools ... be sterilized with formalin to prevent ...ansmission of diphtheria and other ...

... Rev. Joseph Rushton Returns.

...ev. Joseph Rushton, city missionary for ...scopal Church in the Chicago Diocese, re... yesterday from a two months' vacation ... England, Scotland, and Wales.

...spar Rene Gregory to Lecture.

...spar Rene Gregory, professor of theology ... University of Leipsic, Germany, has been ... by the Chicago Theological Seminary to ... a series of lectures, beginning Sept. 20.

...hurch Convention Opened.

... Rapids, Ia., Sept. 10.—[Special.]—The ...hristian Church State convention opened ...night with an attendance of 900 delegates. ...terest was manifested.

... Chicago Pastor to Leave.

...nise, Ind., Sept. 10.—[Special.]—The Rev. ... Smith of Chicago has accepted a call from ...ilian Church of Valparaiso, Ind.

The Chicago Daily Tribune.

VOLUME LX.—NO. 255. THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 12, 1901—SIXTEEN PAGES. PRICE TWO CENTS.

NEWS—Summarized and Indexed.

THE WEATHER— THURSDAY, SEPT. 12, 1901.

Showers followed by fair Thursday noon; Friday fair; winds shifting to brisk westerly. Sun rises at 5:36; sets at 6:17. Moon rises at 5:23 a. m.

PRESIDENT M'KINLEY:—

President McKinley's condition is in every way encouraging. His temperature, pulse, and respiration are gradually becoming normal. He is able to take and relish nourishment and is showing a desire to discuss topics of general interest.

Physicians attending President deprecated exaggerated importance attached to removal of particle of foreign substance from wound.

Union League club of Baltimore expelled Senator Wellington for his expressions regarding the President.

Secretary Cortelyou said it was wish of President that no exposition events be abandoned on his account.

Cabinet officers held conference and agreed President could be told public business is not suffering.

Wounded President will remain in Buffalo for some time, as surroundings are beneficial.

President's physicians again emphasize fact that bulletins are absolutely truthful.

Special day of thanksgiving for President's safety approved by Chicago clergy.

ANARCHISTS:—

Chicago police decided that Emma Goldman and other imprisoned Anarchists could not be held unless Buffalo authorities furnished evidence of conspiracy.

Writ of habeas corpus asked by arrested Anarchists made returnable Sept. 19 by Judge Chetlain; no bail allowed.

National Life Underwriters' association recommended making professing anarchy a crime.

Charles G. Norris, at whose house Emma Goldman was arrested, released by police.

Former Attorney General Griggs advocates imprisonment for life for Anarchists.

State of New York is to be prosecutor of Czolgosz.

WASHINGTON:—

Schley court of inquiry meets today at 1 o'clock and organizes. Adjournment then expected to permit of appointment to replace Rear Admiral Howison, who is to be challenged by Admiral Schley. Strict naval etiquette will be enforced.

Colonel Robert L. Meade, forty years in service, who led charge at Tien Tsin, under charges.

Census bureau bulletin shows percentage of negro population is not decreasing.

Governor Schroeder of Guam said natives of island make splendid citizens.

National health statistics show Ohio leads in number of smallpox cases.

DOMESTIC:—

President Shaffer denied being ordered to end steel strike. Hungarians asked benefits and threatened to return to work.

G. A. R. national encampment parade viewed by half a million people; takes five hours in passing.

Thomas Sheperd, after twenty-two years in Indiana prison, married woman who waited for him.

Federal grand jury issued secret indictments in Seventh National Bank affair.

New Russian battleship Retvisan started on builders' trial at Philadelphia.

R. Hall McCormick's yacht Rapidan wrecked off Cape Henlopen.

Joliet steel strikers defied decision regarding ending of strike.

Eastern autos not marred by rain.

FOREIGN:—

French Consul and others reached Island of Cayona from La Hacha and reported that they had left Colombia for safety. Troops reported moving in large numbers.

Will of Empress Frederick gives $750,000 to Count Seckendorf, her former court chamberlain. Morganatic marriage again denied.

Marquis of Anglesey (Henry Cyril Paget) robbed of $140,000 worth of jewels in London hotel.

Prisoner in London told plot to assassinate Colonial Secretary Joseph Chamberlain.

Denmark's willingness to sell West Indies practically confirmed in London.

British Association for the Advancement of Science met in Glasgow.

Czar and Kaiser met on high seas near Hela, off Prussian coast.

Colombian rebels said to have lost three battles.

Czar's visit to Paris still undecided.

TRADE AND INDUSTRY:—

Net earnings of American Smelting and Refining company, including Guggenheim plants, for year ending on April 31, were $6,868,108.

Republic Iron and Steel company's annual report showed shrinkage of $4,600,000 in gross earnings and net profits of only $300,000.

Western Union Telegraph company's quarterly report showed increase of $144,244 in net revenues and $1,005,320 in total surplus.

Property of Chicago, Burlington and Quincy road listed as trackage transferred to real estate and assessed at $1,000,000.

False rumors about McKinley, poor crop report, and unfavorable annual statements depress stock market.

Formal transfer of Mexican International railway to Speyer & Co. made in New York.

Yesterday's Custom-House collections amounted to $31,255.

NEW YORK:—

Kenneth Cauthers, working as errand boy at $3 a week, confessed to forging check for $1,300.

Liner Oceanic struck by huge wave on way to New York and one steerage passenger injured.

William H. Crane, the actor, compelled to abandon rehearsals by injury to his ankle.

Funeral service for Herman Orsian Armour held yesterday at 856 Fifth avenue.

PAGES.

1 Schley Inquiry Opens Today.
Murdered for Fancied Wealth.
Day with Emma Goldman.
Vessel Owner Defies Canadians.
President Continues to Improve.

2 President Indorses Illinois Day.

3 Griggs Favors Life Sentence.
Day of Thanks for McKinley.
Woman Robbed on Crowded Street.
Bishop Fowler Criticises Y. M. C. A.
Boilers Ordered from Under Walks.

4 Marquis Loses $40,000 in Jewels.
Colombian Rebels Beaten.
British Win a Victory.
Czar and Kaiser Meet at Sea.
Royal Favorite Left a Fortune.
Science Men at Glasgow.
Chamberlain an Object of Plot.

5 General New York News.
Warrants Issue in Bank Case.
Chicago Yacht Is Ashore.

6 Egan Wins at Atlantic City.
Midlothian Defeats Riverside.
Remnants Beat Boston—6 to 3.
Auto Racers in Rain-Storm.
Shaw Suspended for Three Days.

7 Bookmakers Defy Harlem Judges.
Lake May Have a Tragedy.
Chicago Gets a Drenching.
Grand Army Men in Line.
Huns Demand Strike Benefits.

8 In the Railroad World.
Insurance Agents Uphold Rates.

9 Marine Colonel to Face Trial.
Convict Weds His Early Love.
Priests Sit in Divorce Case Today.
County Coal Bids Again.
Traction Franchise Tax Test.
Gift of Two Small Parks Declined.

10 In the Commercial Markets.

11 Financial News of the World.
Lake Marine.
Record of the Courts.

12 Editorial.

13 Probable Fate of Sula Island.
Real Estate Affairs.

16 Among the New Books.
Short Story of the Day.
News of the Theaters.
Fantasy Letter.
Society.
Test of Children's Food.

LOCAL:—

Rosa Reber, a 5-year-old Austrian girl, "billed through" to Darlington, Wis., is being cared for at the Harrison Street Station.

Paul Schroeder lassoed by gypsies as he climbed telegraph pole. Arrested by Lieutenant Benfield for malicious mischief.

Michael J. Synon Jr., who testified against his father in former trial for murder, yesterday gave testimony in his favor.

Fisherman reported wreck on Tuesday night and police begin seeking for man and woman supposed to be drowned.

Wedding of Miss Margaret Morton Potter to John D. Black will be on New Year's day at Potter home.

Board of Review released West Division lines of Union Traction company at $1,000,000.

Public Service committee of County board will take up coal contracts for coming year.

Roman Catholic prelates to hear evidence in divorce case of Arthur Gaukler and wife.

Captain Barry on boat Hartford having exciting race with Canadian revenue officers.

Bishop H. C. Fowler of Buffalo doubts value of Y. M. C. A. as religious agency.

Scientists will begin testing effect of various foods on minds of children.

Parents in Oak Park opposed to high school boys joining football team.

South Park board refused gift of land for small parks in Third Ward.

Mayor Harrison orders removal of all boilers under sidewalks.

Nathan Perkins, reputed miser, killed for supposed wealth.

Two inches of rain fell yesterday in Chicago.

SPORTING:—

Holabird and Macdonald of Chicago defeated in amateur golf championship.

Midlothian golfers won championship of City Golf league at Skokie club.

Leopold de Rothschild's Doricles won the St. Leger, with W. C. Whitney's Volodyonaki second, and J. Gibbins' Revenue third.

Cup defender Columbia left Bristol for Newport without cheer or salute from any one.

Harlem race judges defied by bookmakers, who refuse to return money on Edward E.

Rain stopped game between White Sox and Milwaukee clubs.

National league results: Chicago 6, Boston 3; Pittsburg 5, Brooklyn 4; Cincinnati 4, New York 2; Philadelphia 6, St. Louis 2 (six innings).

American league results: Boston 9, Washington 0.

OCEAN STEAMSHIP MOVEMENTS.

Port.	Arrived.	Sailed.
AUCKLAND	Sonoma	
CHERBOURG	Patricia	K. W. der Gr.
CHERBOURG	Deutschland	
GLASGOW	Ethiopia	
HONGKONG	America Maru	
LIVERPOOL		Noordland.
LONDON	Mesaba	
NEW YORK	Oceanic	State of Neb.
NEW YORK	Werra	Philadelphia.
NEW YORK	Lahn	Vaderland.
NEW YORK		Majestic.
NAPLES	Trave	
QUEENSTOWN	Rhyniand	Saxonia.
QUEENSTOWN	Germanic	
ROTTERDAM	Rotterdam	
SOUTHAMPTON	St. Louis	K. W. der Grosse.
YOKOHAMA		Emp. of India.

SCHLEY INQUIRY TO BEGIN TODAY.

Court Will Meet in National Capital at 1 O'clock to Hear Charges in Noted Case.

ALL NOW IN READINESS.

Accused Officer's Challenge of Rear Admiral Howison to Be the Feature of the First Session.

SAMPSON NOT SUMMONED.

Hall Too Small to Hold All Who Would Watch Proceedings—Uniforms Will Make Scene Unusually Brilliant.

FULL DRESS IS TO BE THE RULE.

Washington, D. C., Sept. 11.—[Special.]—The Schley court of inquiry will meet promptly at 1 o'clock tomorrow, will organize, and begin the investigation to determine the points in this famous controversy as set forth in the precept drafted by Judge Advocate Lemly.

The session will begin with military promptness, but it is possible that the court may be forced to adjourn a day or two in order to give the Navy department time to appoint a successor to Rear Admiral Howison, whose eligibility will be challenged personally by Rear Admiral Schley. Delay will be caused if Admiral Dewey and Rear Admiral Benham decide that Howison is ineligible, but if they decide the appeal adversely to Schley there will be no interruption in the proceedings.

Sampson May Yet Be Summoned.

No summons has yet been issued for Rear Admiral Sampson. Although no positive statement on that point is made, it is gathered from the attitude of the government officers that they have no present intention of calling Sampson as a witness, relying for a development of the facts within his knowledge upon other witnesses who were present at the various stages of the campaign and the official records.

This attitude may be changed in the event that Rear Admiral Schley's counsel insist on Rear Admiral Sampson's presence, but the officials will not say what they have decided to do in that case.

The scene in the courtroom will be of a spectacular character, and all the elaborate ceremony prescribed by naval etiquette will be observed. The members of the court, the Judge Advocate General, Rear Admiral Schley, and all of the witnesses will be attired in full dress uniform, and sashes, brass buttons, gilt, and tinsel will be conspicuous features of the inquiry.

Courtroom Is Prepared.

The large room above the gunners' workshop at the navy yard has been equipped with every convenience.

Aside from the gaudy uniforms the scene will be somber, as no attempt at decorating has been made. Suspended from the wall at the rear of the table around which the court will sit is draped an immense American flag, surmounted by an eagle of gilt.

At the south end of the room a railing has been erected within which are the desks for the court, Rear Admiral Schley and his counsel, and Judge Advocate Lemly. The furnishings are severely plain.

Without the railing are long desks built especially for the use of the newspaper men. These surround three sides of the railing. About 800 folding chairs have been placed in position for spectators.

Admission Only by Card.

The space within the room is limited, and admission will be by card only. There is a tremendous demand for these blue cards, and the general public has been able to secure few of them. They have been distributed among friends of the naval officers, and all indications point to a distinguished audience.

So great has been the demand for admission that it became necessary to deny the requests of many newspapers for space for their representatives. It was the intention of some of the papers to have several representatives, including artists, but it was found necessary to restrict each paper to one seat in the hall.

The members of the court will go to the yard tomorrow in plain clothing and thus relieve the commandant of the necessity of ordering an official salute. In the commodious retiring-room they will array themselves in what is known as the naval dress uniform. This is not the "special full dress," but is nearly such.

Light Uniforms After First Day.

After the first day this uniform, which is uncomfortably warm, will give place to the less impressive naval uniform, divested in large part of the heavy gold trimming of the dress suit, and even permitting the wearing of a comfortable blouse.

Admiral Dewey will sit at the center of a table placed crosswise of the courtroom, with Rear Admiral Benham on his right and Rear Admiral Howison on his left.

The Judge Advocate, Captain Lemly, with Solicitor E. P. Hanna, his associate in the case, will occupy the right end of the table. A place has been reserved for Mr. Stayton of New York, representing certain naval officers, including Rear Admiral Sampson.

The Judge Advocate, Captain Lemly, will, addressing himself to the court, read the precept. The next step will be the recognition of counsel, and as Rear Admiral Schley's counsel, having been duly admitted, Captain Lemly will introduce Mr. Hulse as stenographer.

Schley to Challenge Howison.

Then Rear Admiral Schley will challenge the competency of Rear Admiral Howison as a member of the court. His counsel will reiterate the charge as to the question of opinion adverse to Schley by Howison, as set out in the letter to Acting Secretary Hackett, and it will be the object of the counsel to support this statement by affidavit and perhaps by oral testimony.

It is for the court to say whether such testimony will be admitted, and the expectation is that an hour or two will be consumed in argument by counsel directed to the two members of the court whose competency is not questioned. Then these two members will retire and determine the competency of Rear Admiral Howison.

KILLS TO ROB A DREAMER.

SLAYER OF NATHAN PERKINS GETS LITTLE FOR THE CRIME.

Aged Man Who Imagined That He Had Wealth Struck Down with a Horseshoe He Had Cherished as a Talisman—Thief Escapes with $100 and Some Worthless Mining Stocks Belonging to the Eccentric Victim—Police Have a Clew.

A rusty horseshoe which he had cherished as a talisman of good luck was one of the implements with which Nathan Perkins, 74 years old, was beaten to death some time on Tuesday night by a robber who sought wealth that the aged man did not possess.

Perkins, whose mind was feeble, fancied that he had a fortune, and often displayed $100 or more in bills as an evidence of his riches. The slayer secured this money, which was all Perkins had.

Perkins was found dead yesterday morning in the rear room of Maurice F. Lynch's plumbing shop at 4732 State street. The rusty horseshoe, which he had fastened above his couch, and a hammer were the instruments with which the murderous robber had killed him.

The murderer escaped with not more than $125. He washed the blood of his victim from his hands in a basin that stood not more than fifteen feet away from the body, then walked out of the dingy shop, leaving the door with the keys on the inside as proof that the old man had admitted his assailant to the place.

Late last night the police were given a meager description of a man who was known to have visited Perkins on Tuesday evening. They hope to connect him with a woman's ring bearing the initials L. J. to L. T. which was found near the murdered man.

Believed He Was Rich.

Perkins, in his belief that he was wealthy, carried a pocketful of mining stocks on which he said he expected to realise $30,000 within the coming week. He always had some $100 in his pocket, which he displayed with little provocation and considerable pride. The mining stocks were worthless, but this was unknown to the robber who slew him. The stocks were taken along with the cash, and the police hope they may lead to the arrest of the slayer.

Captain Madden, who is in charge of the investigation being made by the police of the Fiftieth Street Station, is confident that the old man's weakness for displaying his money and his visionary ideas on the subject of his wealth were responsible for the assault which caused his death. The Captain believes that if the murderer is captured it will be found that he was familiar with the old man's habits.

For more than ten years Perkins had tended shop for Mr. Lynch. He was methodical, and received $3 a week for his services. He lived on 10 cents a day. A moth-eaten and dilapidated couch served as his bed in the rear of the shop, while a comfortable room was at his disposal at the residence of his son, P. C. Perkins, who resides in Englewood. He preferred the life he led because he was independent, he said, and refused to accept any other.

Around Forty-seventh and State streets the old man was recognised as an eccentric yet lovable character. The children called him "Polly" Perkins, because he would sing them a song that suggested the nickname. He was welcomed in the residences of many of the neighbors, who always had a cup of coffee or a glass of milk ready for him. His friends realized that the old man was deluded when he talked of his wealth, and no one ever thought that his visions would invite an attack by a robber.

Discover the Murder.

Edward Quinn, who is employed by Plumber Lynch, reported at the shop for work at 8 o'clock yesterday morning, and was surprised to see the shades of the windows still down. He tried the door, and was again surprised to find that it opened. As he stepped inside he noticed that the keys were in the door and that a board which had served as a brace beneath the latch was standing at the side of the doorway.

While Quinn was wondering Lynch arrived, and his first question was:

"What's the matter? Why are the blinds down?"

"I'm afraid something's wrong," Quinn replied, peering into the darkness that shrouded the rear of the shop. "Maybe the old man's sick."

The two men walked toward the rear of the shop, Lynch striking a match as they entered the room. They found Perkins fully dressed lying by the side of his rude pallet. His forehead showed no less than seven distinct wounds, while a deep gash marked his right temple. His hands were crossed upon his breast, and by his side were the horseshoe and hammer, both stained with blood.

Three Arrests Made.

Lynch notified the police, and Captain Madden sent out a detail of detectives to search the neighborhood for suspicious characters. In the afternoon three young men were taken out of a flat across the street by the police. They were so intoxicated that when locked up at the police station they fell asleep.

The arrest of the young men was due to the statements of several persons who had said that three men, who were strangers in the vicinity, had been seen the night before standing in front of the plumber's shop.

Deputy Coroner Buckley secured a jury for an inquest during the afternoon, but at the request of Captain Madden delayed the investigation for a week. By that time the police hope to have found some evidence that will lead to the arrest of the murderer or murderers.

Once Prospered as a Merchant.

Nathan Perkins was born in Bridgewater, Mass., and came to Chicago during the '60s. He was a prosperous clothing merchant previous to the fire of 1871, when he lost everything. Shortly after the fire his wife died. His two sons, F. C. and William, tried for years to induce their father to live with them, but he steadfastly refused their offers.

F. C. Perkins is secretary of the Keating, Smyth and Southard Manufacturing company. William Perkins is a telegraph operator. Both contributed to the old man's support with money, which he hoarded.

A letter written some years ago by F. C. Perkins to F. L. Langridge & Co. gives an idea of the old man's eccentricity. The letter in part is as follows:

"My father says he wishes to sleep in the rear of your office and take his meals at a nearby restaurant. He tells me that he is doing janitor and office boy work for you. If his services are of any value to your firm I wish you to pay him for the same. At the same time I do not wish him in any way to impose on you. He is not a subject for charity, as I am able and willing to provide a comfortable home for him, but he seems to prefer to live like an Indian. The rubbish he has stored on your premises is of no value, but it is what is keeping him in that neighborhood. He is 'cracked' on the subject of supposed wealth in the way of various 'wildcat' mining stocks."

In the room where Perkins was killed are seven trunks filled with wearing apparel that was packed away at the time of Mrs. Perkins' death. The trunks were never opened by the old man during the years that he slept in the shop.

"UP TO BUFFALO," SAY THE POLICE.

Chicago Officials Declare Eastern Men Must Show Proof of an Anarchistic Conspiracy.

CASE SET FOR TOMORROW

Chief Bull of Exposition City Asks Extradition of Goldman; Hints at Indictment.

LOCAL CLEWS RUN OUT.

"It is now up to the Buffalo police to furnish evidence linking Emma Goldman and the nine other Anarchists under arrest in Chicago with Leon F. Czolgosz and the attempted assassination of President McKinley."

Chicago's police authorities served the foregoing notice on Chief of Police Bull of Buffalo last night, and settled down to await developments in the East.

Unless the Buffalo officials act quickly Emma Goldman may be released on bail, and the other prisoners may find the same relief. Emma Goldman was arraigned twice yesterday in the police court at Harrison Street Station. The first time her case was called her hearing on the charge of conspiracy to murder the President of the United States was continued until Sept. 10. The second time she was refused bail.

Tomorrow will bring the decision as to whether this woman and her followers shall be released. Over the police officials is hanging the writ of habeas corpus issued during the morning by Judge Chetlain in reference to Abraham Isaak Sr. and his companions now held in the County Jail. It is returnable tomorrow morning. If evidence clinching the charge of conspiracy against these nine men is not at hand Judge Chetlain intimates that they will be given their liberty on bail.

Whatever Judge Chetlain may do with the men will also be the fate of Emma Goldman.

"If Judge Chetlain allows bail in the other cases I shall call Miss Goldman at once and allow her release on bail," was the statement made by Justice Prindiville during the afternoon in remanding the woman without bail.

Peremptory Message to Buffalo.

It is this condition of affairs which brought determined action by the police last night. A peremptory message was sent to Chief Bull of Buffalo by Chief of Police O'Neill. Its substance was:

"Habeas corpus writ issued. Result will affect Emma Goldman. You must prove your case. Send extradition papers and messenger for Goldman and others or send evidence. You have until Friday. Answer, yes or no, whether you have evidence that will hold all."

The local authorities have gone to the end of their lines. They have under arrest or surveillance every Anarchist whose apprehension was asked by the police of Buffalo.

That the demands have spurred Chief Bull to action was affirmed last night. Steps have been taken to ask the extradition of Emma Goldman to Buffalo. It was practically admitted that she had been indicted by the grand jury there.

Chief Bull Hints Indictment.

To THE TRIBUNE correspondent at Buffalo Chief Bull said:

"I have asked the Chicago police to hold the woman pending the arrival of extradition papers. The usual and necessary steps for the preparation of those papers are now being taken. They will be prepared here first and then sent to Albany for the signature of Governor Odell. A special messenger will carry them to Springfield to be submitted to the Illinois State officials. If the papers are approved they will be rushed at once to Chicago and served in the usual way.

Chief Bull then admitted, as the Chicago officials have believed, that the strongest evidence of conspiracy has not been made public.

"We have not yet attempted to specify all the evidence in our possession," he continued. "If an effort is made to overrule extradition we will then submit the evidence in our possession. This evidence, we believe, will be ample to secure the removal of the prisoners to the State of New York."

"Has Emma Goldman been indicted?" was asked by THE TRIBUNE correspondent.

"It would not be proper for me to say whether or not Emma Goldman has or has not been indicted by the grand jury here in Buffalo," replied Chief Bull. "That is a usual step prior to extradition, however," he added with significant emphasis.

The desired evidence may be received this morning. Chief of Detectives Colleran received this telegram from Chief Bull during the afternoon:

"In answer to your wire to hurry requisition papers, see my letter just mailed."

This letter should be here this morning.

Busy with Miss Goldman.

Police attention was centered on Miss Goldman during the day. Clew after clew was received and run down in the effort to prove that she was in Chicago after July 12; that she had met those now involved in the alleged conspiracy; had even met the would-be assassin of the President here during August and here mapped out the plan of attack. One by one these clews came to naught. At the Harrison Street Police Station Annex the woman held to her repeated assertion that she had not been in Chicago between July 12 and Sept. 8, and had not seen Czolgosz since the former date.

One man, a South Water street commission merchant, visited the Chief's office, and asserted that the woman had been here on Aug. 16; that he had seen her at the Old Vienna summer garden. Then he went to the Harrison Street Station to see the prisoner.

"It's the same woman," he insisted. The Chief doubted. He dismissed the matter last night.

"From all the information that I have obtained—from information gathered from sources that have proved absolutely reliable," said he, "I am now convinced that Emma Goldman was not in Chicago during the month of August."

Had the proof to the contrary been found, this was the lever which the police had depended upon to break down the prisoner's entire story as to her whereabouts since the middle of July.

Miss Goldman took her failure to obtain trial or release on bail calmly.

"I expected as much," said she. "It was the inevitable. I am in no hurry to leave,"

(Continued on second page.)

BARRY DEFIES A CUTTER.

CHICAGO BOAT PURSUED BY CANADIAN REVENUE CRAFT.

Captain Barry, on Board an Old Army Transport, Refuses to Pay $500 for Damages to Welland Canal Bridge—Cuts Loose His Craft and Points for Home, While Dominion Steamer Snorts and Whistles—May Be Caught in Detroit River.

With the nose of his steamer, Hartford, pointed toward the friendly port of Chicago, and defying the revenue cutters and customs officials of the whole Canadian government, Miles E. Barry, who used to be a North Side Alderman, is racing across Lake Erie, bound for home.

If Barry gets through the Canadian waters of the Detroit River without being caught the Canadian government will lose $500. If he rams into the obstacle he is trying to avoid the $500 will come out of his pocket or the Hartford will not scrape its sides against a Chicago dock.

Captain Barry set himself up in open defiance to royal orders yesterday when he refused to pay a bill for $500 damage done by his steamer, Hartford, to a railroad bridge on the Welland Canal.

Captain Barry bought the Hartford in New York from the War department a short time ago, and was passing through the canal from Lake Ontario to Lake Erie when his troubles began. The real conflict between the Captain and the Canadian officials was precipitated at Port Colborne when an order came to hold the steamer for damages to the bridge.

Refuses to Pay the Bill.

The Hartford was out of the canal and at the pier in Port Colborne when the order was received. Straightway the customs officials rushed to Captain Barry, with a modest request for the payment of $500. But the Captain couldn't see it and refused to settle. Then the Canadians came at him with demands, but instead of going into his pockets the defiant mariner cut the lines that held his ship and it steamed away, while the revenue cutter Petrel snorted and chugged about its bow.

Captain Barry left the port. He also left the unpaid bill and a corps of surprised and indignant Canadian officials. They fumed and threatened and the Petrel whistled and snorted, but Captain Barry slid out into Lake Erie and pointed the nose of his boat toward Chicago.

Danger in Detroit River.

There is one chance for the Canadian government to "get even" with the defiant Captain, and that is when he attempts to pass through the Detroit River. The only navigable channel there is under Canadian jurisdiction, and he may run into a revenue cutter that will block his progress into United States waters.

The boat is due to arrive at Amherstburg, Ont., some time today, and it is considered altogether likely there will then be an issue of $500 between Captain Barry and the Canadian government. However, no defied orders of his Majesty's officials for a whole day.

Sympathize with Barry.

The action of Captain Barry in running away from the authorities at Port Colborne has caused much comment in marine circles here, and few would be sorry to see him outwit the Canadians. Marine men say that the bills for repairs in the Welland Canal are always excessive, but this is the first time an American vessel has succeeded in getting away without settling them. Ships generally are tied up before they leave the canal, and there is no getting away.

"If the Canadian government had the right to seize the Hartford at Port Colborne," said C. E. Kremer, the admiralty lawyer, "then it will have the right to seize the boat whenever it can be found in Canadian waters. With the right to seize goes the right to use force, and if the Hartford should disobey the orders of the Canadian revenue cutter in Canadian waters the cutter might bring the Hartford to time by sending a shot through it. I hardly think it is likely affairs will go to that length, but I presume they would if Captain Barry kept on his way after being ordered to stop."

New Name for Steamer.

The Hartford formerly was the United States transport Terry, and is now on its way to Chicago from New York. While in the St. Lawrence, at Quebec, one of the boilers gave way, and the boat was delayed several weeks at Montreal for repairs. Captain Barry went to that place to superintend the repairs, and is making the trip to Chicago on the vessel. Officially, the Hartford is the steamer Charles H. Hackley, permission having been granted for the change of name while the vessel was still in the St. Lawrence. The new name is in honor of the Muskegon philanthropist and millionaire. It will not be known by the new name, however, until its arrival at the home port.

GIRL ASKS DR. HARPER TO MEET HER AT THE TRAIN.

Prospective Student Seises on the University President as Her Escort, but Will Be Greeted by a Substitute.

President Harper of the University of Chicago is receiving many letters from prospective students who seem to imagine that he is the whole clerical force of the Midway school, but it remained for a young woman of Pecatonica, Ill., to seize on him as her escort from the depot when she reaches the city. The girl is ingenuous even to the admission that she is good looking. Here is her letter, minus the signature:

"Dear Dr. Harper: I know you will be pleased to learn that I have decided to attend the university School of Education this fall. I am going to Chicago next Saturday on the mroning train, and as I have never been in the city before I would be glad if you would meet me at the depot.

"I am 5 feet 4 inches tall, have light hair and eyes and a pleasing appearance. I shall wear a dark brown traveling skirt and a blue waist with a white yoke. I think I shall know you from your pictures, but for fear I make a mistake will you please wear your card in your hat?"

It was said at the university that some one—not President Harper—would be sent to the train.

WORKING FOR PONTOON BRIDGE.

Ald. Duddleston Urges Drainage Board to Provide One at Randolph Street.

Business men who are petitioning the Drainage Board for a temporary bridge across the river at Randolph street during the erection of the new bascule structure have found a champion in Alderman Duddleston. At the meeting of the sanitary trustees yesterday the Alderman appeared and stated that he had made arrangements with the owners of property for the use of docks for a pontoon bridge. The members of the board expressed themselves in favor of the plan, especially as the question of maintenance expenses was eliminated, and the Engineering department will investigate

M'KINLEY GAINS WITH EACH HOUR

Physicians Elated at Result of Night Consultation Over the Wounded President.

PATIENT IN A NEW BED.

Food Remains on the Stomach, and There Seems Little Danger of Relapse or Any Complication.

CABINET MEMBERS CONFER.

Division of Duties of Government Is Arranged, to Continue Until Executive Is Able to Resume Work.

STATE TO TRY THE PRISONER.

[BY A STAFF CORRESPONDENT.]

Buffalo, N. Y., Sept. 11.—[Special.]—President McKinley continues to show remarkable recuperative powers and thus far there has not been the slightest unfavorable symptom. If he were an ordinary man he would be pronounced cured by the surgeons, but subject, of course, to the usual supervision of a family physician.

This is the condition of President McKinley tonight, five days after the shooting. His temperature has been reduced until it is far below the danger line and his general physical condition is such that he needs little attention except the care of his family physician, Dr. Rixey, and the trained nurses who are in attendance.

Night Consultation Cheering.

The night consultation of the physicians furnished, in some respects, the most reassuring news which has yet come from the sickroom. A microscopic count of the blood had been made during the day by Dr. Wasdin. At the evening conference the result was submitted and found to be perfectly satisfactory. There had been no abnormal increase of white corpuscles such as would have existed had blood poisoning set in, and the doctors had the satisfaction of announcing officially that the count of the blood corroborated the clinical evidence of the absence of any blood poisoning.

President Placed in New Bed.

The President was bathed and given refreshment while all the doctors were present and afterwards was placed in his new bed.

The members of the Cabinet were all below stairs while the consultation was in progress and remained until after the bulletin was prepared and issued. They were so elated over the improvement in the President's condition and the absence of any unfavorable symptoms that Secretary Root announced that he felt free to depart and that he had decided to go to New York tomorrow.

The surgeons have nothing to do now except to watch for unusual conditions. They say the public should be on its guard against rumors as to sudden changes in the President's condition.

Indications of Relapse May Come.

It is more than probable that within the next few days the President will have restless hours and his temperature may increase slightly. There may even be strong indications of a serious relapse. The physicians in attendance are anxious that the people should understand this fact, so that they may not interpret these inevitable setbacks as something dangerous.

President McKinley at the present time is in splendid physical condition, in spite of his wounds, and he has entirely recovered from the shock incident to the operation. He is, therefore, in a position to resist and overcome ordinary difficulties, which might not be the case

tion, which was set for next Monday.

Secretary Cortelyou told them it was the Presidents own desire that none of the features of the exposition should be disturbed by his illness, and assured them that there would not be the slightest impropriety in going ahead with the arrangements.

Must Not Hurry Home.

There is no intention of hurrying Mr. McKinley away from Buffalo. This city is much cooler than either Canton or Washington, and the home of the President of the Buffalo Exposition is a first-class modern residence, admirably equipped for taking care of the patient. It is in a residence part of town, and by utilising the police and the infantry has been and will be completely isolated.

If Mr. McKinley could be moved tomorrow the physicians would not urge it, because they believe that either in Canton or Washington he would be subjected to the over-friendly calls of old friends, or to the even more dangerous visits of injudicious officials and of officeseekers. If the advice of the surgeons is followed the President will remain in Buffalo for a considerable length of time after he has actually been pronounced able to get about. They say the President will be much weaker after he has been in bed two or three weeks than he is now, and the danger of an accident then may be fully as great as that of a relapse now.

Much Danger Still Remains.

The physicians say that Mr. McKinley cannot be pronounced out of danger at the present time. All the outward indications favor his rapid recovery, but a pus cavity may yet be developed which will require instant attention, and there is still a possibility that the bullet in the back will have to be extracted. The chances all are, however, that President McKinley will carry the bullet with him as long as he lives, and there is as yet not the slightest indication of the formation of any pus channel like that which finally cost the life of President Garfield. On the contrary, President McKinley has continued to take beef tea with complete success, the liver, kidneys, and bowels performing their functions in a perfectly normal fashion. In fact, the President has developed the usual convalescent appetite, and is hungry all the time.

The President asked today if there was any important news of which he should know, but all inquiries on public matters are discouraged.

Cabinet Officers Confer.

There was an informal but important conference of the members of the Cabinet still in Buffalo during the afternoon. It was attended by Secretary Hay, Secretary Root, Postmaster General Smith, Secretary Hitchcock, and Secretary Wilson. The absentees were Secretary Long, who has not come here at all, because of the dangerous illness of his daughter; Attorney General Knox, who is in Washington looking after the legal side of the case, and Secretary Gage, who returned to the Treasury department, partly to help out the Wall street speculators, but chiefly to supervise the active operations of the secret service bureau.

The Cabinet officers had a business discussion regarding various matters coming up in the different departments, and it was decided that during the serious illness of the President every matter of public business should be transacted by each head of a department, leaving open only such matters as actually require the signature of the President. The object of this is to clear up the public business, so that the President can be assured that the interests of the people are not being neglected because of his enforced idleness.

Public Business Not to Suffer.

The plan is to be able to tell the President honestly that the government is getting along well without him, for previous experience has shown that if the President once becomes convinced that public interests are suffering, nothing short of actual prostration will keep him away from his desk.

The important topic before the Cabinet concerns the attitude of the government toward Czolgosz. The evidence, or rather the lack of evidence, of an Anarchist plot was considered in all its phases. There was also a discussion of the question of jurisdiction, not only over the prisoner, but of Emma Goldman and others who may become implicated.

Before he went away to Washington Attorney General Knox gave a preliminary opinion to the effect that the jurisdiction in the case of Czolgosz was undoubtedly with the State and not with the federal government. The constitution, he said, clearly reserved to the State the right to try citizens for all ordinary crimes. The federal government would have a right to pass a statute law providing for a special punishment for attack upon the President or any other federal officer, just as it has a right to render a member of Congress in the performance of his duty free from arrest for debt, although that would be a civil suit clearly within the power of the State.

New York to Prosecute Czolgosz.

The conclusion of the Cabinet today was to accept the preliminary opinion of the Attorney General as binding, at least for the time being. It was, therefore, decided that the government of the United States will, for the present, take the ground that the punishment of Czolgosz rests exclusively with the State of New York, the federal government having no responsibility in the matter.

Having decided that the attempted assassination can be punished only by the State, it naturally follows that those who incited Czolgosz can be tried only in the same way, and the Cabinet members, at their informal meeting today, took this view of the situation. There was an informal expression of opinion also to the effect that, up to the present time, the evidence tending to incriminate Emma Goldman or any one else was rather slight.

The Cabinet members also came to the conclusion that the government will have to be content with the comparatively light punishment of the assassin under the laws of the State of New York.

As one Cabinet officer expressed it today: "If the matter were to be pressed at the present time, while public sentiment is so strong against Czolgosz, Emma Goldman, or almost anybody else could be punished with the extreme penalty without much difficulty. We have been forced to look to the future, however. If the laws are inadequate we must accept them as such and turn our attention to making better laws for future emergency.

Cannot Go Beyond the Law.

"It would not redound to our credit as a country if we should punish this man or his associates in any way outside of the law, and I feel certain President McKinley himself would be the last to protest the legal rights of the assassin as he was to guard his life last Friday afternoon.

"So far as the federal government is concerned, therefore, we have practically decided to leave the matter entirely to the regularly constituted authorities of New York. The statutes, which have been cited by Solicitor General Richards, may possibly cover the case, but at the meeting today the point seemed rather far-fetched."

Following out this decision by the President's official family Chief Bull took the necessary steps to secure the prosecution not only of Czolgosz, but of Emma Goldman and other Anarchists by the State of New York. He telegraphed to Chief of Police O'Neill in Chicago to hold Emma Goldman pending the arrival of a warrant for extradition.

The grand jury of this county is now in session, and the first step toward securing possession of Emma Goldman was taken today when the grand jury was asked to indict her for having incited Czolgosz to attempt to take the life of William McKinley, President of the United States.

NIGHT REPORT IS CHEERING.

Physicians Elated Over Result of Latest Conference—Blood Found in Good Condition.

Buffalo, N. Y., Sept. 11.—At the conclusion of the night conference the doctors gave another extremely gratifying report of their patient's progress.

The physicians did not begin to leave the Milburn residence until nearly 11 o'clock. The reports which they had to communicate could hardly have been more gratifying than they were. Dr. Wasdin and Dr. Mynter came out together. The latter was hemmed in on all sides by the eager newspaper men.

"Good news! Good news!" he cried. "Nothing but good news.

"We have washed and fed the President and moved him to another bed."

"Is he still improving?" was asked.

"He is, and to prove it I desire to say that a count of his blood shows that it is in a normal condition, and we feel that we can announce definitely that there is not the least indication of blood-poisoning."

Count of Blood Satisfactory.

Dr. Mynter referred inquirers to Dr. Wasdin of the Marine Hospital service, who was standing at his side, for a scientific interpretation. The latter explained that a count of the blood was a microscopic examination of the relative number of white and red corpuscles in the blood to determine whether inflammation of any sort existed. An increase of white corpuscles, relatively speaking, would show inflammation and deterioration of the blood that might indicate peritonitis.

He said that this morning a few drops of blood were taken from the lobe of the ear and microscopically counted under his direction. "We found," he said, "that the number of white corpuscles was just about normal, while the red cells were slightly below normal, due to insufficient nutrition since the operation."

"The count was not made," continued Dr. Wasdin, "to verify the fact that blood poisoning did not exist, of which we felt certain, but to remove every shade of doubt. The result is that we feel safe in announcing that not a trace of blood poisoning, peritonitis, or inflammation exists. The test could not have been more satisfactory."

"Is the President out of danger?"

"No; I would not say that. He is a very sick man, but his condition under the circumstances could not be better. That much I will say emphatically."

"Was any trace of pus found in the exterior wound?"

"Not a particle. Pus means the existence of an abscess, and there is not a suggestion of pus about the President's body."

The bulletin which followed on the heels of Dr. Wasdin's statement officially confirmed what he had said.

Dr. McBurney remained in the house a while longer than the other physicians, leaving shortly after 11 o'clock. He confirmed the statements made in the bulletin to the effect that the examination of the President's blood showed no evidence of blood poisoning; nor, he added, did it show any signs of peritonitis. While the examination of blood was not made to determine the latter fact, yet it would unmistakably have shown it had there been peritonitis. The examination was simply a way of testing the condition of the President's blood.

How Takes Much Nourishment.

Dr. McBurney laid particular stress on the fact that the President is able to take a great deal of nourishment, which was an important factor in the treatment of his case. It was this one thing needed to strengthen and build him up after the ordeal which has so weakened him. He is now taking about an ounce of beef juice every hour, and so far the stomach has not rejected any of it.

The wound, which it was found necessary to redress last night, is progressing satisfactorily and Dr. McBurney said it had improved considerably.

The doctor apparently felt much elated over the progress the President is making toward recovery, and in response to an inquiry as to whether he believed Mr. McKinley would recover smilingly replied, "O, yes."

The doctor will remain over night and attend the consultations of the physicians tomorrow. The time of his departure has not been definitely determined.

Dr. Mann Does Not Attend.

Dr. Mann, who has attended every consultation of the physicians, was not present tonight, feeling that his attendance was unnecessary.

Dr. Park also expressed his satisfaction at the condition shown by the President and at the manner in which his system was responding to treatment.

All the members of the Cabinet now in the city, including Secretaries Root, Wilson, Hitchcock, and Postmaster General Smith, were again at the Milburn mansion tonight and remained until after the consultation of the physicians was concluded. They are highly elated over the favorable developments in the President's case, and Secretary Root is so sanguine of the future that he has determined to leave the city tomorrow. He will take the 1 o'clock train for New York City.

WARY SEA DOG DODGING CANADIAN OFFICIALS.

Captain Barry, en route to Chicago on an old army transport renamed the Hartford, refused to pay $500 for damages done by his vessel to a Welland Canal bridge, and is pursued by a Canadian revenue cutter.

OFFICIAL BULLETINS ON PRESIDENT'S CONDITION.

	Temperature.	Pulse.
8:00 a. m. (Wednesday)	100.2	120
9:00 a. m. (Wednesday)	100.2	116
3:30 p. m. (Wednesday)	100.2	120
10 p. m. (Wednesday)	100.4	120

THURSDAY.

8:30 a. m.—Everything is quiet at the Milburn house. The lights are turned low and all except the President's attendants seem to have retired. Every one who left the house since the night consultation has spoken with enthusiasm of Mr. McKinley's condition. It was reported that the President was resting well.

WEDNESDAY.

6 a. m.—The President has passed a comfortable night. Pulse, 120; temperature, 100.2; respiration, 26.

P. M. RIXEY,
EUGENE WASDIN,
GEORGE B. CORTELYOU,
Secretary to the President.

9 a. m.—The President rested comfortably during the night. Decided benefit has followed the dressing of the wound made last night. His stomach tolerates the beef juice well and it is taken with great satisfaction. His condition this morning is excellent. Pulse, 116; temperature, 100.2.

P. M. RIXEY,
M. D. MANN,
ROSWELL PARK,
HERMAN MYNTER,
EUGENE WASDIN,
CHARLES M'BURNEY,
GEORGE B. CORTELYOU,
Secretary to the President.

3:30 p. m.—The President continues to gain and the wound is becoming more healthy. The nourishment taken into the stomach is being gradually increased. Pulse, 120; temperature, 100.2.

P. M. RIXEY,
M. D. MANN,
ROSWELL PARK,
HERMAN MYNTER,
EUGENE WASDIN,
CHARLES M'BURNEY,
GEORGE B. CORTELYOU,
Secretary to the President.

10 p. m.—The President's condition continues favorable. Blood count corroborates clinical evidence of absence of any blood poisoning. He is able to take more nourishment and relish it. Pulse, 120; temperature, 100.4.

P. M. RIXEY,
M. D. MANN,
ROSWELL PARK,
HERMAN MYNTER,
EUGENE WASDIN,
CHARLES M'BURNEY,
GEORGE B. CORTELYOU,
Secretary to the President.

FUND FOR PARKER IS GROWING.

Vicksburg, Miss., Board of Trade Joins Movement for Testimonial to Buffalo Negro.

Vicksburg, Miss., Sept. 11.—The Board of Trade, through resolutions adopted today, inaugurated a movement with the object of presenting a suitable testimonial to James B. Parker, the negro who had a hand in overpowering the would-be assassin of the President. The resolutions were approved by all classes of citizens and all the banks in the city have agreed to serve as depositories of the funds.

POST EXPELS "GLAD" VETERAN.

Stoughton, Wis., Council Revokes City Contract with Man Said to Be a Czolgosz Admirer.

Madison, Wis., Sept. 11.—Sam Kirby of Stoughton, a Grand Army veteran, was expelled from the post for having, it is alleged, remarked that "He would like to see the fellow who attempted to assassinate President McKinley and give him a quarter." The Common Council of Stoughton also revoked Kirby's contract for street sprinkling.

MANY RULERS OFFER SYMPATHY

Cable Messages from Heads of Nations Denounce the Attack Upon President McKinley.

Washington, D. C., Sept. 11.—A number of messages of condolence which had been sent direct to Buffalo were received at the State department today from there. They included the following:

TEHERAN, Sept. 11.—His Excellency, Mr. McKinley, President of the Republic, Washington, D. C.: I am happy to congratulate the President on his escape from the awful and ignominious attempt aimed at his person. I pray God and make the most sincere wishes for his early recovery, and shall further be glad to receive reassuring advices from him.

MUZAFFER ED DIN,
The Shah of Persia.

YILDIZ, Sept. 7.—I have just learned that your Excellency has been the victim of an accident. Expressing my most sincere regrets, I cherish strong wishes for his speedy recovery.

ABDUL HAMID, Sultan of Turkey.

RACCONIGI, Sept. 7.—The vile attack committed against you has painfully moved me. Italy joins with me in deploring the event and in hoping for the First Magistrate of the great North American republic a speedy and safe recovery.

VITTORIO EMMANUEL, King of Italy.

LIMA, Sept. 7.—I hasten to express my profound regret for the abominable crime perpetrated on the person of your Excellency, and I form fervent votes for the prompt recovery of your health.

PRESIDENT ROMANA, President of Peru.

QUITO, Sept. 9.—People and government of Ecuador deplore attempt against your Excellency and pray for speedy recovery.

PRESIDENT PLAZA.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

LONDON, Sept. 11.—The following dispatch was received at the American Embassy, here this evening:

"I am delighted to hear your last most satisfactory account of your President. I sincerely trust that his convalescence may soon be completed.

"EDWARD, R."

"UP TO BUFFALO," SAY THE POLICE.

Chicago Officials Declare Proof of Anarchist Plot Must Come from There.

CASE SET FOR TOMORROW.

Extradition of Emma Goldman to Be Asked; Hints of an Indictment.

LOCAL CLEWS RUN OUT.

(Continued from first page.)

glancing about the annex. "I am well treated here. Why should I go out in the rain?"

Her first defeat in the police court came during the morning. She was almost swallowed up by the crowd about the prisoner's dock.

"Are you ready?" Justice Prindiville inquired.

"We are," answered Assistant City Prosecutor Owens for the prosecution.

"I would ask that you wait until my attorney arrives," asked Miss Goldman, all composure, her eyeglasses sitting firmly on her nose. There was a delay of almost a half hour. Then the case again was called.

"My attorney has not yet arrived, but that need not delay matters," she said. "I will defend myself. I ask an immediate hearing. This is a trumped-up charge. I demand that I be arraigned now."

Mr. Owens objected.

"We want this woman held until Sept. 19," he said. "At that time the other Anarchists will be arraigned. We are waiting for instructions from Buffalo. We expect to show that Miss Goldman conspired to kill the President of the United States. If he dies we can show that she is a principal to the crime. This charge is too important for hurry."

"I demand an immediate hearing," interrupted the little woman, thrusting her hat-pin through her hat again and again.

"I shall continue the case until Sept. 19," said Justice Prindiville.

"I insist that I be admitted to bail," cried Miss Goldman as the crowd began to break.

"Object," shouted Mr. Owens.

Question of Bail Taken Up.

This is why she was arraigned again at 5 o'clock in the afternoon, Justice Prindiville putting this bail problem over until that hour.

A half-hour before this second hearing she first met her attorney, Leopold Saltiel. Attorneys Charles Turner Brown and John F. Geeting joined the two and added their arguments for release. They asserted later that they were prepared to furnish bail as high as $15,000.

Assistant City Prosecutor Owens insisted that bail be not allowed, pointing out that the habeas corpus proceedings pending before Judge Chetlain certainly would affect Miss Goldman's case.

"I ask that Emma Goldman be remanded without bail the same as the other Anarchists now held," he concluded.

Says Owens Distorts Facts.

Attorney Saltiel charged Owens with distorting statements made by Judge Chetlain. He and Attorneys Brown and Geeting contended that proof of the charges made must be shown or the woman admitted to bail.

"When a person is brought into court," shouted Mr. Brown, "even on a capital charge, he is bailable unless the proof is evident and the presumption great. No person can be held on the opinion or unfounded statement of any person. The facts must be stated in the complaint. The warrant should have recited the facts."

Then Attorney Geeting got to the front. He relied on the constitution.

"There is a section of the constitution," he asserted with many gestures, "that asserts that all persons shall be admitted to bail on ample surety except in capital cases where the proof is evident and the presumption great. If this is not observed the court registers a denial of the right of the government to declare laws to protect the rights of a citizen."

Justice Prindiville Decides.

Justice Prindiville's decision was brief.

"While this morning I was inclined to believe that the defendant might be admitted to bail, considering the condition that the President is now in," said he, "yet at that time I did not know there was a proceeding pending in the higher courts. Miss Goldman, though her name does not appear in the habeas corpus petition, was charged jointly with the others. She is a party to the suit, though not to the petition. I do not feel that I should take any action which would be contrary to the decision of the upper court, or which would prejudice the case now pending. I will remand this defendant until the other case is settled. If Judge Chetlain admits the others to bail I will immediately send for Miss Goldman and admit her to bail the same as the upper court. I will remand her until decision is heard."

Habeas Corpus Tomorrow.

Tomorrow Judge Chetlain will hear arguments on the habeas corpus writ and decide whether the nine men now in the County Jail shall be admitted to bail. Then the case against the alleged conspirators will have to be presented. Those whose temporary liberty at least is in the balance are Abraham Isaak Sr., Abraham Isaak Jr., Alfred Schneider, Clement Pfeutzner, Hippolyte Havel, Henry Travaglio, Michael Ros, Martin Raznik, and Morris J. Fox. During the morning some difficulty was encountered by Attorneys Saltiel and Brown in getting the signatures of the men to the writs to be presented to the court.

Abraham Isaak, acting as spokesman for the group, declared that they did not desire liberty secured by a legal quibble or technicality and desired a full public hearing of the charges. The assurance that persistence in their determination would mean confinement until the date of their trial caused a reconsideration of their attitude and the signatures of the nine men were affixed to the documents.

Shortly after noon Judge Chetlain signified his readiness to hear the petition of Attorney Saltiel. The city was represented by Prosecuting Attorney Howard A. Taylor and Assistant John E. Owens, while Mr. Saltiel was assisted by Charles T. Brown. Service had been secured upon Chief O'Neill, City Prosecutor Taylor, and Sheriff Magerstadt, but the last named did not appear, announcing that he would coincide with any action of the city authorities.

Petition for the Writ.

The petitions for the writ were presented and stated at length that no evidence existed against the men which would warrant holding them, and that the law had been violated in the service of the warrants and detention of the men. Complaint also was made that they had not been allowed access to counsel and were being kept in ignorance of the charges against them.

Several questions were asked by Judge Chetlain during the reading of the petition, and at the conclusion he declared that the allegations of lack of evidence and false pretense in the legal process were the salient points of the plea. Attorney Saltiel then asked that a writ be issued and a speedy hearing of the charges be had. The question of admitting his clients to bail was not broached at this time by him.

City Prosecutor Taylor expressed no objection to the issuance of the writ, but asked, in view of the gravity of the charge, that the hearing be postponed until Friday at 1 p. m., so the police could have the opportunity of presenting in tangible form their evidence, much of which would come a long distance.

The question as to what constituted a reasonable time for the detention of suspects without bail was evidently looked upon as an opening for securing the release of his clients by Mr. Saltiel, who asked that they be admitted to bail pending the hearing.

This was objected to by Attorney Taylor and then Judge Chetlain gave his decision.

"The vast importance of the case demands that the police be given ample time to prove their charges," said the Judge, "and the prosecution should be ready at the time fixed for the hearing. Until then the prisoners will be detained without bail."

Attorney Saltiel later asserted that the decision as to the release of his clients on bail tomorrow is the real point at issue. He is confident that no connection can be established between their actions and that of Czolgosz.

Miss Goldman Unmoved.

While the courts were busy during the day Miss Goldman kept up her appearance of unconcern. She stoutly reiterated her denial that she had met the President's assailant since July 12.

"But the police have claims directly refuting this claim," she was told.

"O, the police," she answered, with a shrug of her shoulders, "O, they can do anything, the police! They cannot find one scintilla of evidence against me. The present charge is merely trumped up."

Word has been received from Buffalo that Czolgosz has talked, and mentions only your name in connection with his crime," said a visitor.

"O, they say everything. I do not believe he has mentioned my name. I will not believe unless he should tell me so himself. The police fix up all these statements."

One woman has told the Buffalo police that she saw you in that city on the Thursday before the shooting."

"Well, let the police go to St. Louis and they will find that is not true. I was in St. Louis on that day."

"The police are seeking to show that your account of your whereabouts from July 12 until your arrest in Chicago is incorrect."

"It is correct," came the answer. "I know I can prove every step I made between July 12 and the day the police found me. I can do it with the assistance of the government, too, for the postoffice must testify when and where I got my mail. At the hotel where I staid in Cincinnati prior to going to St. Louis they will admit that I registered under my own name and that they cashed a check for me. At the St. Louis hotel it was the same. I can prove every step, and the police know it."

Ask Arrest of Mayor.

The men in the County Jail demanded Mayor Harrison's arrest.

"Mayor Harrison ought to be arrested as one of the conspirators," asserted Morris J. Fox. "A few months ago he subscribed to a fund to get that arch Anarchist, Prince Kropotkin, to lecture before the Twentieth Century club. Kropotkin is one of the leaders of anarchy. W. W. Kimball furnished the refreshments served at the lecture. President Draper of the University of Illinois invited the Prince to visit his place; the members of the Quadrangle club asked him to visit them. Why are they not all arrested as Anarchists?"

"I agree with Kropotkin in every way," said Miss Goldman. "We have seldom disagreed. If Mayor Harrison heard him lecture he should have learned something had he had any brains."

Haymarket Survivor Guards Goldman.

During the day Miss Goldman was guarded by Chief Matron Keegan and Patrolman John Weber. The latter is a survivor of the Haymarket riot. He was within six feet of Anarchist Schnaubel when the latter threw the bomb. Weber got into many arguments with Miss Goldman.

"Fielden ought to have been hanged, too," he asserted.

"Fielden was there with his wife and children; he certainly meant no violence," returned Miss Goldman.

"He did not have his family with him," came Weber's reply. "He gave the word, 'Now, ready,' when the bomb was thrown. Then he jumped from a wagon, drew a revolver, and fired as rapidly as he could into the crowd."

"I think I won her over on that point," he asserted later.

During the day Miss Goldman sang "Annie Laurie" again and again, her voice sounding out full and clear.

"That was Parsons' song," she said frequently. "Poor Parsons."

"I suppose I shall stay here until Friday now," she said last night. "I don't mind. I am well cared for."

Later in the evening the Anarchist queen began to break down and was compelled to retire at an early hour almost prostrated. She asserted, however, that only the reaction from the excitement of the week caused her weakness and refused to ask for medical aid.

Federal Authorities Do Nothing.

The federal authorities as yet have signified no intention of taking any action in the case of Emma Goldman. Captain Porter of the secret service and United States District Attorney Bethea now believe that the government has decided to let the State authorities handle the matter. If the New York State officials try to extradite the woman they may meet with difficulties.

State's Attorney Deneen holds that she could be prosecuted here, should it be established that she was concerned in a plot and hence made a principal under the law in the crime of Czolgosz. He said:

"If Emma Goldman or anybody else aided, abetted, assisted, advised, or encouraged in Cook County, Czolgosz in the perpetration of his crime, she could be prosecuted here, because such person would be an accessory before the fact and could be punished accordingly independently of the prosecution of Czolgosz at Buffalo."

Explains Presence in Chicago.

Edmond Wolczynski, a former resident of Cleveland and acquaintance of Leon Czolgosz, whose presence in Chicago was announced in a telegram from the Chief of Police of that city, appeared at the office of Captain Kelly in the West Chicago Avenue Station yesterday and declared his ignorance of the recent whereabouts or actions of the Buffalo prisoner. He accompanied Captain Kelly to the office of Chief O'Neill and the explanation of business in the city was accepted by the Chief, who declared there was no cause for the detention of the man.

NORRIS RELEASED BY POLICE.

Man Who Befriended Emma Goldman Contends He Did His Duty as a "Practical Christian."

Because no evidence was obtainable on which a charge could be based to hold him, Charles G. Norris of 303 Sheffield avenue, in whose flat Emma Goldman was arrested on Tuesday morning, and who was himself made a prisoner shortly after, was released from the Sheffield Avenue Police Station late yesterday afternoon.

Captain Schuettler first satisfied himself that Norris was not an Anarchist, that there was nothing significant about his acquaintance with Emma Goldman, or the fact that she was arrested in his house.

The aid that Emma Goldman received from Norris and his friends while she was in Chicago dodging the police was extended by followers of a new creed without name, but known by reason of its application as "practical Christianity." She was the beneficiary of the "open door" policy of this sect of "modern thinkers," whose fundamental principle is "brotherly love."

To Protect a Friend.

According to a statement made by Norris to Captain Schuettler just before he was released from custody Emma Goldman was in his flat because he looked on her with compassion, and desired to protect the name of Albert H. Verrall of 308 Oakdale avenue, who believes with him in the application of "practical Christianity." According to the story told by Norris he met Emma Goldman late on Monday afternoon going toward the office of Mr. Verrall at 192 Kinzie street. He says he stopped her and inquired whether she did not know the police were looking for her, and she replied that she did, and that she was going to see Mr. Verrall and expected to go to his house.

Norris told Captain Schuettler that rather than place Mr. Verrall in danger of having the woman arrested at his house or having her recognized about his office he decided to take her to his own flat at 303 Sheffield avenue. He said he knew Verrall would admit her to his house if he thought she was in trouble and needed aid.

Gets Word from Anarchist.

It was Mrs. Verrall who received the telegram from Emma Goldman while the Anarchist was in St. Louis on Saturday night, asking whether the Isaaks had been arrested. Mrs. Verrall admitted the fact yesterday, and said she had been acquainted with Miss Goldman for some time. Both Mr. and Mrs. Verrall deny that they entertain Anarchistic beliefs, but say they admire Miss Goldman on account of her intellectual strength.

This, coupled with the fact that they belong to the band of "practical Christians," is said to explain their connection with the case.

Mr. Verrall went to the office of Chief O'Neill yesterday afternoon, and held a long conference with the Chief and Captain Schuettler. After it was over the officials announced that they did not believe Mr. Verrall had any guilty connection with the case.

QUESTION WARNING BY ISAAK.

Police Think "Spy" Notice May Have Incited Czolgosz to Commit the Crime.

Chief O'Neill has not yet been convinced that the warning published in Abraham Isaak's paper on Sept. 1 branding Czolgosz as a spy did not have the effect, intentional or otherwise, of forcing this man to commit his crime in order to clear himself of suspicions.

"A leading Anarchist told me some time ago," an old-time detective said last night, "that when a man is accused of being a spy he must commit a 'deed' before he can rid himself of these suspicions and be received in anarchy's inner circles. I believe this may have spurred Czolgosz on to commit his crime. In any event, think to what use such charges might be put in driving enthusiasts of anarchy to commit murder. These charges might be made with the direct object of forcing the accused to commit a crime to prove his loyalty to the cause."

This warning of Editor Isaak's is being investigated. Several of Captain Colleran's detectives working on the case insist that the warning may have been entered to serve as a defense in the future.

Captain Wheeler, during the day, turned over to Chief O'Neill a list of 200 Anarchists. The list was taken from prisoners on Aug. 5, 1900, when the police prevented Lucy Parsons and her followers from holding a meeting at the West Twelfth Street Turner Hall.

LITTLE GIRL TAGGED THROUGH FROM EUROPE

Rosa Reber, an Austrian girl, about 5 years old, is at the Harrison Street Annex. Attached to her is a tag, giving all the information about her identity that is known. According to this tag Rosa is "billed through" to Darlington, Wis., too Gottlieb Reber. Rosa, silent and apparently dazed by all the strange things that have happened to her, is waiting until the police can communicate with Gottlieb Reber.

The little immigrant does not understand any of the languages that have been tried in the attempt to communicate with her. She has been at the annex for two days, and until yesterday morning was content. There was a baby which she assumed charge of, tending it carefully and keeping it with her at night. She cried bitterly when this only friend she had made since arriving in this country was taken away yesterday.

The child was found by a policeman in the Deering street district and brought to the Harrison Street Station by Lieutenant Bonfield. She arrived in Chicago with a number of immigrants. They had taken charge of her at New York, where it is said she was separated from a woman she had come over with. This woman may have been her mother. It is thought the woman was returned by the quarantine officials.

M'KINLEY CALLS FOR ILLINOIS DAY

President Insists That Program at Buffalo Show Be Carried Out in Full.

PLANS FOR NEXT MONDAY.

Commission to Make Every Effort to Insure Success for the Celebration.

HANNA ALSO SENDS WORD.

At the personal request of President McKinley the program for Illinois day at the Pan-American Exposition next Monday will be carried out in full as planned.

J. W. Templeton, chairman of the Illinois commission, and Governor Yates visited the Milburn residence in Buffalo yesterday, and conferred with Secretary Cortelyou, who announced to them that the President had become aware the abandonment of the celebration was in contemplation, and had said:

"I hope that no modification will be made in the program for Illinois day, but, on the contrary, that it will be observed as elaborately as possible."

In view of these expressed wishes of the President, Governor Yates has sent word that he thinks it would be altogether appropriate to carry out the original plans, and the commission will go on with its arrangements as announced.

Chairman Templeton also sent a telegram here yesterday afternoon confirming the foregoing statements, and adding:

"We also consulted Director General Buchanan, who said that he knew the wish of all those near the President is that everything that can be done should be done to show here, by the attendance of State officials and people of the State, a spirit of gratification over the President's recovery that will bring satisfaction."

Answering a query sent by Senator Mason on Tuesday, Senator Hanna yesterday telegraphed as follows:

"Referring to your inquiry at Buffalo, will say we earnestly hope that all plans for Illinois day at the Pan-American will be carried out. Increased effort to make it a success would be a fitting compliment to the people of Buffalo for what they have done."

Excursionists may avail themselves of a $16.50 round trip rate made by all railroads. A party of South Water street merchants has signified its intention of leaving for Buffalo on the Lake Shore limited Saturday night. Other excursions are expected to leave Saturday and Sunday from Chicago and other points in the State.

Illinois day was the first big day scheduled after the attempt on the life of the President. It was feared, therefore, that if that State day had been given up on account of the attempted assassination the other States would not care to break the precedent, and would give up their days as well, seriously injuring the financial results of the exposition.

NOT SEEKING EMMA GOLDMAN.

Federal Officials Say They Will Leave All Proceedings in the Hands of State Authorities.

Washington, D. C., Sept. 11.—The Department of Justice has not decided upon any steps to secure custody of Emma Goldman for the purpose of taking action against her in the federal courts. There is no reason for the federal authorities to desire custody of Miss Goldman now. They have plenty of time while she languishes in the hands of State authorities to discuss their plans and to act later if they see fit.

The secret service authorities state that she was not arrested at their request, and that they have no idea of proceeding against her unless directed by the Department of Justice to do so, or unless they secure testimony showing that she was involved in the shooting of the President.

Chief Wilkie said today that so far he has not secured any evidence tending to show that the Anarchist bodies at Paterson, N. J., had anything to do with the shooting of the President. Chief Wilkie denied in most positive terms the report that his office had received warnings that the President's life would be attempted at Buffalo.

"Usually we get a large number of letters from cranks every time the President goes to a place," said Chief Wilkie, "but we did not even get any crank letter just before the President went to Buffalo. We investigate practically all the warnings and intimations that come here, no matter how convinced we may be that they are from irresponsible persons, and we would have made an investigation this time had anything been received."

Harmony in Buffalo.

Buffalo, N. Y., Sept. 11.—The statement that there is a conflict between the State and federal authorities for the custody of Leon Czolgosz is absolutely without foundation. No effort has been made by the federal government to secure the custody of the prisoner, and none is in contemplation, and the joint investigation of the crime has been conducted in a spirit of complete harmony.

HAS CZOLGOSZ DIRECTIONS.

Buffalo Chief Said to Have Found the Code of Instructions Given to the Chosen Assassin.

Buffalo, N. Y., Sept. 12.—Superintendent Bull, it is said, now has in his possession the code of instructions imparted to the selected assassin, Czolgosz.

The platform of the Free Society was also added to the cumulative evidence of the Anarchist conspiracy yesterday. This document binds its members together to advocate and work for the destruction of the existing social order, and continues:

"As in former times no privileged class ever relinquished its tyranny; no more can we take it for granted that the capitalists of the present day will forego their privileges and their authority without compulsion. It is therefore self-evident that the fight of proletarian against the upper and the middle classes must be of a violent character, and that mere wage conflicts can never lead to the goal.

"We show by numerous illustrations that all attempts which have been made in the past to do away with the existing monstrous social system through peaceful means—for example, the ballot box—have been useless and will be so in the future.

"Force, the only remedy. We know therefore that the ruling class will not voluntarily relinquish its prerogatives and will make no concessions to us. Under all these circumstances there is only one remedy left—force.

"Our platform is simple and divided as follows:

"1. Destruction of existing class domination through inexorable revolution in international activity.

"2. The building of a free society on communistic organizations or productions.

"3. Free exchange of equivalent products through the productive organization without jobbing and profit-making.

"4. Organization of the educational system upon non-religious and a scientific and an equal basis for both sexes.

"5. Equal rights for all, without distinction of sex or race.

"6. The regulation of public affairs through agreement between the independent communes and confederacies."

$50.00 California and Return.

Chicago and Northwestern railway. Sept. 19 to 27. Three fast trains daily, 10 a. m., 6:30 p. m. (The Overland Limited), and 11:30 p. m. No change of cars. The best of everything. Tickets, 212 Clark street or Wells street station.

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PRISON FOR LIFE IS GRIGGS' PLAN.

Former Attorney General Urges the Locking Up of All Anarchists.

DEATH FOR ASSAILANTS.

Laws Permitting Exclusion and Deportation of Dangerous Persons Wanted.

CONSTITUTION CAN STAND.

New York, Sept. 11.—Former Attorney General Griggs said today in Paterson, N. J., that the talk of amending the constitution to deal with the situation which arises out of the shooting of President McKinley is unnecessary.

"A law should be passed," he said, "making it an offense punishable by imprisonment for life to be a member of any organization that teaches the murder of public officials. It should be made a capital offense to attempt the life of the Chief Executive and higher officers of the government, whether it succeeds or not.

Crime Aimed at Every Citizen.

"This is not like ordinary attempted murder. The object of the crime is the subversion of the government, and is, therefore, aimed at every citizen of the republic.

"Another law should be passed prohibiting the importation into this country of all persons who are members of organizations that hold and teach these murderous doctrines, and still another providing for the deportation of all such persons."

Gotham Anarchists in Panic.

The New York Anarchists do not want to be counted. They are fleeing in all directions since they heard that Police Commissioner Murphy had issued an order to his precinct commanders to make a list of the Anarchists in their respective districts, and the Captains are going to have a hard time getting accurate and complete lists, which is what Colonel Murphy wants.

Almost all resorts of Anarchists on the lower East Side were deserted today. The outpouring from the cellar and basement saloons where they are wont to congregate began on Tuesday night.

Colonel Murphy's order was published in the evening papers on Tuesday. Fearing that some of the precinct commanders would start in counting at once, without waiting for morning, they began to get out of the way. Today conditions were almost the same.

Most Returns to His Work.

Johann Most was one of those who was invisible on Tuesday night, but he put in an appearance for a little while today. Most turned up in the morning at the saloon at 60 Gold street, where he publishes his paper, and immediately two or three other Anarchists grew bolder and came around too.

"Now, don't ask me questions," said Most, "for I don't want to talk. I have done nothing but talk and answer questions since this thing occurred, and I am sick of it. They say that I am in hiding, that I am afraid to show myself. This does not look like it, does it? No, I am not in hiding, but I'll tell you something: I am going to be before long. I have just been thinking where to go. I am sick of answering questions of people who want to know what does not concern them.

"Yes, Emma is arrested," continued Most, digressing to Emma Goldman, "but it was a foolish thing to do. They can do nothing to her. They may do me, Czolgosz. What, if she did? Any one might meet an accident. The young man who was bent on doing something foolish without knowing what he was going to do."

Pittsburg Reds Are Freed.

Pittsburg, Pa., Sept. 11.—Carl Nold and Harry Gordon, the local Anarchists arrested on Monday, were given a hearing today, and there being no evidence against them they were discharged. Superintendent Roger O'Mara of the local bureau of detectives said he knew nothing as to the alleged connection of a local man with the assassination plot by the Buffalo police. Among Nold's effects were found a number of advertisements of excursions to Buffalo over almost every road having a route to that city.

BRITISH HEIR'S LIFE SOUGHT.

Montreal Major Is Told Anarchists from Paterson, N. J., Plan Assassination by Bombs.

Montreal, Que., Sept. 11.—[Special.]—An alleged plot to assassinate the heir to the British throne is exposed in a letter received through the mail today by Mayor Prefontaine. The letter is written in Italian, the signature being almost illegible, but it appears to be "Giovanni Cabani."

In the letter the writer states that twelve Anarchists have arrived in Montreal from Paterson, N. J., with the intention of killing the Duke of Cornwall and York on the occasion of his approaching visit to the city by throwing bombs as the procession starts from Viger station.

The writer declares himself to be a loyal Italian subject of the King, then says he does not want to see the name of Italy disgraced, so he gives the police due warning. The letter has been given over to the police. All precautions possible will be exercised, and several suspicious characters are under surveillance, though the story is looked upon with considerable doubt.

EXTERMINATION IS ADVOCATED.

Mississippi Newspaper Offers a Remedy for Anarchy—Negro Parker Given High Praise.

Memphis, Tenn., Sept. 11.—[Special.]—The Mississippi press advocates the elimination of Anarchism by extermination.

The Jackson Clarion-Ledger commends the Georgia negro, James Parker, who captured Czolgosz after the attempt on the President's life, and quotes with indorsement the colored man's boast, "We would have shot him quicker in Georgia," as follows:

"Hurrah for the negro! He has shown that he is worth a cow pen full of secret service; he has the right instinct about 'fixing' the assassin as they would 'fix him down in Georgia.'"

The Jackson (Miss.) News says: "The South is thankful that the deed was not done in her boundaries. Had it happened on Mississippi soil the fiend would never have lived to reach the jail, but would have been shot to death and his miserable body torn limb from limb."

At the regular monthly meeting of the Confederate Historical association one of the first acts was a denouncement of the attempted assassination.

SWITZERLAND EXPELS TAFFAI.

Friend of Bresci Said to Have Announced That He Will Come to the United States.

LONDON, Sept. 12, 3 a. m.—"Taffai, a dangerous Anarchist and a friend of Bresci, has been expelled from Switzerland," says a dispatch from Geneva to the Daily Express. "He asserts that he intends to proceed to the United States."

ONE PLOTTER DIRECTS CRIMES.

Unnamed Man in United States Accused of Planning Assassination of Kings and Rulers.

New York, Sept. 11.—James M. Trimble of Newark, N. J., who has just completed his work as commissioner for the State of New Jersey to inquire into the killing of King Humbert by Bresci, is quoted as saying:

"My investigation of the Bresci affair has shown plainly that there is a man in this country who is the archconspirator in all these assassinations. I cannot now give his name. I sent all the evidence to the Italian government.

"Who was it that gave to Bresci and his colleagues the money necessary for them to accomplish their acts of violence? The answer to this question will give the name of the most dangerous man in America today."

MAGGIO HELD AS CONSPIRATOR.

Sicilian at Silver City Denies Predicting Death of President McKinley and Emperor William.

Silver City, N. M., Sept. 11.—The preliminary hearing of Antonio Maggio, the Anarchist, who is said to have predicted the shooting of President McKinley, will be held before a United States commissioner on Sept. 21. A Deputy United States Marshal today swore out a warrant for his detention, charging him with conspiracy to kill in the United States.

Maggio was born in Sicily Jan. 2, 1877. With two brothers, he came to New Orleans, at which point and Baton Rouge he lived for three or four years, going from there North, traveling with circuses and theatrical companies.

Two years ago, in the summer of 1899, Maggio says he got his first lesson in anarchy in Kansas City, where he heard Pedro Revechio lecture upon the subject of anarchy and religion. He denies statements credited to him there and elsewhere relative to predicting the death of the President and Emperor William of Germany.

Maggio has a brother in Leavenworth, Kas., and one in New Orleans. His father is said to have been in prison in Italy ten years, having been seized for participating in a revolution in that country.

RAIL RIDE FOR WYOMING MAN.

German Who Expresses Joy at Attempt to Kill McKinley Is Driven from Casper.

Casper, Wyo., Sept. 11.—[Special.]—Julius Wagner, a German carpenter, has been ridden out of town on a rail as a result of praising the deed of Czolgosz.

While intoxicated last night he said: "It's a good thing McKinley was shot, he should have been shot a year ago."

The man was set upon immediately by a number of citizens, who knocked him down, kicked him, and otherwise bruised him. He then made his escape and did not appear until this morning. A committee then escorted him to the lumber yard, secured a scantling, put him on it, and rode him out beyond the town limits. Tar and feathers were not applied, although a number suggested it.

Everything was quiet and orderly, but had Wagner made resistance he would have been dealt with severely.

Wagner at the edge of town was headed for the east, poked in the back with the rail, and told to go. He went, never as much as looking back. He stopped at a house half a mile out of the city and sent in for wages due him. The money was taken out by a committee of prominent citizens, who ordered him to leave the country at once. He immediately fled on foot toward the Nebraska line.

KROPOTKIN SCORES ASSASSIN.

Russian Revolutionist Says Czolgosz Should Be Dealt with as a "Common Murderer."

LONDON, Sept. 11.—Prince Kropotkin, the Russian revolutionist, in an interview today on the attempted assassination of President McKinley, characterized Czolgosz as a "common murderer," and said he should be dealt with as such.

Kropotkin refused to express an opinion on the political significance of the Anarchist's act.

Enrico Malatesta, the Italian refugee, said: "There is no reason for such an act in a country like America. It will bring more trouble to the innocent than to the guilty, as in the case of Spain and Italy after the Anarchist outrages there a few years back."

PANA MAN SCORES M'KINLEY.

Fights with Officer Who Arrests Him for Saying President Should Have Been Killed.

Springfield, Ill., Sept. 11.—Gustav Alde was arrested at Pana about midnight last night for denouncing the President and cheering his assassination.

Alde and several other men were acting boisterously at the Union Railway Station, talking about the attempted assassination of President McKinley and the arrest of Emma Goldman. They were attacking this country and its laws and also denouncing the arrest of Miss Goldman.

Alde said McKinley ought to have been killed four years ago. Alde and another man resisted and Officer Johnson inflicted a bad wound on Alde's head and locked him up in the city prison.

Dr. Eberspacher was called to dress the wound, but Alde commenced abusing the President, and the physician left. The man was fined $30 and costs today for assaulting an officer.

NOWAK'S BROTHER DISAPPEARS.

Indiana Man Leaves His Family, Not Seen Since Monday, and Suicide Is Feared.

Jeffersonville, Ind., Sept. 11.—August Nowak, who was a saloonkeeper at 618 Michigan avenue, this city, and who is a cousin of John Nowak of 1078 Broadway, Buffalo, N. Y., where Leon Czolgosz boarded prior to the attempted assassination of President McKinley, has disappeared, leaving a wife and nine children in ignorance of his whereabouts. He left on Monday morning, saying he was going to the courthouse and would soon return. He was tracked to Louisville, Ky., where all trace was lost. His saloon was raided here last Sunday. His wife thinks he has killed himself.

SOCIALISTS DISAPPROVE DEED.

Galesburg Meeting Cheers Denunciation of the Man Who Sought Life of President.

Galesburg, Ill., Sept. 11.—[Special.]—Galesburg Socialists in a meeting tonight put the emphatic stamp of disapproval on the attempt to assassinate President McKinley. The chief speaker was Clinton Simonton, who said:

"I, as all others, consider it a dark crime. It was a blow aimed at all the people of the country. The bloody hand that struck the President was never the hand of a Socialist. It was an assassination of the nation's hope. When the President is struck down the people are struck down with him."

Simonton's declaration that Socialists disapprove the deed was received with enthusiastic applause and was cordially endorsed on all hands.

AGED MAN WHO WAS KILLED FOR FANCIED WEALTH, AND SCENE OF CRIME

Nathan Perkins, whose life was sacrificed because he believed that he possessed riches, was beaten to death with a horseshoe that he cherished as a talisman. The murderer escaped with about $100 and some worthless mining securities.

WANT A DAY OF THANKS.

CHICAGO CHURCHMEN UNITE IN FAVORING THE PLAN.

One Minister from Iowa Thinks the Recovery of President McKinley Will Not Be of Enough Importance for a Special Service—All City Clergymen Approve the Idea and Methodists Are Especially Enthusiastic for It, That Being President's Church.

All the churchmen of Chicago are agreed that a day should be appointed for national thanksgiving as soon as President McKinley's recovery is assured. The feeling is that Thanksgiving day has grown away from its original meaning too much to serve this year to express the gratitude of the nation if the President is delivered from death.

The leaders of the Methodist Episcopal Church, of which President McKinley is a member, are particularly enthusiastic for a second thanksgiving day this year.

Bishop C. H. Fowler of Buffalo, who has come to Chicago to attend the Central Swedish conference, beginning today at the First Swedish Church, said:

"The idea is excellent. In the event of Mr. McKinley's recovery we shall have been delivered from a national calamity, and I believe nothing could be more appropriate than a day of thanksgiving and prayer. The setting aside of such a day would, I believe, have an excellent effect upon the American people, who are unemotionalistic. I do not agree with the common notion that 'yellow journalism' is the greatest mischief breeder in the country today. I think William Jennings Bryan is thus far the most malicious influence for evil this country has ever seen. He made it his constant endeavor to array class against class, and his words have borne fruit at last."

The Rev. S. G. Earngy of Wilmette says he is heartily in favor of an extra day of thanksgiving.

"You cannot quote me too strongly on the matter," he said. "It will be brought up at the Rock River conference on Oct. 9, and I think the conference will vote unanimously for the scheme."

The Rev. James Rowe, pastor of the Garfield Park Church, seconded Mr. Earngy's statement.

The Rt. Rev. C. P. Anderson, Bishop Coadjutor of the Episcopal diocese of Chicago, said:

"I do not believe the people could be got to church if a week day were appointed. Some Sunday should be set aside for worship as soon as we hear that the President is out of danger."

The Rev. J. H. Edwards, rector of the Episcopal Church of Our Savior, believes that a week day should be set aside in addition to the special Sunday services.

G. L. Smith, a Congregational minister from Red Oak, Ia., says:

"I question the feasibility of the plan. I doubt whether the occasion is sufficient for a day of national thanksgiving."

RESOLUTIONS ON THE SHOOTING

Illinois Manufacturers, Policemen's Benevolent Union, and Others Express Their Sympathy.

Among the organizations that adopted resolutions yesterday on the shooting of President McKinley were the Illinois Manufacturers' association, the Policemen's Benevolent, and the West Park board.

The Manufacturers' association deplored the existence of anarchistic sentiment. The Policemen's union pledged its members "as public officers and citizens to be in readiness at all times to suppress all such teachings and aid in bringing to justice all such unlawful characters."

The West Park board declared its sympathy with the President and its abhorrence of the deed.

In its current edition the Standard, a Baptist publication, has an editorial deploring the attempted assassination and expressing gratitude that a lynching did not follow the crime.

WASHINGTON PLANS A PARADE.

Popular Demonstration Will Be Arranged to Greet President McKinley on His Return.

Washington, D. C., Sept. 11.—The Washington Board of Trade today sent a letter to the district commissioners proposing that when President McKinley is removed here his arrival be marked by a popular demonstration, designed to exceed anything of the kind ever witnessed here.

The project contemplates the assembling of as many uniformed organizations and individual citizens as can be gotten together, to be at the depot on the President's arrival, and to escort the party to the White House, the entire procession, uniformed and ununiformed, to pass by the White House.

It is also designed that this demonstration in honor of Mr. McKinley's recovery shall have a national character, if time permits, by the gathering of out-of-town organizations and individuals.

WANTS A DISCOUNT ON STAMPS.

Young Woman's Plan to Buy at Reduced Rate and Sell at Regular Price Checked by Mr. Coyne.

Buying postage stamps at a reduced rate and selling them in big office buildings at the standard price was the scheme evolved by a neatly dressed young woman who sought a new field for her energies. She pleaded with Postmaster Coyne yesterday to become the wholesaler, one of her arguments being that other fields of work for women were overcrowded, and that she had thought this out in hope of making some money to assist her family. She seemed surprised when the Postmaster told her the government did not sell stamps at a reduced price.

Unknown Man Dies at Work.

An unknown man died yesterday while loading a sand wagon at Forty-fifth and Gladys avenues. The stranger secured work from the Wisconsin Lime and Sand company and was assigned to load wagons. His name or address were not secured. After working a few minutes he sank to the ground and expired. He appeared to have been about 60 years old, 5 feet 9 inches in height, and weighed 150 pounds. He wore blue overalls and black striped shirt. The remains were removed to an undertaking establishment at 2004 West Madison street.

Blue and Gray to Meet.

The National Blue and Gray Auxiliary will hold its first regular meeting, after a summer vacation of three months, at 2:15 p. m. today in the headquarters at the Great Northern Hotel.

Dynamite Wrecks a Barber Shop.

Cripple Creek, Colo., Sept. 11.—At midnight the barber shop of John Tyler was blown up by dynamite. The explosion wrecked the building and contents, but Tyler escaped. Tyler is a colored man and has repeatedly refused to join the barber's union.

ROBS WOMAN ON CROWDED STREET

Negro Attacks Mrs. Mary Engel and Escapes with $100 and Some Checks.

FOLLOWS HER FROM CAR.

Crowd Pursues the Fellow on Cottage Grove Avenue, but He Gets Away.

STEALS BY POLICE STATION.

While a score of persons were within shouting distance on the outskirts of the "new levee," on Cottage Grove avenue last night a negro attacked Mrs. Mary Engle, 4220 Evans avenue, and escaped with her purse, containing $100 in cash and checks for $150.

Mrs Engle had alighted from a cable car at Forty-second street and was walking north on Cottage Grove avenue, when the negro ran up from behind and pinioned her arms. The woman screamed and struggled, but was unable to release herself from the fellow's grasp.

A dozen men were attracted by Mrs. Engle's cries, and started to her assistance, but before they could lay hands on the negro he had wrested the purse from the woman's hands and was running down the street. The men took up the pursuit, but the fugitive soon outfooted them. One man who barred his way was hurled to the ground by the negro, who was big and muscular.

Turning into Forty-third street, the negro ran half a block west and then darted into an alley. Some of the pursuers followed, but lost trace of the fellow. A few minutes later the police took up the chase with no better success.

Sees Man on the Car.

Mrs. Engle said that she was aware that a negro was riding across the seat from her in the cable train and it is her belief that the man gained sight of the contents of her pocketbook when she opened it to pay her fare. She was unable, however, to give the police an accurate description of the man. She paid no particular attention to him and was not aware that he followed her when she alighted at Forty-second street.

After reaching the sidewalk she had gone only a few steps when suddenly she felt herself in some way grasped. She was pulled backward and at the same time a hand reached out and her pocketbook was seized.

Mrs. Engle caught a glimpse of the fellow and she is of the opinion that he was the same man who rode opposite to her in the car.

Boy Robbed in Street.

In the presence of a score of spectators Eddie Vanderplis, 9 years old, was seized by a negro at Chicago avenue and Wells street last evening, beaten, and robbed of $5. The robber escaped by running west on Chicago avenue. He was followed by half a dozen men who witnessed the assault, but he managed to elude his pursuers.

Woman's Cries Defeat Robbers.

Late at night two men attempted to hold up Lawrence Mounth, the proprietor of a cigar and candy store at 66 Thirty-first street. The men entered the store and one of them was making a purchase when the second drew a revolver and demanded the money in the cash drawer.

Mounth was about to comply with the demand when his wife stepped from the living-rooms in the rear, and, seeing her husband being robbed, screamed for help.

The outcry was sufficient to frighten the men away.

Pounds Sink; Burglars Run.

Edward Richley, a shoe dealer at 311 Garfield boulevard, has a burglar alarm of his own invention. It consists of an iron sink, which, when pounded with a hammer, gives out a volume of sound similar to that of a boiler factory. Mr. Richley used the alarm to good advantage last night.

The Richleys occupy apartments over the store. It was late at night when his wife was awakened by the sound of some one sawing underneath the kitchen. She notified her husband, and an investigation showed the outlines of two forms underneath.

The burglars were hard at work when Mr. Richley sounded his alarm. They jumped as if they were standing on tacks.

Mr. Richley notified the Englewood police. It was found that the burglars had nearly sawed out a panel in the side door.

Seeks Burglar, Finds Baby.

What was taken by A. F. Kenally, 129 Garfield boulevard, to be an invasion by robbers turned out to be quite the reverse. The person that ran hurriedly to the Kenally doorstep was not bent on taking anything, but, rather, on leaving something. Kenally armed himself and proceeded to investigate. A basket was found on the front porch. It contained a baby, about a year old. The child was turned over to the Englewood Infant Nursery. There was no clew that would suggest the identity of its parents.

DESERTS FROM THE ARMY TO SUPPORT AGED MOTHER.

Private Michael Lynch Caught at Springfield, Ill., Tells Sad Story of Why He Quit Barrack Life.

Private Michael Lynch, U. S. A., who was arrested at Springfield, Ill., for desertion yesterday, tells a story that may move his judges to compassion when he faces a court-martial at Fort Sheridan.

Lynch was at Fort Leavenworth when he deserted. He was caught by the local police at Springfield and turned over to Captain Oscar Charles, in charge of the recruiting office there, who will send him to Fort Sheridan for trial. His case is a pitiful one, according to what he told Captain Charles. Lynch, when at Fort Leavenworth, received a letter from his mother, who lives in Springfield, stating that her other son, John, was dying and that she would then be without any means of support. She closed her letter with a request that her soldier boy come home.

In consequence, Lynch deserted and arrived home two days before his brother died.

WU TING FANG IS CURIOUS.

Chinese Minister Creates Amusement at Syracuse, N. Y., by His Straightforward Questions.

Syracuse, N. Y., Sept. 11.—[Special.]—Wu Ting Fang, Chinese Minister to the United States, created considerable amusement here today by his questioning of all with whom he came in contact. Lieutenant Governor Woodruff introduced him to J. P. Allds in the Yates lobby this afternoon, remarking that he was the Republican leader of the Assembly.

"Are you a Platt man?" asked the Minister.

"I certainly am," replied the Assemblyman.

"Do you do everything he tells you?" interrogated Wu.

"Most everything," was the answer.

"Then you are his slave, are you not?" was the next question from Wu.

Allds then fled.

Minister Wu had quite a conversation with Mayor McGuire. He asked him if he had stolen enough from the city to buy him a house. The Mayor said he had only been able to get enough to rent one.

"I hope you will do better next time?" said Wu.

To Publish Catholic Literature.

Articles of incorporation have been filed at Springfield by the Catholic Truth society, an organization composed of well known Chicago Catholics. The object is to publish and circulate literature bearing on the Catholic Church. An office will be maintained in this city.

Third Vein Coal Company Formed.

The Illinois Third Vein Coal company, capitalized at $1,000,000, obtained articles of incorporation at Springfield yesterday, and in a month will begin the operation of a mine recently purchased near Ledd, Ill. The incorporators are S. M. Dalsell, H. H. Buckwalter, and O. S. Richardson.

HUNDRED GYPSIES FORCED TO LEAVE SOUTH CHICAGO.

Wanderers Start to Pitch a Camp, but Police Appear and Make Them Repack Their Wagons in the Rain.

When a band of gypsies, numbering about 100 men, women, and children, unloaded their wagons and made preparations to camp in South Chicago last evening Captain Shippy of the South Chicago police, followed by a wagonload of policemen, appeared on the scene and ordered them to leave the town. The gypsies went without complaint, repacking their wagons in the rain, and taking up a camp just outside of South Chicago, in Indiana.

Some time ago a band of gypsies camped in South Chicago and were the source of much complaint from residents of the town. It was claimed that they robbed chicken coops and committed other petty crimes. They were driven out of the town just as two young members of the band were being married.

Since that time no band of gypsies has been allowed to camp in South Chicago.

WELLINGTON IS EXPELLED FROM CLUB IN BALTIMORE.

Social Organization Adopts Resolutions Denouncing the Senator and Cutting His Name from Membership Roll.

Baltimore, Md., Sept. 11.—[Special.]—The Board of Governors of the Union League club tonight expelled United States Senator Wellington from membership. The action subsequently was ratified unanimously in a mass-meeting of the members of the club by a rising vote.

Among those urging the resolution and denouncing Senator Wellington were several members of the Legislature that sent Wellington to the Senate. The resolutions, after referring to the attempt on the President's life, say:

"Whereas, The people of Maryland have learned with shame and loathing that George L. Wellington, a representative of this State in the Senate of the United States, has countenanced the act of this traitor to his country and enemy of mankind by repeated and public expressions of indifference to the act or its results, and whereas said George L. Wellington is a member of this organization: therefore, be it

"Resolved, By the Board of Governors of the Union League club, That we consider the conduct of George L. Wellington demonstrates his unfitness to associate with loyal citizens or right-hearted men.

"Resolved, That George L. Wellington be and he is hereby expelled from membership in the Union League club of Maryland and that his name be striken from the roster."

Y. M. C. A. HAS A CRITIC.

BISHOP FOWLER DOUBTS WORTH OF THE ORDER.

Methodist Churchman Visits Chicago and Talks of Religious Conditions, Denying That the People of His Creed Are Drifting Toward Episcopalianism—Says the Congregationalists Hold Nothing More than a Town Meeting, Beginning with a Prayer.

"The Methodist Episcopal Church decidedly is not drawing closer to the Episcopal Church," said Bishop H. C. Fowler of Buffalo yesterday.

Bishop Fowler had come to Chicago in order to attend the Central Swedish conference, which begins tomorrow at the First Swedish Church and continues until Monday.

"If anything, we are going the other way and becoming more like John Wesley's church," he continued. "The great divergence, the parting of the ways, the point of issue between us and the Episcopalians is the doctrine of apostolic succession.

"Their contention is that their prelates are the spiritual heirs of the church founded by Peter—that there is a straight line of ordination from him to them. We have more reason to make such a claim than they have, for John Wesley was ordained by a Bishop of the Greek Church.

Says That Work Counts.

"However, the thing is unimportant. It is works that count. That church is the truest agency for good which works best for the promulgation of the gospel on earth, irrespective of its descent.

"A doctrine is necessary, of course. We have a doctrine; the Presbyterians have a doctrine; so have the Baptists. But the Congregationalists have not.

"A man does not need to believe anything to belong to the Congregational Church, and he can believe everything, and remain in it. A Congregational service is nothing but a town meeting, with a prayer at the beginning and a benediction at the end.

Doubts Value of Y. M. C. A.

"I remember well an old Presbyterian minister who used to be practically Archbishop of the churches of his denomination in this city. When the Y. M. C. A. movement started he would not encourage it. 'I asked him why,' said he, 'because he said he did not think 'it would make for righteousness.' He was right, I believe now, and he was the only man of that time who had mind enough to see that far ahead. After all, the Congregationalists are the only ones who have benefited at all through the Y. M. C. A., and they have not benefited much.

"There certainly is growing among some classes a critical and skeptical spirit. But with the majority the church of God never had such a firm and enduring hold as it has now.

Pays Tribute to Women.

"I agree with the statement that three-quarters or seven-eighths of church-goers in the cities are women. Women are much more acute than men. Go out on the farms and see if I am not right. Women manage their children, while men only boss the oxen. Women have more intuition, and spiritual perception.

"Do not understand me to be a woman's man, for I am not. I do not believe women should vote, or do a good many other things that some of the women's righters want. Women are not ordained ministers in our church, and, so far ahead as I can see, they never will be. Personally, I should be violently opposed to an innovation in this regard."

KANSAS BANKER INDICTED ON EVIDENCE OF EXPERT.

Government Agent Charges Vice President of Defunct Institution at Emporia with Irregularities.

Wichita, Kas., Sept. 11.—[Special.]—William Martindale, Vice President of the defunct First National Bank of Emporia, was indicted by the grand jury in the United States District Court in the report made today on eighteen separate counts.

It is said that Martindale's irregularities in this second charge amount to over $100,000.

E. P. Moxey, an expert accountant in the Department of Justice, has been at work on the books of the failed bank for the last sixty days, and his report to the grand jury charged a number of irregularities and the embezzlement of funds by Martindale. In his report it was alleged that on one occasion Martindale appropriated $6,000 to his personal use and $2,600 at another time, besides smaller amounts, which will aggregate over $100,000.

At the time the bank failed, on Nov. 16, 1898, Martindale was indicted on eighteen counts charging embezzlement of $100,000 of the bank's funds. Soon after C. S. Cross, President of the bank, committed suicide by shooting himself. The first case is still pending, but the last findings of the grand jury will, in all probability, hasten matters. A large number of witnesses were examined by the jury, among them all of the employés of the bank at the time it failed.

GYPSY'S LARIAT HELPS CAPTURE FUGITIVE.

Lassoed by gypsies while he was climbing a telephone pole to escape, Paul Schroeder was arrested by Lieutenant James Bonfield at Thirty-eighth street and Kedzie avenue. Bonfield, who weighs 340 pounds, painfully climbed the pole and brought down the man, while a band of gypsies stood around the base of the pole and cheered.

The chase is said to have been the result of depredations made by Schroeder. It is alleged that he removed the gasoline cans from seven street lamps in the vicinity, poured the gasoline on the wooden posts, and set fire to them.

The gypsies who are encamped near by detected Schroeder, and over a score of men from the camp started to catch him. Schroeder had a good start, but several times he narrowly escaped lassoes cast by the pursuers. Being closely pressed by pursuers, he climbed the telephone pole. Several rope nooses grazed his body as he climbed, and one or two became entangled on the iron spikes driven into the pole.

Lieutenant Bonfield, in full uniform, arrived at this juncture and, taking in the situation, called to the man to come down.

"Call off the gypsies first," he replied.

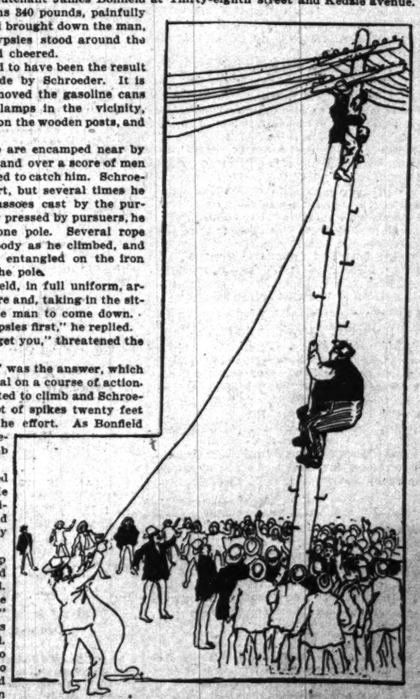
"I'll go up and get you," threatened the officer.

"You're too fat," was the answer, which determined the official on a course of action. The Lieutenant started to climb and Schroeder, resting on a set of spikes twenty feet above, laughed at the effort. As Bonfield approached Schroeder began to climb higher.

Gypsy Joe noted the movement. He was angry at the defiance of Schroeder and coiled his lariat ready for a throw.

"You can't get up here," shouted Schroeder to Bonfield.

"But you'll come down all right," shouted Gypsy Joe, as his lariat uncoiled. Schroeder was too busy to note the lasso and the rope settled over his head, and in an instant was drawn taut by the gypsy, who held Schroeder and helped Bonfield bring him down.



Schroeder was taken to the Brighton Park Police Station, where a charge of malicious mischief was preferred against him. He lives at Paulina street and Blue Island avenue.

FORBIDS BOILERS BENEATH WALKS.

Mayor Orders Removal and Inspector Blaney Begins Serving Notices.

ORDINANCE ON SUBJECT.

Chief Musham Sees No Necessity for Discussion of Transfer of Horan.

TALK OF PAVING CONCRETE.

All steam boilers under sidewalks in Chicago are to be removed. Under orders from Mayor Harrison, Boiler Inspector Blaney yesterday began serving notices. How many of these boilers there are is not known, but there must be hundreds, if not thousands. The order from the Mayor is as follows:

"As the placing of steam boilers under sidewalks is a violation of the city ordinances, you will see that all such boilers are removed at once."

The first building attacked was the Continental, at 146 Franklin street. The owners protested that the boiler was perfectly safe, but the fires were ordered drawn and thirty days were allowed in which to make the change. Notice was also served at the following buildings in the same district.

Patrick Building, Madison and Market streets.
Marshfield Building, Monroe and Franklin.
Ralston Building, Monroe and Franklin.
Gilbreant Building, Madison and Franklin.
Chicago Opera House, Clark and Washington.
Morton Milling company, Madison street and the river.

"As fast as we can find other cases of boilers under sidewalks they will have to go" said Inspector Blaney.

"The order was given, at the time of the Doremus explosion," explained the Mayor, "but in the mixup at that time and the change of administration in the boiler inspection office it was overlooked. Now it is to be put in force. Boilers under sidewalks are dangerous. Should one explode the damage would be great."

Musham Talks of Transfer.

"I do not see any necessity for people getting so excited over the transfer of a Chief of Battalion," was the answer made by Fire Marshal Musham to an inquiry for the reasons which had impelled him to change Horan from the down-town to the West Chicago avenue district. "Tremesher being transferred from the West to the North Side once, on two hours' notice, and I never said anything about it. It is the duty of a fireman, like a soldier, to obey orders and say nothing, and that is the course I have always followed.

"So far as Horan's transfer is concerned, it is more a promotion than anything else. In his old district, no matter how insignificant a fire, either the First Assistant or myself attended it and took charge. In the district where he has been sent, he will have charge, except in case of a second, or general, alarm, and there are many factories there where bad blazes may arise."

Mayor Harrison said he knew nothing about the change, and did not propose to pay any attention to it. It was Chief Musham's business, and the Mayor seemed entirely satisfied with the action.

McGann Doubts Paving Base.

Talking of the adequacy of the present specifications for street paving to furnish a good foundation, if those used by the contractor, Controller McGann, who was Commissioner of Public Works at the time the proportions of one part of cement to three of sand and seven of crushed stone were adopted, said:

"I always felt doubtful of the adequacy of these specifications, but they were adopted after a number of good engineers had approved them as being sufficient. As a matter of fact, however, I would rather have the judgment of a practical man like Joe Downey in a case of this sort than the theories of the engineers. The trouble with the '1, 3, and 7' specifications is they presuppose the best quality of cement mixed in the right temperature and with the proper amount of water, no more nor no less, with a careful and thorough mixing with the sand and stone and perfect tamping afterwards. Under ordinary conditions this result is not had, and, especially if the contractor is able to skimp a little on the amount of cement used, the result is likely to be bad."

Mayor Blames Engineers.

"I am not enough of an engineer to speak of the adequacy of the specifications," said Mayor Harrison. "The present ones were adopted on the testimony of engineers that they would afford a good foundation. It stands to reason, however, that more cement would make a better foundation were the property-owners willing to pay for it. The present proportions were agreed to in response to the demands of the property-owners for as good a foundation as could be had for as little money as possible."

"It would certainly pay the property-owners to expend a little more and get a better foundation," said President Rogers of the Board of Local Improvements. "Not only would the pavement be better, but with a strong foundation, if the surface wore out it could be easily repaired."

Pump for New Conduit.

Assistant City Engineer McHarg has sent a long communication to Commissioner of Public Works Blocki in which he denies the contention of Chief Engineer Randolph of the Drainage board that the centrifugal pump the city intends to install in the Thirty-ninth street conduit station is uneconomical, and contends it is a better type of pump for the purpose than the screw pump advocated by Mr. Randolph. Mr. Blocki sent this report to Chairman Mavor of the Finance committee of the Council and to President Jones of the Drainage board, with the suggestion to the former that if the

MARQUIS LOSES $140,000 IN GEMS

England's Most Eccentric Nobleman Robbed at a London Hotel.

HEAD OF PAGET FAMILY.

Worth $1,000,000 a Year and Is a Star on the Music Hall Stage.

HIS WEDDING AND DIVORCE.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

LONDON, Sept. 11.—The Marquis of Anglesey (Henry Cyril Paget), who is stopping at the Walsingham Hotel, was robbed last night of jewels of the value of $200,000. The Marquis was at the theater when his room was robbed.

The Central News says that a French valet of the name of Julien Coult is suspected of being the robber. He is missing and a warrant has been issued for his arrest.

Rich Booty Overlooked.

The same authority states that when the Marquis returned from the theater he found jewels to the value of $300,000 missing from their cases. A detective was called in and he discovered about $60,000 worth of the jewelry under a bed. The remainder of the valuables valued at $140,000 are still missing. The valet was seen to leave the hotel an hour before the Marquis returned, and he has not been seen since.

The Marquis is a connoisseur of precious stones, and was making a collection of them and curious jeweled works of art. The stolen jewels consisted largely of diamonds. The Marquis engaged the valet only three weeks ago in Paris. It is a coincidence that the play he was seeing when the robbery was committed was "Sherlock Holmes."

The Marquis of Anglesey, the head of the famous Paget family of England, is one of the wealthiest and admittedly the most eccentric members of the British Aristocracy. He has an income of $1,000,000 a year, likes to dress as a woman, carries pug dogs in his promenades on the Paris boulevards, wears rings on every finger and delights to appear as a shirt dancer and lightning change artist on its music hall stage in European capitals.

Wedding and Divorce.

Two years ago the Marquis of Anglesey, then Earl of Uxbridge, married the beautiful Miss Chetwynd, daughter of Sir George Chetwynd and the Marchioness of Hastings. She was only 17 years old, of beautiful and refined features, with violet eyes and masses of Venetian red hair. They were cousins, and it was declared at the time that the marriage was arranged in order that they might jointly inherit property which both would have lost if they did not marry each other.

Eighteen months after their wedding the Marchioness applied to the English courts for a divorce. The terms of separation prove the Marquis's eccentricity. For the first year he allowed her $15,000, and $4,500 to pay debts contracted while they were living together. The second year he was to pay her $20,000, the next, if they were still separated, $25,000, and so on, the allowance increasing $5,000 each year until it reached $80,000.

The young Marchioness was friendly with Princess Frederick Hohenlohe, daughter of Count Hatzfeldt, the German Ambassador.

The Princess was credited with suggesting the annulment of the marriage, for she wished to bring about a match between her brother, Count Herman Hatzfeldt, and the young Englishwoman.

Reconciled to His Wife.

Afterwards Lady Anglesey and the Princess Hohenlohe quarreled. The Marchioness and her former husband met at Paris, became reconciled, were seen everywhere together, and even traveled together. So society was not surprised last May when she appealed to the English courts to have her decree of divorce annulled. Her request was granted.

The Marquis of Anglesey last year created a sensation by accepting an engagement at a music hall stage at Munich, where he appeared in impersonations, making lightning changes in costumes characteristic of different nations. His talent in this line is said to be remarkable.

The Anglesey title was won by Lord Uxbridge on the field of Waterloo.

The British nation has been heavily taxed to support the Paget family. Thirty-four Pagets have been carried on the national pay-roll during the last thirty-three years. The titled members of the family have borne resplendent more or less savory. One of the chief holders of the marquisate was twice directly concerned in divorce proceedings before the House of Lords.

The father of the present Marquis was a gay man. When he married and settled down his past sins rose before him. One day there was a slight fire in the Anglesey castle, Plas Newydd, and a lot of hand grenades were ordered to guard against future emergencies.

The butler hung up the grenades in every place he could think of, and, having a dozen left, approached the Marquis, saying:

"What shall I do with these?"

The Marquis thought a moment and then said, sadly:

"You may put them in my coffin."

FUNERAL OF DR. VON MIQUEL.

Late Minister of Prussian Finance Is Buried at Frankfort with Many Imposing Honors.

FRANKFORT-ON-THE-MAIN, Sept. 11.—The funeral of Dr. von Miquel, for many years Prussian Minister of Finance, took place here today in the presence of great crowds.

The ceremony included a long procession consisting of the Veterans' association, rifle clubs, foresters, and similar bodies. Baron von Rheinbaben represented Emperor William and Dr. Schenstedt represented the Prussian Ministry.

The oration at the grave was delivered by Dr. Bennigson, one of the leaders of the national Liberal party in the Reichstag. Emperor William and Empress Auguste Victoria sent wreaths.

Wants British Cash for Damages.

LONDON, Sept. 11.—J. A. Barratt, an American lawyer, has been retained by Charles Lillywhite, the ballooned American citizen, who was arrested in New Zealand in November last and arrived in England on June 16, charged with being Arthur Hatch, who is accused of murder, robbery, and arson, committed at Colchester in 1893. Lillywhite's friends confidently reiterate. United States Ambassador Choate will shortly present a petition asking the British government to give Lillywhite damages for his imprisonment.

Russian Prince Coming to America.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

COPENHAGEN, Sept. 11.—Prince Waldemar, third son of King Christian and Commodore of the Danish fleet, will visit New York on the cruiser Valkyrie.

Baby meat is the market, still booming, with another head from Gen. Otis's Secretary Bates this Chicagoan.

TITLED ENGLISHMAN ROBBED OF $140,000.

THE MARQUIS OF ANGLESEY

The young Marquis of Anglesey, who last year was divorced by his wife and who is the head of the house of Pagets of England and the United States, yesterday reported to the London police that he had been robbed of jewelry valued at $140,000.

COLOMBIA REBELS BEATEN

THREE BATTLES RESULT IN VICTORY AT HEAVY COST.

General Edwardo Vasquez of the Government Forces Killed at La Piedras—Insurgent General Killed at El Helechal—Venezuela Preparing for War—Battle Expected at Rio Hacha—French Consul and Citizens Compelled to Fly for Safety to Curacao.

New York, Sept. 11.—[Special.]—Senor Arturo de Brigard, the Colombian Consul General, has received a communication from General Jaime Cordova, Governor of Cauca, telling of a government victory at Puenta Piedra over the rebel forces of General Barriga, and also of the defeat of the insurgent leader General Marin at La Piedras.

In the latter engagement General Cordova says the revolutionists lost 200 men.

General Eduardo Vasquez of the government army was killed in this battle. He was one of the wealthiest and most influential citizen of Antioquia.

According to official advices the rebels suffered another defeat at El Helechal, in the Department of Santander, in which one of their chiefs was killed and another taken prisoner.

General Cordova says that an invasion from Ecuador is expected. He charges that the President of Ecuador is supplying arms and ammunition to the revolutionists commanded by General Avelino Rosas for this purpose.

Venezuela Preparing for War.

SAN JUAN, P. R., Sept. 11.—The steamer Maracaibo, which arrived here today from Venesuelan waters, reports that all Venezuelan laborers from 14 to 60 years of age have been impressed into the army, that the Maracaibo Bay and other steamers have been taken into the government service, and that all horses and mules have been seized. The prisons are filled and merely to discuss the question of war is an offense punishable by imprisonment. A number of Venesuelans who had booked passage for the north were not allowed to sail.

Expect Battle at Rio Hacha.

WILLEMSTAD, Island of Curacoa, Sept. 11.—The French cruiser Suchet arrived here today from La Hacha, Colombia, bringing the French Consul and twenty-eight other Frenchmen, all of whom left the town for safety. When the cruiser left an attack on the town by Venesuelan troops and Colombian rebels was hourly expected.

The Suchet brings a report that a steamer landed 1,000 Colombian troops from Barranquilla and Cartagena at La Hacha on Sept. 9.

The Venesuelan gunboats Zumbador and Miranda and two others were off La Hacha. They were visible from the town, the inhabitants of which daily expected Venesuelan troops to be landed at or near La Hacha. The Colombian troops there were awaiting an attack.

Venezuelan Troops Landed.

An expedition, composed of 1,000 Venezuelan troops under Davila, the Venezuelan leader, which left Porto Cabello three weeks ago, is reported to have safely landed on the Colombian coast, a few miles northeast of La Hacha, and that a second expedition under the leadership of a Colombian named Castillo, composed of Colombian insurgents and Venezuelan sympathisers left Maracaibo overland, bound for La Hacha. Its present whereabouts is unknown, but sufficient time has elapsed since the departure to bring the expedition near La Hacha.

The Davila and Castillo expeditions together number about 1,500 troops, to which should be added about 1,500 Colombian liberals, more or less well armed, congregated about the frontier.

Rumor of Attack on La Hacha.

Washington, D. C., Sept. 11.—Minister Bowen, at Caracas, has reported to the Navy department that it was rumored there that the Venesuelan navy had joined the Colombian vessels in an attack on the Rio Hacha. This is in confirmation of the report received by the Colombian Legation here. United States Consul Malmros, at Colon, also cables a confirmation of Commander Sargent's report as to the presence of a few filibusters on Provisions Island, near Bocas del Toro.

Rebels Give Up Launch.

COLON, Colombia, Sept. 11.—During the stay of the United States gunboat Machias at Bocas del Toro the United Fruit company reobtained possession of the steam launch, seized not long ago by the Liberals.

The Mayor of Panama has issued a decree enforcing military conscription in the case of all Colombians between the ages of 18 and 50.

More Warships May Be Sent.

Buffalo, N. Y., Sept. 11.—[Special.]—According to current gossip tonight Secretary Hay's return to Washington was caused by the disquieting situation in Central America. The Secretary desires to be where he can keep in touch, as the further dispatch of naval vessels can be made only on a request from the State department.

BRITISH WIN A VICTORY.

METHUEN REPORTED TO HAVE DEFEATED DELAREY.

Lord Kitchener Tells the War Office of a Fight in the Great Maries Valley in Which the Burgher Forces Have Eighteen Killed and Forty-one Taken Prisoner—In Another Battle Two Are Killed and Thirty-seven Captured.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

LONDON, Sept. 11.—Lord Kitchener telegraphs the War office that Lord Methuen engaged Commandants Van Tonder and Delarey in the Great Maries Valley from Sept. 6 to Sept. 8, driving them from a strong position. The Boers had eighteen killed and forty-one were taken prisoners.

A dispatch from Cape Town says Colonel Crabbe engaged the Boers at Dreifontein yesterday. Commandant Van Der Merwe and another burgher were killed, several were wounded, and thirty-seven were captured. The British casualities were four killed and three wounded.

Boers Surprise British.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

CAPE TOWN, Sept. 11.—While Colonel Munro's column was returning from Barkley East to Dordrecht it was attacked by the Boers under Commandants Fouchee and Myburgh in the Wolve Kloof. The advance guard was well in the pass, when a terrific fire was opened upon them from the heights above the kloof. The British were in a precarious position on the flat, where there was little or no cover, but they rapidly unlimbered and returned a brisk fire. The fighting continued for some time. The British had four wounded. It is reported that the Boers had four killed and a considerable number wounded.

Boer Trial at Pretoria Ended.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

PRETORIA, Sept. 11.—The trial of the ten Boers accused of violating their oath of neutrality was concluded today. The verdict has not yet been given out. The trials will begin at Johannesburg tomorrow of sixteen more prisoners.

ARMENIANS DEFY THE TURK.

Insurgents Attack the Town of Moush and Destroy the Barracks at Sassoun.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Sept. 11.—More details of the uprising at Moush, in the Erzeroum district, are coming in from Turkish sources.

It is stated that only fifty Armenians were concerned in the attack on the Turkish quarters at Moush, the insurgents retreating to Sassoun. Here the Armenians and dissatisfied Turks blew up the barracks.

Such Turkish reports have previously been forerunners of massacres of Armenians, and it is generally apprehended by non-Mussulmans here that massacres have already taken place.

METHODISM TOLD IN FIGURES.

Reports Show That the Church Has 24,899,421 Adherents—Property Is Worth $300,000,000

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

LONDON, Sept. 11.—A report submitted to the International Ecumenical conference of the Methodist Church shows that there are 24,899,421 adherents of the Methodist faith. In the Western section there are 6,447,361 actual church members, and in the Eastern 1,221,824. The total value of the church property throughout the world is $300,000,000. There are 80,087 churches and 48,334 ministers. The estimated increase in adherents of the Methodist faith in the last decade is 2,536,988.

POWERS WILL SUPPORT SPAIN.

Madrid Government Backed by All Europe in Demands on Sultan of Morocco.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

COLOGNE, Sept. 11.—The Cologne Gazette says it learns from semi-official sources that the great powers will give their moral support to Spain in her conflict with Morocco in regard to stolen children. The time for the payment of the indemnity and the release of the children expires tomorrow, and the Sultan still remains passive. Spain has sent a warship to support her claims. If no satisfaction is obtained Spain will bombard Moroccan towns and land troops.

NIAGARA FALLS ILLUMINATED.

The Michigan Central, "The Niagara Falls Route," has established at its Falls View Station a powerful electric searchlight, which every night illuminates the face of the Falls and the rapids for the benefit of the passengers upon its train passing after dark.

For tickets and folders apply to city ticket office, 119 Adams street Chicago.

CZAR AND KAISER MEET ON THE SEA

Emperor of Germany Greets Russia's Ruler Far from Sight of Land.

POLITICS IN THE VISIT.

Cause of Peace in Europe Advanced by the Meetings of Royalty.

PARIS VISIT NOT CERTAIN.

[Copyright: 1901: By the New York Tribune.]

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

LONDON, Sept. 12, 3 a. m.—The meeting of Emperor William and the Czar, which took place yesterday morning on the high sea near Hela, off the Prussian coast, was the most important European event of the day. It occurred on the eve of the Czar's departure for France, and is a fresh demonstration of the truth that European rulers exercise strong dynastic influence in favor of peace without reference to the coalitions and alliances arranged or supported by the Ministers.

The Franco-Russian alliance retains its stock in trade for the Foreign offices of the two countries precisely as the triple alliance serves the political purposes of the three governments, but the German Emperor and the Czar are personally on the friendliest possible terms and each holds the diplomacy of a great empire in the hollow of his hand. The fact that European diplomacy has increased the good feeling between Germany and France renders the dual and triple alliance less important every year. The natural continental antagonism is between Germany and Russia, and this is counteracted by such meetings as that at Dantzig.

London Press Is Puzzled.

The London newspapers are sorely puzzled to know what the Czar and Kaiser can have had to say to one another, as the Russian autocrat was accompanied by his Foreign Minister and had the advantage of sitting beside the German Chancellor. It is taken for granted that the visit may be deemed to possess international significance. There was certainly every opportunity for an interchange of something more than ceremonial courtesies.

According to the Moscow correspondent of the Standard, however, the organs of the Russian press declare that the visit of the Czar to France and his interviews with other monarchs have no important bearing upon any of the political questions of the day.

Russia is on excellent terms with all the powers, the name of England alone being omitted from the list, and there is really nothing to be considered at any meeting of European rulers. I. N. F.

Meeting on the High Seas.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

DANTZIG, Sept. 11.—The first meeting between Emperor Nicholas and Emperor William took place on the high seas. The Hohenzollern, flying the German and Russian imperial standards at the main, put to sea at 7 o'clock this morning and welcomed the Standart out of sight of land with an imperial salute, which the Standart returned, both crews dressing ship, while the bands played the Russian and German national anthems.

Count Plateu, the Kaiser's aid, went on board the Standart to escort the Czar, who went on board the Hohenzollern. The Kaiser received his imperial visitor at the gangway, where the two monarchs embraced each other. They then inspected the guard of honor together, after which they retired to the quarter deck, where they remained in animated conversation until luncheon, when the Czar sat on the right of the Kaiser and Grand Duke Alexis on the left.

Foreign Ministers Present.

The luncheon party included Count Lamsdorff, the Russian Foreign Minister; Count von Bulow, the German Imperial Chancellor; Count von Eulenberg, Baron Fredericks, Count von Schlieffen, Admiral von Hoffman, and Admiral von Tirpitz.

Just as the meal ended Hela was sighted. The German squadron was drawn up in double line, the vessels being decorated with bunting and the crews manning their sides. The Hohenzollern, with their imperial Majesties on the imperial bridge, steamed slowly between the lines, followed by the Standart and its escort. The two yachts anchored at the heads of their respective lines, after which the Admirals and principal officers of the squadron went on board the Hohenzollern and were presented to the Czar.

Welcome in German Press.

BERLIN, Sept. 11.—The German, Austrian, and even the Russian papers unanimously recognize in the meeting of the Czar and the Kaiser further proof of the friendly relations between the two powers.

"Since this morning," says the Lokal Anzeiger, "the Russian Emperor abides in German waters, a guest of the Kaiser and in reach of the maneuvering fleet. While the visit per se demonstrates the friendly relations existing between the two monarchs, the presence of both leaders of foreign policy proves the political significance of the meeting. The sympathetic articles of the Russian press could not be published without the consent of the government."

The Neueste Nachrichten, pointing out that the German navy is "destined to clear the way for the peaceful development and prosperity of the German people," says:

"In this sense our guns will greet the ruler of the neighboring empire, who, by words and deeds, has proved himself a prince of peace. The voices are silenced which charged the Kaiser with being eager for conquest. Thus the two agreeing monarchs will celebrate their reunion."

Austrian Press Gratified.

VIENNA, Sept. 11.—The Austrian press hails the meeting of Emperor Nicholas and Emperor William at Dantzic as a new guarantee of peace, pointing out that Austria-Hungary has reason to welcome this new pledge that the peace of the world will be preserved.

Paris Visit Not Yet Settled.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

PARIS, Sept. 11.—M. Dausset, President of the Municipal Council, has been informed in a semi-official way that the Czar intends to visit Paris. He expects to receive the official notification at any moment.

Several morning papers publish a Copenhagen telegram to the effect that before he left for Dantzig the Czar notified the President of the Municipal Council, through diplomatic channels, that he would arrive in Paris on Sept. 20.

Notwithstanding the positive assertions made in the newspapers, the Foreign office officials say they have received no official notification on the subject. The official statement made at the Cabinet Council this morning, while announcing that the final details of the receptions and fêtes at Dunkirk, Compiegne, and Rheims have been settled, does not mention a Paris program for Sept. 20, which, therefore, remains a day of repose, with a dinner to be given by President Loubet and a performance at a theater in the evening.

COURT OFFICIAL GIVEN FORTUNE IN WILL OF EMPRESS FREDERICK.

Count Seckendorf.

Count Seckendorf, whom the Kaiser's mother was reported to have married morganatically, is bequeathed $750,000.

GIFT TO ROYAL FAVORITE.

EMPRESS FREDERICK LEAVES $750,000 TO SECKENDORF.

London Truth Asserts That the Will of the Kaiser's Mother Was Not Fully Revealed and That It Now Transpires That She Left Three Million Marks to Count Seckendorf, Her Court Marshal—Story That He Was Her Morganatic Husband Revived.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

[Copyright: 1901: By the New York Tribune.]

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

LONDON, Sept. 12, 3 a. m.—Truth says the will of the late Empress Frederick was not fully revealed. It transpires that she left 3,000,000 marks ($750,000) to Count Seckendorf, her court marshal, to whom, it is alleged, she had been morganatically married.

The Tageblatt and other Berlin papers two weeks ago printed the report that the late Empress had been married to Count Seckendorf. The day after the publication the Kaiser's aid-de-camp called at the office of the Tageblatt and denied the report in the name of the Emperor.

At the time the will was read it was stated that under its provisions Count von Seckendorf would receive numerous presents in recognition of the esteem in which he was held by the late Empress Frederick.

Honored by the Kaiser.

On the same day Emperor William conferred upon Count von Seckendorf the Star of a Commander of the Order of the Royal House of Hohenzollern.

There is no one who enjoys a higher degree of regard at the courts of St. James and of Berlin than Count von Seckendorf. He was loaded with honors by Queen Victoria and by the Prince of Wales, while the present Kaiser, who has known him from his earliest childhood and always as a highly valued member of the household of his parents, has likewise given him many tokens of his high regard and affectionate gratitude, conferring upon him amongst other dignities the rank of a Privy Councilor, of a General in the army, and of a Knight Grand Cross of the Order of the Red Eagle.

Braved Bismarck's Enmity.

At a moment when, during the closing years of Emperor Frederick's life, almost every one shrunk from the side of the dying man and of his devoted consort, for fear of incurring the relentless wrath of the then all-powerful Prince Bismarck, Count Seckendorf was virtually alone to remain chivalrously by the side of the sorely afflicted imperial couple. The Bismarckian press, so justly described even by the old Chancellor himself as "reptile," thereupon avenged itself upon the gallant nobleman by associating his name in a slanderous fashion with that of his master's wife.

Count Seckendorf's younger brother, having married in this country, has for many years made his home at Washington, and, like many another foreigner of ancient lineage and illustrious birth, has dropped his title as out of keeping with American idgas.

DENMARK IS READY TO SELL.

Danish West Indies Not Yet Purchased by United States—Delayed by McKinley's Illness.

[Copyright: 1901: By the New York Tribune.]

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

LONDON, Sept. 12, 3 a. m.—Dispatches from Copenhagen assert that the negotiations for the sale of the Danish West Indies to the United States have been completed. These reports, like many which have preceded them, are premature. The islands have not yet been purchased by the Washington government and no formal agreement has been reached respecting the terms. Nothing will be done for several months owing to the illness of President McKinley and the preoccupation of the Danish ministry with other affairs.

The Copenhagen reports, while premature, are well founded in one respect. The United States government can buy these islands at a reasonable price if it wishes to do so, and it cannot play the dog in the manger when Germany is ready to take them and establish coaling and naval stations in the West Indies, as it has done in the Red Sea, where it has secured the islands coveted by Russia for a long time.

These Danish islands will be cheap at any price if the occupation of them will forestall raising the Monroe doctrine in a most aggressive form. There are two harbors, St. John and St. Thomas, which are perfectly defensible and command the lines of communication between Europe and the Interoceanic canal. These are the best sites for a West Indian naval station not already in the possession of the Americans and English. Santa Cruz is a valuable sugar island, with a well developed industry, and the possession of the entire group is essential to the defense of Cuba and Porto Rico. I. N. F.

One Ray of Hope.

The buckwheat cake outlook has a pleasing appearance.—Pittsburg Chronicle-Telegraph.

SCIENCE MEN AT GLASGOW

ANNUAL SESSION OF THE BRITISH ASSOCIATION.

Section Work Will Be Unusually Full and a New Department Will Be Opened in the Interest of Education—Program to Cover Eight Days with Many Distinguished Men of Learning Present—Social Receptions to Be Held by Various Persons.

[Copyright: 1901: By the New York Tribune.]

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

LONDON, Sept. 12, 3 a. m.—An eight days' session of the British association opened with Professor Rucker's presidential address yesterday, at Glasgow, where every learned body pays tribute this year to the expenses of the international exposition. The section work will be unusually full this year, and a new department will be opened in the interest of education, with Sir John Gorst in the chair. Popular lectures will be delivered by Professor Ramsay, Francis Darwin, and H. J. Mackinder. Lord Kelvin will read an important paper on "The Amount of Matter in Interstellar Spaces," and Professor Percy Frankland will review the year's progress in chemistry.

The University of Glasgow will be the headquarters of the association, overlooking the exhibition grounds. Social receptions will be held by the Provost of Glasgow, Lord and Lady Overtoun, Lord and Lady Blythswood, and the exhibition authorities.

Methodist Ecumenical Conference.

The Methodist Ecumenical Conference held two dull sessions yesterday, discussing "Methodist Literature and Journalism" and "Young People's Societies." Drs. Hass and Haven were among the American speakers.

The evening session at St. James' Hall was devoted to the reception of addresses from other religious bodies, including the Congregationalists, Baptists, Quakers, and the Salvation Army.

Attend Nurses' Congress.

Quite a big contingent of hospital nurses and matrons from this country will take part in the great congress of nurses at the Pan-American Exposition at Buffalo next week. I. N. F.

SHEIKH'S SON DEFIES SULTAN.

Rebukes Ottoman Council of State for Rejecting Measure Intended to Benefit Christians.

LONDON, Sept. 12.—"At Tuesday's meeting of the Ottoman Council of State," says a dispatch to the Times from Constantinople, "a son of the Sheikh Ul Islam created a sensation by rebuking the assembly for rejecting a measure intended to benefit the Christian population. He denounced the present system of government, which, he declared, brought ruin on the country and ridicule on the empire. He added that he was aware that his remarks would be reported to the Sultan, but he was quite prepared to repeat them in the Sultan's presence."

Brigands on Negros Island.

MANILA, Sept. 11.—A force of brigands recently attacked and plundered the Town of Castillina, Island of Negros, which was guarded by Filipino police. Three of the latter were killed and five were wounded. Troops are now searching for the brigands in the mountains.

Notes from Foreign Lands.

LONDON—Emperor Nicholas and King Edward, it is said, have purchased American bicycles at Copenhagen.

GIBRALTAR—The United States cruiser Chicago has arrived here. The cruiser will go to Genoa to await the arrival of the Nashville and Albany.

BERLIN—The famous astronomical instruments that were taken by the Germans from the Pekin Observatory are being placed in the orangery at Sans Souci.

LONDON—American lawyers have contributed $4,870 to the fund for the erection of a memorial to Lord Russell of Killowen, the late Lord Chief Justice of England.

PEKIN—The imperial government will not permit the building of a railway from south of Tsehing to the head of navigation of the Liao River for the purpose of diverting the trade of New Chwang.

GLASGOW—The peace conference passed a resolution urging the governments which are signatories of the Berlin treaty to convene a conference for the purpose of settling the Armenian question.

LONODN—The renovated Adelphi Theater was reopened under the name of the Century Theater with Morton and Kerker's "Whirl of the Town." The play met with a qualified reception. Madge Lessing as the mermaid was the most appreciated.

LONDON—A delegate of the Trades Union congress will visit European capitals in order to ascertain what country affords the safest protection for investing the funds of the union in foreign securities, owing to the decision in the House of Lords in the Taff Vale case.

DALNY, Manchuria—The Russian administrator refuses to erect godowns for the storage of American kerosene. He states that measures will soon be taken to exclude that article from Manchuria. The value of American kerosene imported through Port Arthur and New Chwang is about 700,000 taels annually.

TOULON—An officer of the name of Malgorn and several midshipmen were landed here today from the French battleship Magenta for practice in the destruction of railway lines. While Malgorn was demonstrating how this should be done a detonater exploded. Malgorn's left hand was torn off and four midshipmen were severely wounded.

CHAMBERLAIN AS OBJECT OF PLOT.

Assassination of the Colonial Secretary of England Is Planned.

EXPOSED BY FRENCHMAN.

London Prisoner Admits Killing German Who Asked Him to Commit Deed.

GIVES DETAILS OF OFFER.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

LONDON, Sept. 11.—A Frenchman, Marshal Faugerou, who has been in jail for a week on a remand, charged with murdering a German of the name of Jung in the Clerkenwell district, stated in the police court today that there was a plot to assassinate Joseph Chamberlain, the Colonial Secretary, and that Jung had suggested that he (Faugerou) should commit the crime.

When Faugerou was informed that he would be committed for trial on the charge of having murdered Jung he said that about six weeks ago, when he was out of work, another foreigner spoke to him outside a restaurant. This man told Faugerou that he need not work and took him to Jung's house. Jung said to him that it was absurd that some persons should have their purses full of money while others have none. Jung added:

"There must be equality for everybody."

Blames Chamberlain for Boer War.

Before Faugerou left, Jung gave him a pound note. On a subsequent visit Jung said to him:

"Don't you think all the misery of the Transvaal war is due to Chamberlain and that he deserves to be stabbed, just to make him feel a little of the misery he has inflicted upon others? I will not take any risk myself, but will undertake, through intermediaries, to guarantee a fortune to the man who will do the deed."

Faugerou went on to say that Jung showed him an invoice of £10, which he said was "for the purpose of allowing you to dress yourself decently in order to accomplish this object." Jung added:

"I do not expect to see the man who introduced you to me (whose name is Dodo) again. The latter has gone to do his duty. I hope you will do yours. I mentioned you for Chamberlain."

Refuses to Slay the Secretary.

Faugerou said in reply: "I will not do it."

Jung then said: "Very well; you have had about five pounds since I first assisted you. Give them back and we will be good friends again."

Faugerou retorted: "I have not got the money."

Then Jung said: "You must give me the money or you cannot leave the place."

Jung then went towards the door, and, taking a piece of iron, threw it at Faugerou. A struggle followed. Faugerou drew a knife and stabbed Jung, who said: "A good many others like you have done me before, you rascal."

These were the last words Jung spoke. He died a moment afterwards.

Self-Defense Prisoner's Plea.

Faugerou concluded his statement by saying he had committed the crime and pleaded guilty. He added:

"But I committed the murder in legitimate self-defense. I regret the occurrence much, not for the sake of Jung, but for his family. I think I have rendered a great service to Europe."

Faugerou swore to and signed his statement and then was committed for trial on a charge of murder.

There are two extraordinary features about this case. In the first place, Faugerou has been kept in the strictest custody for the last week, and could not have known of Czolgosz's attempt to kill President McKinley and the world-wide anti-Anarchist denunciations of the last few days. The other point is that the staff of the most expert secret police who follow the Anarchists in England has recently been working shorthanded, owing to the doubling of the guard around King Edward.

SUICIDE'S POLICY IS VOIDED.

Appellate Court at Springfield Holds That Insured Man's Contract Must Be Upheld.

Springfield, Ill., Sept. 11.—[Special.]—The Appellate Court, Third District, today handed down an opinion in which it holds that an insurance beneficiary cannot recover on a policy provided the policy stipulates that it becomes void if the person insured dies by his own hands, whether sane or insane.

This ruling was made in the case of Fannie Schwartz vs. The Supreme Court of Honor, appealed from the Circuit Court of Sangamon County. Abe Wineburger held a policy for $2,000 payable to his wife and daughter, Mrs. Schwartz. A Coroner's jury held that he committed suicide, and the Court of Honor refused to pay the claim. A judgment for the full amount was rendered in the Circuit Court, and the Court of Honor prosecuted the appeal.

The Appellate Court says all questions except the manner of death are superseded. The principal evidence tending to prove that the deceased committed suicide was given by a woman.

WILL BUILD ELECTRIC ROAD.

Company to Construct Line from South Haven to Benton Harbor—Files Big Mortgage.

St. Joseph, Mich., Sept. 11.—[Special.]—The Michigan and West Shore Traction company filed articles of incorporation with County Clerk Church, with a capital stock of $1,200,000. One hour later S. B. Downer, representing the company, filed one of the largest mortgages in the history of Berrien County in the register of deeds office. The mortgage is payable to the American Trust company, New York, for $1,350,000, which amount will be used to construct and equip an electric railway from South Haven through Covert, with a loop around Paw Paw Lake through Watervliet, Coloma, and Riverside, terminating at Benton Harbor for the present. One year later the line will be extended to St. Joseph.

Mr. Downer, who is one of the heaviest stockholders, said tonight: "The construction of the road will commence at once. The company secured a franchise from Benton Harbor for the use of certain streets last spring."

BOY BURGLARS ARE SENTENCED.

Five Young Robbers of Oshkosh, Wis., Betrayed by Over-Supply of Chewing Gum.

Oshkosh, Wis., Sept. 11.—[Special.]—Five boys, ranging from 12 to 15 years, were sentenced to the reform school this afternoon for burglary. They are Andrew Lindbade, Willie Heins, George Wellanck, Willie Mollen, and Herman Schmidt. They confessed to breaking into three stores and stealing goods aggregating $70. Among the goods taken was a quantity of chewing gum, and it was through this means that the boys were trapped.

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said in reply: "I will not do it." en said; "Very well; you have five pounds since I first assisted them back and we will be good gain."

retorted: "I have not got the

ing said: "You must give me the you cannot leave the place." men went towards the door, and, piece of iron, threw it at Faugerou. followed. Faugerou drew a knife ed Jung, who said: "A good many e you have done me before, you

were the last words Jung spoke. moment afterwards.

f-Defense Prisoner's Plea.

ou concluded his statement by say- d committed the crime and pleaded He added:

committed the murder in legitimate so. I regret the occurrence much. ake of Jung, but for his family. have rendered a great service to

u swore to and signed his state- then was committed for trial on of murder.

re two extraordinary features case. In the first place, Faugerou kept in the strictest custody for eek, and could not have known of attempt to kill President McKin- the world-wide anti-Anarchist de- s of the last few days. The other that the staff of the most expert ice who follow the Anarchists in has recently been working short- ving to the doubling of the guard ing Edward.

E'S POLICY IS VOIDED.

e Court at Springfield Holds Insured Man's Contract Must Be Upheld.

ld, Ill., Sept. 11.—[Special.]—The Court, Third District, today hand- an opinion in which it holds that nee beneficiary cannot recover on rovided the policy stipulates that void if the person insured dies n hands, whether sane or insane. ng was made in the case of Fan- arts vs. The Supreme Court of peals from the Circuit Court of County. Abe Winebarger held a $2,000 payable to his wife and Mrs. Schwartz, Coroner's jury he committed suicide, and the Honor refused to pay the claim. t for the full amount was ren- he Circuit Court, and the Court of ecuted the appeal. eliate Court says all questions ex- manner of death are superseded. al evidence tending to prove that ed committed suicide was given an.

BUILD ELECTRIC ROAD.

to Construct Line from South en to Benton Harbor— Files Big Mortgage.

h, Mich., Sept. 11.—[Special.]—The and West Shore Traction company ties of incorporation with County rch, with a capital stock of $1,850,- hour later S. B. Downer, represent- mpany, filed one of the largest mort- e history of Berrien County in the deeds office. The mortgage is the American Trust company, for $1,850,000, which amount will construct and equip an electric m South Haven through Covert, around Paw Paw Lake through , Coloma, and Riverside, terminat- ton Harbor for the present. One the line will be extended to St.

ner, who is one of the heaviest rs, said tonight: "The construc- road will commence at once. The secured a franchise from Benton the use of certain streets last

RGLARS ARE SENTENCED.

ng Robbers of Oshkosh, Wis., ayed by Over-Supply of Chewing Gum.

Wis., Sept. 11.—[Special.]—Five ing from 12 to 15 years, were sen- the reform school this afternoon ry. They are Andrew Lindblade, s, George Wallanck, Willie Mol- erman Schmidt. They confessed e into three stores and stealing egating $70. Among the goods a quantity of chewing gum, and it this means that the boys were

BIG WAVE HITS LINER OCEANIC.

Passenger Injured as It Deluges Deck and Rushes Into the Saloon.

TOLD OF CZOLGOSZ'S ACT.

Steamer Gets News by Wireless Message, but Not the Result of Shots.

GENERAL NEW YORK NEWS.

NEW YORK BUREAU CHICAGO TRIBUNE, New York, Sept. 11.

On its second day out from Liverpool the steamer Oceanic, which reached port today, was struck by a huge wave that, breaking over its bows, deluged the deck, knocked down a woman in the steerage, and finally wended its way into the saloon, where the stewards lost no time in repairing what damage it did. The woman who was injured was a Mrs. Radican. Her shoulder was dislocated, but the injury was nearly well when the vessel reached port.

Liner Oceanic Is Struck by a Huge Wave.

As the Oceanic arrived in the vicinity of Nantucket lightship Tuesday Captain Cameron had the vessel steered close enough for the observer at that point to report his arrival. When the liner was abreast of the lightship the latter's Captain, through a megaphone, informed Captain Cameron that President McKinley had been shot at Buffalo on Friday. Before the Nantucket Captain could tell him that the President was improving every day the Oceanic was out of hailing distance. There was a great deal of speculation on board after the news was communicated to the passengers as to the extent of the President's injuries. Had it not been for the fact that the Stars and Stripes flying from the lightship was not at half mast many of them said they would undoubtedly have thought the President was dead. As it was, when the liner arrived off the Hook and took on her pilot the passengers surrounded the latter and got from him the latest details concerning the condition of the President. The good news he communicated to them caused a great deal of rejoicing on board.

One passenger was H. C. Frick, the steel magnate of Pittsburg. Asked if he had seen Mr. Carnegie in England, Mr. Frick looked surprised, and then added in a most positive manner:

"Why do you ask me that? I only deal with men who are honest."

The funeral services of Herman Ossian Armour, who died suddenly of apoplexy on Sunday last at Saratoga, were held today at 11 o'clock at his late residence, 856 Fifth avenue. The honorary pall-bearers were H. C. Horton, John H. Starin, Senator T. C. Platt, G. K. Clark Jr., F. E. Deare, J. S. Thayer, Harrison E. Gawtry, C. G. Foster, and T. A. McIntyre. The Rev. Dr. G. T. Purvis of the Fifth Avenue Presbyterian Church, formerly attended by Mr. Armour, conducted the services. Of the immediate family there were present Mrs. H. O. Armour, Mrs. Frank Ferguson and Mrs. William G. Nichols, his daughters, with their husbands; J. Ogden Armour of Chicago, present head of the house; Simeon Chapin, a nephew; Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Armour of Kansas City, and Mr. and Mrs. Frank W. Platt. The body was interred in Woodlawn.

Funeral of Herman O. Armour Is Held.

There appears to be a disposition among the shareholders of the Tripler Liquid Air company to drop all charges, and, according to H. F. Vennell & Co., fiscal agents of the company, a receiver probably will be asked for soon with a view to the reorganization of the company so as to wipe out promoters' stock and protect all shareholders who can show receipts for money payments upon stock.

William H. Crane, the actor, is now at the Players' club in what his friends consider a rather serious condition. He was taken there at midnight after falling at the Imperial Hotel and apparently spraining his ankle. The physicians in attendance say he wrenched a muscle of his leg. Mr. Crane himself reports he is feeling all right and expects to be out in two or three days. The rehearsals of "David Harum," however, which began about ten days ago, when Mr. Crane returned from Carlsbad, have been discontinued and will not be resumed until Mr. Crane is entirely recovered.

William H. Crane Has Bad Fall.

Judge Lacombe of the United States Circuit Court issued an order today directing Collector George R. Bidwell to refund $400,-146 to the American Sugar Refining company, which is the amount of duty paid by the company in 1900 on sugar imported from Porto Rico.

Unexpectedly high prices were realized in the peremptory sale of silks conducted today by Townsend & Montant, and many large buyers who expected to bid in quantities of goods contented themselves with small remnants because of these high prices. The sale was the most important general sale of silk goods of the year in this country. Some 200 buyers, who came from points as far west as San Francisco and as far south as Houston, Tex., were present. Nearly all the large jobbing establishments of the country were represented. In all some 4,500 pieces or bolts of silk were sold in the course of the day. There were in all nearly 200,000 yards, and the entire lot was valued at $200,000.

High Prices Paid at Silk Sale.

The Committee of Eighteen, to which the anti-Tammany conference referred all of the nominations which have been made for possible candidates for the office of Mayor, met this afternoon and discussed candidates for Mayor. A tentative list was prepared from which to choose, but the anti-Tammany nomination for Mayor, at this time, seems to have been narrowed down to Colonel E. M. Shepard, John D. Crimmins, Captain F. N. Godfrey, and District Attorney E. A. Philbin.

Kenneth Cauthers of 6040 Prospect place, Kenwyn, the 15-year-old son of William J. Cauthers, an importer of laces at 66 Greene street, was arrested today for forging the name of his employer, Levi Best, to a check for $1,200. Charles Fahlburch, 15 years old, of 1304 Bedford avenue, Brooklyn, Kenneth's playmate, was arrested while attempting to have the check cashed. Both boys confessed. Cauthers had been for four weeks an errand boy for Best at $3 a week. On Tuesday night, in the presence of Fahlburch, he filled out a check for $1,200, and, drawing it to the order of "James E. Biggs Reserve," signed it "Levi Best," as near as he could in imitation of his employer's signature. The forgery was apparent.

Errand Boy Forges Check for $1,200.

The offer of Secretary Gage to purchase $30,000,000 bonds for the purpose of replacing in circulation a part of the vast surplus now locked up in the United States Treasury, bids fair to bring a larger response than at first seemed likely. Members of the Clearing-House committee and bankers have interested themselves to find available supplies of bonds, with the result that it is known that offerings aggregating $8,-000,000 of value will be made. Additional considered offerings may bring the total up to $10,000,000.

Some of the bonds which it has been arranged to offer are the 4s of 1925 — the so-called "long fours," the bid price for which advanced in today's market ½ per cent. It cannot be learned at what price these securities are to be proffered to Secretary Gage, but it may be assumed that the figure will be a reasonable one, practically obviating the necessity of rejection.

Gage's Offer to Buy Bonds Brings Quick Responses.

Wealthy investors, it is understood, will furnish most of the bonds, exchanging them in some instances for attractive municipal bonds. It is learned also that at least one of the leading local savings banks has under discussion the advisability of turning over to Secretary Gage a large block of the 4s.

Dr. Wilfred G. Fralick, who recently introduced his infusion treatment for consumptive patients in the Metropolitan Hospital, administered the same treatment before a number of physicians at Memorial Hospital, in Brooklyn, where he is consulting surgeon. Five patients were treated with the fluid, three men and two women.

Dr. Fralick Uses Phthisis Fluid on Five Patients.

All the cases were in an advanced stage. As the treatment involves a slight operation, all of the usual antiseptic requirements were introduced. The right arm was bared and made antiseptically clean. Local anesthesia was produced by means of cocaine. A slight incision was made in a vein on the inside of the elbow, and the infusion injected by means of a long tube.

The fluid is heated to 110 degrees before using. The effect on the patients as the infusion was entering the vein was interesting. Being in the last stage of the disease, their arms were shrunken and their faces emaciated. Soon a warm glow crept into the face and a slight moisture was evident on the forehead. The cases will be carefully watched for results.

The United States Ambassador to Italy, George von L. Meyer, sailed on the steamship Majestic today for Liverpool on his way to Rome, where he will resume his official duties.

The organization of the committee to take charge of the celebration of the thousandth anniversary of the death of King Alfred of England was completed here today. The anniversary of the King's death falls on Oct. 26. The plans already adopted include a sermon to be preached on the evening of Oct. 27 at St. Paul's Chapel by an eminent divine, a banquet at Delmonico's the following evening, and the opening of the exhibition of Anglo-Saxon books and literature at the Lenox Library on the same date.

Plan to Observe King Alfred Anniversary.

At the banquet speeches will be made on "Alfred the Lawgiver," "Alfred the Founder of the Navy," and "Alfred the Poet and Author." The names of the speakers have not yet been announced, but they are said to be men of international reputation.

The Society of American Authors, which has been interested with the committee on the arrangements for the Alfred celebration, is in receipt of many letters from the governing bodies of universities, colleges, and schools, stating that the various educational institutions will join in making the celebration a national one.

Leonard Cordes, once a well known violinist, died today at his apartments in East Eighty-eighth street. Cordes was 72 years of age, and in his life had been the first violin in some of the best known orchestras in the country. He was also well known as a teacher.

Thomas E. Hayman, the hay merchant, on whose complaint Samuel J. O'Keefe's poolroom at 29 West Thirty-fourth street, nearly opposite the Waldorf-Astoria, was raided a week ago today, is locked up in Ludlow Street Jail. He was arrested on Tuesday afternoon in his apartments on a body execution issued on a judgment in favor of Judson H. Grant, a real estate dealer. The judgment, which Hayman says was obtained by default last April owing to his sickness, is for the alleged conversion of $425 to Hayman's own use. He says he expects to get out of jail on a writ of habeas corpus tomorrow and will make it warm for several persons. Hayman expected something to happen to him because of that raid, he says, and he is glad that nothing worse has occurred than his arrest in a civil suit.

Poolroom Prosecutor Is Locked Up.

THREE ESCAPE LIQUOR CHARGE.

Evanston Fails to Prosecute and Men Arrested in Chief Knight's Raid Are Acquitted.

The first three cases against men charged with being inmates of a place where intoxicants are sold in Evanston were dismissed yesterday afternoon in Justice O'Connel's court. The defendants, J. Gleason, J. Heines, and J. Keys, were caught by the raids of Chief of Police Knight last Saturday night. The City Attorney failed to appear when the case was called and the justice refused to grant a continuance. The other men and women arrested in the raid will have a hearing today, Friday, Saturday, and Monday.

Chief Knight was jubilant yesterday at the first positive indication of the success of the plan recently put into operation of banishing beer peddlers by having each wagon followed throughout its route by a policeman mounted on a bicycle. This indication came to the Chief in the form of a report made by one of the officers that the wagon he had followed for several days had failed to appear on its route during the morning.

The inference drawn from this was that the peddler had either become fearful of prosecution or that he had been driven out of business by loss of patronage.

Important to Mothers.

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over 30 Years. The Kind You Have Always Bought.

R. HALL M'CORMICK'S STEAM YACHT RAPIDAN, WRECKED OFF CAPE HENLOPEN.

On board the Rapidan at the time were George Roebling and a party of friends. All were taken ashore by the life-savers. The Rapidan, which had been leased to Mr. Roebling for the season, probably will be a total loss.

WARRANTS IN BANK CASE.

SECRET INDICTMENTS ISSUED IN SEVENTH NATIONAL AFFAIR.

Federal Grand Jury, Investigating the Wrecked Financial Institution, Returns Bills, but Refuses to Announce Those Involved—Belief Is That Persons Connected with the Gotham Failure Are Accused—Number Involved Also Kept from the Public.

New York, Sept. 11.—[Special.]—One, at least, and perhaps three indictments against a person or persons connected with the wrecked Seventh National Bank were handed in by the federal grand jury today. Bench warrants were issued and will be served this week.

The jury, which has devoted four sittings to the investigation of the affairs of the bank, whose failure on June 27 last created alarm in the financial district, filed into the criminal branch of the United States District Court today at noon and handed up to Justice Lacombe a number of indictments. It can be stated with every reason of certainty that they include the ones mentioned above.

On the application of Assistant United States District Attorney Baldwin, Justice Lacombe issued the bench warrants for arrest, and these are now in the hands of the Assistant District Attorney.

Names Are Kept from Public.

No amount of questioning brought forth any information that would give an idea as to the men indicted. Even the attorneys representing men likely to be indicted could not tell definitely the exact number of Seventh National indictments handed up or the persons named in the instruments.

It was stated by persons who had seen the indictments handed to Justice Lacombe that they were four. Assistant District Attorney Baldwin, when questioned, declared positively that there were not four indictments, but when asked if by this he meant to say that there were more or less than that number, he said:

"It is obviously proper, as well as mandatory under the statutes, to withhold all information concerning all indictments handed up until the warrants have been served.

"A number of warrants were issued to me today and will be served at the proper time. They will certainly not be served today or tomorrow, and that is as definite as I can be at present."

Secret Is Guarded Closely.

Mr. Baldwin deftly parried a number of questions, but his conversations make it reasonably sure that an indictment or several indictments had been found against men connected with the wrecked bank.

In the opinion of men who have watched the case closely it is probable that other indictments may be found when the grand jury meets again next Tuesday.

Soon after the issuance of the warrants, just after noon, ex-Judge William K. Olcott, who is counsel for Frank B. Poor of Henry Marquand & Co., the firm most closely connected with the failure of the bank, arrived at the federal building and inquired of Mr. Baldwin whether his client was included in any of the indictments. Mr. Olcott said that his client was now in his office and was anxious for the facts. The Assistant District Attorney refused to give him any information.

Poor's Attorney in the Dark.

When seen at his office later Mr. Olcott said:

"I am as much in the dark as any one regarding the matter. Mr. Poor, my client, waited in my office for several hours today with the hope of hearing whether he had been included in the indictments found. To satisfy him I sought information at the District Attorney's office and got absolutely none. While I do not think that my client has violated any United States statute, I believe that if indictments have not been issued already in the city there will be."

F. S. Heath Is Interested.

Fletcher S. Heath, Vice President of the Seventh National Bank, also called at the federal building during the day, but it was impossible to learn the nature of his business there.

After leaving the federal building Mr. Heath went at once to the office of President Kimball of the defunct bank and was closeted with him for some time. Mr. Kimball, seen just before the arrival of Mr. Heath, asserted that he had not heard of the issuance of any warrants.

Practically the same reply was made by President Thomas of the bank and William Nelson Cromwell, counsel for the bank.

BOYS SUSPECTED OF MURDER.

Eight Youngsters at Denver, Colo., Are Arrested After the Mysterious Death of a Comrade.

Denver, Colo., Sept. 11.—[Special.]—Eight boys have been arrested on suspicion that they know someth ing concerning the death of Homer Reahard, 11 years old, who was found with a bullet in his brain near his home several weeks ago.

At first it was supposed the boy was killed accidentally by a hunter, but now the police claim to have evidence connecting all the boys under arrest with the crime.

The prisoners range in age from 12 to 18 years, the majority being about 14.

Diamonds are the best savings bank. Easy payments. Loftis Bros., 105 State-st.

POLICE SEEK TATTOOED MAN AND A DANCER'S WARDROBE.

Freak in India Ink Designs Is Charged by a Rag Time "Artist" with Stealing His Clothing.

Ingratitude on the part of a tattooed man almost caused a suspension of a performance at a West Side concert hall last night. "Al" Gordon, the tattooed man, was accused by Harry Burdell, one of the song and dance "artists," of the theft of his wardrobe, and the police are searching for Gordon.

According to the story told by Burdell, he met Gordon on the street several weeks ago. Gordon had been "at work" at a State street museum, but was idle and without funds at the time. Burdell offered to share his room and meal ticket with Gordon, and the offer was accepted. During Burdell's absence from his room yesterday afternoon the greater part of his wardrobe, valued at $300, and $90 in cash were stolen, and an attempt was made to force open Burdell's trunk. Some of Gordon's effects were gone, and he was seen leaving the place carrying two large packages.

When the report of the theft was made Lieutenant O'Connor turned the case over to Detective William Mahoney, and instructed him to send out a dispatch to all police stations, giving a description of Gordon. The message submitted read:

Look out for and arrest Al Gordon, a tattooed man. He is wanted for larceny at the Desplaines Street Station.

"That won't do," said Lieutenant O'Connor. "You will have to give a better description."

"Why?" asked Mahoney. "That tattooing is the best means of identification. His initials are on his arm."

"So's his shirt and his coat," retorted the Lieutenant. "Send out a better description."

Mahoney did.

SEVERAL ARRESTS AT HAMMOND

Warrants for Twenty-one Strikers Charge Rioting—Five Men Found—Bindery Girls Give a Supper.

Sheriff Lawrence went to Hammond from Crown Point last evening with a force of deputies and carried warrants for twenty-one of the W. B. Conkey company striking employés. These warrants charge the strikers with rioting and set the hearing for Oct. 3 at Michigan City.

When it came to serving the warrants it was found that several of those wanted had been gone for some days to other cities. Yet the rioting charged was committed on Tuesday night, and consisted in a number of persons assaulting a pressman employed at Conkey's, and giving the name of M. F. Keiser. The injured man was set upon and knocked down with bricks and was pelted with missiles until passengers on a passing street car heard his cries for help and rescued him. Later in the evening he pointed out a striking pressman named John W. Sugrue as one of his assailants, and the latter was arrested and spent the night in the lockup. Failing to give bond last night, when a warrant was served on him, he was taken to the county jail at Crown Point.

The others arrested last night were: W. D. Cameron, Harry Alting, A. Hoek, and J. J. Merties. In each case the bond was $100. All but Sugrue gave bonds, signed by Councilman Fred W. Newell. The men are not pleased at the distant date set for trial, and will ask for an immediate hearing.

The Bindery Girls' union gave a New England supper and ball last night to raise funds. The attendance was large.

Every press in the Conkey plant was running yesterday, eleven men and boys being employed in the electrotype room, and the bindery and composing rooms running about one-half force.

At the third day's session of the Team Drivers' International union convention at 187 Washington street the remaining officers to be chosen were elected as follows:

Trustees—J. E. Hillman, Ontario; John W. Hartman, Pennsylvania; T. Thompson, Texas.

Delegates to Organizers—W. Coots, Michigan; W. L. Knarr, Ohio; J. F. Smith, Indiana; T. C. Leonard, Illinois; W. S. Duckwirth, Iowa; T. Thompson, Texas; C. A. Lewis, New York; J. J. Buckley, Massachusetts; D. Connell, Pennsylvania.

Delegates to Federation of Labor—Jasper Clark of Toledo and T. C. Leonard of Chicago.

TICKET MEN ELECT CHICAGOAN.

International Association, in Convention at Toronto, Chooses Col. J. A. Robbins President.

Toronto, Ont., Sept. 11.—[Special.]—The International Association of Ticket Agents opened its annual convention here today, with 300 members in attendance. Although organized in 1881, this is the first time the association has convened in Canada. Colonel J. A. Robbins of Chicago was elected President, W. P. Hambright, Lancaster, Pa., First Vice President; F. S. Montgomery, Vincennes, Ind., Second Vice President; J. H. Sterling, Pittsburg, Pa., Third Vice President; Colonel C. G. Cadwallader, Philadelphia, Secretary; and Ellwood Ramsey, Philadelphia, Treasurer. It was decided to change the name of the official magazine from the Railway International Passenger and Ticket Agents' Journal, as it is now known, to the International Railway Journal.

Veterans Elect New Officers.

Buffalo, N. Y., Sept. 11.—The second annual encampment and reunion of the national association of Spanish war veterans completed its business today and adjourned to meet in Indianapolis next year. The following officers were elected: Commander-in-Chief, Colonel J. Corryell of Pennsylvania; Senior Vice Commander-in-Chief, Colonel W. M. Kiry of Auburn, N. Y.; Junior Commander-in-Chief, G. E. Patterson of Tennessee.

Robber Kills and Is Slain.

Leadville, Col., Sept. 11.—Joseph Manshine, a bartender at Stringtown, three miles from here, was killed by robbers at midnight. One of the robbers also was killed by Dettler, proprietor of the saloon. Manshine was closing up the saloon when the two masked men attempted to gain admission.

No torture compares to that of a rheumatic. Prescription No. 2,351 by Elmer & Amend quickest relief of all.

CHICAGO YACHT IS ASHORE

ROBERT HALL M'CORMICK'S RAPIDAN WRECKED ON ATLANTIC.

Owner Leaves the Vessel at New York to Go to Cape May by Rail — Two Guests Sail in the Boat for the New Jersey Port, but the Steamer Strikes at Cape Henlopen in a Gale—All on Board Reach Land Through Efforts of Life Savers.

Cape Henlopen, Del., Sept. 11.—[Special.]—The steam yacht Rapidan, owned by Robert Hall McCormick of Chicago, went ashore on the point off here, late last night, and probably will become a total wreck. Two guests, George Roebling and a friend, with the Captain and a crew of seven men, landed in surfboats after considerable difficulty.

The Rapidan, with Mr. McCormick and party on board, left Chicago some time ago to attend the trial races of Constitution and Columbia at Newport, R. I. The trip was made through the lakes. After the races the yacht was taken to New York, where the party split up, some going to Cape May, N. J., direct by rail. Two guests preferred to remain on the yacht and go to Cape May by water.

Runs Into a Gale.

The Rapidan left New York on Monday, and on that night while steaming south off Barnegat ran into a northeast gale.

Captain Wallace thought it unsafe to keep close to the shore, and so decided to go to sea. The yacht had a rough time of it and became short of coal. The Captain then made for the Delaware breakwater, but was either blown out of his course or lost his bearings and the yacht went ashore on the point of the cape, which is fourteen miles across the entrance to Delaware Bay from Cape May.

The Cape Henlopen life-savers saw the vessel and attempted to take those on board off by means of the breeches buoy, but the sea was too rough. A surfboat was launched, and with great difficulty the guests and the crew were safely landed.

May Go to Pieces.

The Rapidan is pounding badly on the beach tonight and the prospects of saving the yacht are not bright. A tug is near here and will attempt to float the vessel after the storm lets up if it does not in the meantime go to pieces.

The Rapidan, which was formerly the Catherine C., is handsomely appointed. It is 120 feet long, 17 feet beam, and 9 feet deep.

MORE CHILDREN IN SCHOOL.

Incomplete Figures for September 6 Show an Attendance of 217,216.

With three schools not reported, the total attendance at the public schools Sept. 6, was 208,068 for the grammar and elementary grades, and 9,148 for the high schools. No figures for a corresponding date last year are available, but the report at hand shows a large increase, according to school officials.

EXODUS FROM KLONDIKE IS ON.

Estimated 6,000 Persons Will Leave Soon — Steamer Ha-Ting Brings Out $250,000 in Gold.

Vancouver, B. C., Sept. 11.—The steamer Ha-Ting from Skagway today brought $250,000 in gold dust. Passengers from Dawson say that a great outward rush from that city is now on, and it is estimated that 5,000 people will come out during September and October.

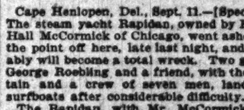
Chicagoan Opens Hay Convention.

Indianapolis, Ind., Sept. 11.—George Stone, Secretary of the Chicago Board of Trade, opened the meeting of the National Hay association today with an address in which he urged the necessity for expanding the trade of the country. John L. Dexter probably will be selected for the Presidency of the organization.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

Stops Diarrhoea and Stomach Cramps.
Dr. Siegert's Genuine Imported Angostura Bitters.

HEALTH DEPARTMENT ON CITY WATER.



Lake View station supplies all territory north of Fullerton avenue. Chicago avenue station supplies all territory between Fullerton avenue and Kinzie street. Fourteenth street station supplies all territory between Kinzie and Thirty-ninth streets, and Hyde Park all territory south of Thirty-ninth street except the Stock-Yards.

FOREIGN MAIL SCHEDULE.

Foreign mails will close at the Chicago Postoffice today as follows:

For Belgium, Switzerland, Spain, Portugal, Turkey, Egypt, Greece, British India, and Cape Colony, 4:30 p. m.
For Porto Rico, via San Juan, 4:30 p. m.
For Curacao and Venezuela, 4:30 p. m.
For Cuba, via Tampa, 6 p. m.
For China, Japan, and Philippines, 9 p. m.
For Fortune Island, Jamaica, Savanilla, Carthagena, and Greytown, 4:30 p. m.
For Belgium, Holland, St. Croix, Leeward and Windward Islands, also British, Dutch, and French Guiana, 12 m.
For Argentina, Uruguay, and Paraguay, 12 p. m.
For Austria, Denmark, France, Germany, Great Britain, Ireland, Italy, Norway, Netherlands, Russia, and Sweden, 12 p. m.

F. E. COYNE, Postmaster.

OFFICIAL WEATHER FORECAST.

OFFICE OF CHIEF OF WEATHER BUREAU, Washington, D. C., Sept. 11.—Forecast for Thursday and Friday:

Illinois—Fair Thursday, except rain in northeast portion. Friday fair; brisk southerly winds, shifting to northwesterly.

Ohio—Showers Thursday; cooler in southwest portion. Friday fair in western, showers in eastern portion; southerly winds Thursday, brisk and possibly higher on the lake.

Lower Michigan—Rain Thursday. Friday probably fair; brisk and possibly high southerly winds, shifting to northwesterly Thursday night.

OFFICIAL WEATHER FORECAST.

Upper Mississippi and Missouri—Rain Thursday; brisk and possibly high east to south winds. Friday fair.

Indiana—Rain and cooler Thursday. Friday fair; fresh to brisk southerly winds, shifting to northwesterly.

Wisconsin—Fair Thursday, except rain in southeast portion. Friday fair; fresh to brisk north to northwesterly winds.

Iowa and Missouri—Fair Thursday and Friday; northerly winds.

North Dakota—Fair Thursday. Friday fair; warmer; variable winds.

South Dakota—Fair Thursday and Friday; warmer Friday; northerly winds, becoming variable.

Nebraska—Fair Thursday and Friday; west to north winds.

Place of observation.	Time (eastern) Sept. 11, 7 p. m.				
Abilene	68	84	W.	12	Fair
Albany	68	84			Fair
Alpena	62	84			Cloudy
Amarillo	68	84	W.		Fair
Battleford	52	72			Fair
Bismarck	52	72	N.	10	Rain
Buffalo	66	84	W.	10	Cloudy
Cairo	72	90	W.	10	Cloudy
Calgary	52	72			Fair
Cheyenne	58	84			Cloudy
Chicago	72	84	W.	14	Rain
Cincinnati	72	90	W.	10	Cloudy
Cleveland	68	84			Cloudy
Concordia	72	94	Calm		Fair
Davenport	70	88			Cloudy
Denver	66	88	W.	12	Cloudy
Dodge City	70	94	W.	10	Fair
Edmonton	52	72			Fair
Galveston	76	90			Cloudy
Grand Haven	66	84			Rain
Green Bay	66	84			Cloudy
Havre	52	72	N.	8	Clear
Helena	56	86	W.	14	Clear
Huron	66	88	W.	12	Cloudy
Indianapolis	72	90			Rain
Jacksonville	76	92	W.	10	Clear
Kansas City	72	94			Cloudy
Little Rock	74	94	W.	8	Cloudy
Los Angeles	62	84			Clear
Marquette	62	84			Cloudy
Memphis	74	94			Cloudy
Medicine Hat	52	72			Fair
Milwaukee	66	84			Cloudy
Modena	52	72	Calm		Clear
Montgomery	74	94			Clear
Montreal	58	78			Clear
Nashville	74	94			Cloudy
New Orleans	76	92			Clear
New York City	72	86			Clear
North Platte	62	88	W.	12	Cloudy
Oklahoma	72	94	W.	10	Cloudy
Omaha	72	94			Cloudy
Oswego	66	84			Cloudy
Palestine	74	94			Cloudy
Parry Sound	58	78			Cloudy
Philadelphia	72	88	W.	12	Rain
Pittsburg	72	90			Cloudy
Pueblo	66	90	W.	12	Clear
Qu'Appelle	52	72			Fair
Rapid City	62	88	W.	12	Cloudy
San Francisco	56	68			Clear
St. Louis	72	92			Cloudy
St. Paul	62	84			Cloudy
Salt Lake City	62	86			Clear
Sault Ste. Marie	58	78			Cloudy
Springfield, Ill.	72	90			Cloudy
Springfield, Mo.	72	94			Cloudy
Tuscaloosa	74	94			Clear
Washington	72	88			Clear
Williston	52	72			Fair
Winnipeg	52	70	N.	10	Cloudy

WEATHER IN CHICAGO.

The temperature as observed yesterday by the Weather Bureau at the Auditorium, was as follows: Thermometer—8 a. m., 64 degrees above zero; 9 a. m., 64; 10 a. m., 68; 11 a. m., 64; 12 m., 68; 1 p. m., 68; 2 p. m., 70; 3 p. m., 68. Barometer—8 a. m., 29.40; 4 p. m., 29.40.

FLORISTS.

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One of the largest and most beautiful cemeteries in the country; laid out and conducted on the park plan. Office—Room 60 La Salle Street. City office, Harrison 1057. Cemetery tel., Morgan Park 18.

ARLINGTON CEMETERY, LAKE-ST. AND ARLington-av. Trains leave 12 minutes past each hour. City office, 167 Dearborn-st. Tel. Main 1941 Exp.

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EXPERIENCED MAN FOR LAYING OUT orders in novelties and flatware. Apply 103-111 Wabash-av.

EXPERIENCED GLASSWARE PACKERS. Apply 103-111 Wabash-av.

HARLEM JOCKEY CLUB
Opens Sat., Sept. 14th.
Six or more races Beginning at 2:15 p. m.
Music by Manke Cressler's Orchestra.
Special Cars leave Madison and Dearborn-sts. at 12:45, 12:50, 1:00, 1:30 p. m., stopping at Van Buren, Park Row, Halsted-st. and Ashland Ave.
Returning, cars train at each corner named promptly after the races.
Lake St. Elevated leaving Clark and Lake-sts. 12:30, 12:45, 12:55, 1:00, 1:05, 1:15, 1:20, 1:30 p. m. Change at Laflin-st. for Harlem cars. Cable cars, Madison and Dearborn-sts. and 5th Ave., 14 minutes later, direct to track without stop. Returning, first train after 5th race stops at all stations; other trains after races, stopping at Ashland Ave. and Halsted-st.
Metropolitan elevated leaving Van Buren and Wells-sts. 12:40, 12:55, 1:00, 1:10, 1:20, 1:30 p. m. Change at Polk-st. for Harlem cars. Cable cars, Fifth Ave. and Michigan-ave., Fifth Ave. and Wabash-ave., 12th and State-sts. direct to track without change from 12:30 to 1:15 at short intervals.
Madison-st. Cable connecting with surface electric at 40th street direct to track.
Fare on special cars, round trip, 50 cents.
ADMISSION, $1.00.

GRAND OPERA-HOUSE
Last 4 Times. Matinee Saturday.
OTIS SKINNER
In his Brilliant Production of
FRANCESCA DA RIMINI
Assisted by AUBREY BOUCICAULT, WILLIAM NORRIS, BLANCHE VAN DERVEER, and Company.
EXTRA
SEATS FOR
WILLIAM COLLIER
In Augustus Thomas' Successful Comedy,
"ON THE QUIET."
NOW READY AT BOX OFFICE.

STUDEBAKER TONIGHT AT 8:15.
10TH CONSECUTIVE WEEK IN CHICAGO. POSITIVELY CLOSES SAT. NIGHT, SEPT. 21.
KING DODO
ENSEMBLE OF EIGHTY. Reginald Hudlow, Charles Bigelow, Gertrude Quinlan, Mr. and Mrs. Harrison Hunter, Dorothy Jardon, and a Great Vaudeville Act.
EVENINGS at 8:15. 25c MATINEES DAILY AT 2:15. RESERVED SEATS 25c. SMOKING AND REFRESHMENTS. 2ND EDITION—WEBER & FIELDS' BURLESQUE. WHAL-I-QUE. Parisian Novelties. Fleurette Dancers. Great Vaudeville Acts—40 Pretty Girls.
McVICKER'S JACOB LITT, Lessee & Mgr.
The Safest Theater in the World—No Exits.
WAY DOWN EAST
TRADITIONAL TRUTH TAUGHT THRILLINGLY.
Clean, Clarifying and Clever.
POWERS' 25c
EVENINGS AT 8:15. MATS. WED. AND SAT. Charles Frohman's Company.
UNDER 2 FLAGS
Over 100 people, including BLANCHE BATES
In her remarkable creation of CI

WESTERN MEN FARE BADLY.

Holabird and Macdonald Are Defeated in the Amateur Golf Championship.

EGAN WINS HIS MATCH.

Lockwood of Boston Breaks the Record of the Course, Making It in 75 Strokes.

TRAVIS AND DOUGLAS WIN.

Atlantic City, N. J., Sept. 11.—Only eight players now remain in the tournament in progress here to decide the amateur golf championship of America, and by tomorrow night the semi-finalists will be the only competitors.

Sixteen players started off this morning, and although the scores of one or two were fairly close the results were practically foregone conclusions. The links presented a much better appearance than yesterday, having benefited by a heavy shower which fell during the night. The putting greens had, owing to the dry weather, become too fast, and although they were dry when the players started off the progress of the ball was somewhat checked, enabling the competitors to judge more accurately.

It was a bad day for the West, all three of the Pittsburg players being retired, while two out of three of the Chicago representatives were put out of the running. Walter E. Egan of the Onwentsia club is the only Western player left in, and should he defeat Fyne tomorrow will get into the semi-finals. Of the eight players now left, Douglas is a Scotchman, Travis an Australian, and Lockwood an Englishman, while the other seven are Americans. The three players mentioned are considered the strongest of the eight, so that there is a good chance of the championship again going to a foreign born player.

Winners in Second Round.

The results of the second round were as follows:

Percy Pyne, Princeton, beat Archie Reid, St. Andrews, 1 up and 2 to play.
Walter E. Egan, Onwentsia, beat W. C. Fownes, Pittsburg, 4 up and 3 to play.
Findlay S. Douglas, Boston, beat W. A. Holabird Jr., Chicago, 2 up and 1 to play.
Walter J. Travis, Nassau, beat R. E. Griscom, Philadelphia, 3 up and 2 to play.
Percy H. Jennings, New York, defeated H. C. Vaughan, Atlantic City, 1 up.
Douglas Beats Griscom.

The only Philadelphian in the tournament, R. E. Griscom, was pitted against Findlay S. Douglas, the ex-champion and runner up in the last two championships. He made short work of the Quaker City player and won by 10 up and 9 to play. Griscom played in hard luck throughout, and at the eighteenth was 5 down. He had considerable trouble with the bunkers, while his opponent played a fortunate game. In the afternoon Douglas took the first three in fours, while his opponent needed one stroke more for each hole. The next two were halved, when Douglas again got in his fine work and took the sixth and seventh with ease. Griscom managed to capture the eighth, thanks to a misjudged approach, and an indifferent putt by the Nassau man, but the latter took the ninth in five and won the match. The cards:

	Findlay S. Douglas, Boston.									
Out	4	5	3	5	4	4	4	4	4	37
In	4	5	3	5	4	4	4	4	4	37—74
Out	4	5	3	5	4	4	4	4	4	37
In	4	5	3	5	4	4	4	4	4	37—74
	R. E. Griscom.									
Out	4	5	4	5	4	4	4	4	5	39
In	4	5	3	5	4	4	4	4	4	37—76
Out	4	5	4	5	4	4	4	4	4	38
In	4	5	3	5	4	4	4	4	4	37—75

C. H. Seeley, the Weeburn representative, helped to prove the Waterloo of the Fownes family, as both H. C. and W. C. met with defeat. The former was shut down at the end of the outward journey in the afternoon, and, seeing he had practically no chance of winning, gave up the contest. Percy Pyne, the Princetonian, created a surprise by defeating Archie Reid, the St. Andrews player. Pyne played an excellent game and upheld the reputation the younger golfers have made at this tournament. His driving was clean, powerful, and accurate. His mid-iron shots were worthy of an older and more experienced player, while he frequently made putts from ten to seventeen feet.

The contests for the third round tomorrow will be as follows:

P. Pyne vs. W. Egan.
H. C. Vaughan vs. G. Lockwood.
Findlay S. Douglas vs. L. Livingston.
Percy H. Jennings vs. Walter J. Travis.

Women's Golf in Canada.

Montreal, Que., Sept. 11.—[Special.]—The first women's golf championship tournament ever held in Canada will take place during the first week of October on the grounds of the Royal Montreal golf club at Dixie. Players representing all the leading Canadian clubs and several from the United States will compete.

YALE AND HARVARD SQUABBLE.

Fail to Make Arrangements for Dual Track Games to Select Team for International Contests.

New Haven, Conn., Sept. 11.—[Special.]—The Yale track officials practically announced today that Yale and Harvard had failed to come to an agreement for a dual meet to determine the men who should represent the two American universities against the English athletes in the international games in New York on Sept. 26.

Yale wanted Harvard to come to the Yale field to make the test one week before the international meet, and Harvard wanted Yale to have the dual games at Worcester. Neither would give in, and now it seems there will be no dual contests unless one or the other side makes concessions.

It had been planned to have the two teams train together for a week and then in test contests select an American college team to put against the English athletes. Trainer Mike Murphy stated tonight that W. B. Werton, the mile runner, would not train any more this year because of water on the knee.

Haber Will Surrender Title.

Philadelphia, Pa., Sept. 11.—[Special.]—Peter Maher, long known as the Irish champion, intends to surrender the title and is now a seeker for American citizenship. Today he obtained from Clerk Burns his first naturalisation papers. These express in legal form Peter's age as 32 years. Further, they declare it is his intention to renounce all allegiance to the King of Great Britain and Ireland and to become a good American citizen.

Boxing Bouts at Elgin Tonight.

Harry Lombard, the local featherweight, and Fred O'Niel of Omaha will furnish the wind-up at the boxing entertainment to be held under the auspices of the Elgin Athletic club at Elgin tonight. The preliminary bouts will be between the following: J. Bisbee of Elgin versus Jack Graham of Chicago; Tally Williams of Elgin versus Kid Stantman or Chicago; and Kid Roth of Milwaukee versus Mike Munger of Chicago. Billy Rotchford will officiate as referee.

Forbes-Gardner Fight Is Off.

Kansas City, Mo., Sept. 11.—[Special.]—The Clarence Forbes-Oscar Gardner fight scheduled for tomorrow night is off, Gardner having sustained an injury while wrestling. He was attempting to teach a local boy a few tricks of the game when he was given a hard tumble. Forbes has agreed to stop Madden in six rounds.

American Cricketers Win.

Ottawa, Ont., Sept. 11.—[Special.]—The International Cricket match, concluded here today, was won by the Americans by ninety-four runs. They scored 169 in their first innings and 156 in the second, 324 in all. The Canadians got 128 in their first inning. Play was resumed this morning on a wet wicket. The Canadians were 154 runs behind. Clark and Lester, the American bowlers, took the remaining seven wickets for sixty runs, MacKenzie contributing twenty-four, not out. The Americans fielded well and were superior in every department, except perhaps bowling, to the Canadians.

New York State Shoot.

New York, Sept. 11.—In the second series of matches today at the New York State shooting tournament experts from this city captured four of the six divisions of the subscription. The principal contest was the Brooklyn handicap at 100 targets. L. G. Shortreide gathered in first money by breaking 89 of a possible 100, with C. Dudley, who broke 88, second; E. M. Van Allen, 86, third; A. McMurchy, 86, fourth; E. D. Fulford, 83, fifth, and Sim Glover, 82, sixth.

"PITTSBURG PHIL'S" SUSPENDED JOCKEY.

William Shaw, the clever rider whom the Coney Island Jockey club's stewards set down for the remainder of the meeting after investigating his ride on Blue Girl in the Great Filly Stakes, at the request of W. C. Whitney, the owner of Blue Girl.

took one. The seventh was negotiated in six by both competitors, while the eighth went to Jennings in three, the ninth being halved. In the journey home no change was made in the score, and at the twelfth his lead of seven gave him the game. The score follows:

Percy H. Jennings, New York:
Out 5 5 3 5 4 4 4 4 4 38
In ..... 4 5 3 5 4 4 4 4 4 37—75
E. M. Byers, Pittsburg:
Out 5 5 3 5 4 4 4 4 4 38
In ..... 4 5 3 5 4 4 4 4 4 37—75

CITY LEAGUE CHAMPIONS.

MIDLOTHIAN GOLF TEAM WINS THE EXTRA MATCH.

Defeats Riverside 3 Up Over the Skokie Course in One of the Worst Rain-Storms Ever Experienced by Local Golfers—Result a Surprise to Winners, as They Were Without the Services of Three of Their Players—Women's Tourney Postponed.

Midlothian golfers yesterday won the championship of the City Golf league, defeating Riverside in the extra match played at the Skokie club, by 3 up. The twenty players who participated will long remember the contest, on account of its closeness and the weather.

Heavy rain fell several hours before the start and continued, with the exception of a few minutes' letup, while the play was in progress. It was one of the worst days experienced by local golfers in recent years, and as a number of players came without heavy clothing, they were greatly handicapped by the cold and wet.

The result was somewhat of a surprise to the winners, as, being without the services of C. Counselman Jr., R. E. Hunter, and Mason Phelps, they hardly looked for victory. Midlothian secured a lead of 3 on the first round, and, though individual scores changed, they were able to maintain the lead to the finish. Bristol and Bliss, the best players on their respective sides, had a fine match, making excellent scores, when weather is taken into consideration. Their cards:

Bristol.										
Out	4	5	4	5	4	4	4	4	4	38
In	4	5	3	5	4	4	4	4	4	37—75
Bliss, out	4	5	4	5	4	4	4	4	4	38
Bristol, in	4	5	3	5	4	4	4	4	4	37—75

Allen and Hinkley had a stubbornly contested battle, which Allen won on the last hole by negotiating a hard stymie. The scores:

Midlothian.	First Flight. round.	tot.	Riverside.	First Flight. round.	tot.
R. E. Daniels	0	0	D. G. Craig	0	0
E. C. Daniels	0	0	V. F. Palmer	0	0
T. W. Gibson	1	0	Dr. C. W. Heywood	0	0
J. L. Reisch	0	0	H. E. Davemeyer	0	0
E. Goodman	0	0	J. Rae	0	0
C. W. Potter Jr.	0	0	W. A. Driver	0	0
W. A. Allen	1	1	H. A. Allen	0	0
W. L. De Wolf	3	3	H. A. Waller	0	0
W. T. G. Bristol	0	0	E. S. Bliss	1	1
C. Zabriskie	0	0	A. A. Bowen	0	0
Totals	7	10	Totals	4	7

Midlothian, 3 up.

After the match the teams were entertained at dinner by the Skokie club. Captain F. F. Reed presented the Championship Cup to Captain Morren of Midlothian and in turn received the Runner-Up Cup won by Riverside.

During the afternoon A. B. Jones and W. V. Jacobs of the Skokie Country club played off their tie in the qualifying round for the Hoyt Cup. Jones, who had a handicap of 2, defeated his opponent, who was handicapped at 10, by two strokes.

Matches scheduled for yesterday in the women's tournament on the Midlothian Country club were postponed on account of the weather. Fixtures for this afternoon are scheduled as follows:

La Grange—Team match with Elmhurst.
Midlothian—Women's tournament.
Homewood—Fourth day's play for watch for women.
Glenview—Eighteen-hole mixed foursome handicap.

Entries for the Riverside open tournament close tonight with F. F. Reed. The first match play round for the Hoyt Cup will be played at the Skokie club on Saturday.

SHAMROCK HAS NEW MAINSAIL.

Challenger's Crew Bends Canvas in 45 Minutes—Sir Thomas Delighted at News of President's Recovery.

New York, Sept. 11.—Sir Thomas Lipton receives on an average fifty telegrams and a dozen cablegrams every day, but there was none of today's messages that gave him greater pleasure than the following:

Sir Thomas Lipton, Yacht Erin, Sandy Hook: Many thanks for your telegram. Happy to tell you doctors look for speedy recovery.

ABNER T. KINLEY.

"I was exceedingly pleased to hear of the President's improved condition," said Sir Thomas when seen on board Erin, "and I am specially glad to have the news direct from his brother.

"We shall not take Shamrock out today on account of bending the new mainsail," he continued, "but it will surely go out tomorrow if there's a breeze, and we hope to give it a good spin."

Shamrock's crew bent the new mainsail, which is Ratsey made, but of apparently wider cloths, in forty-five minutes, and in just one hour it was furled and covered up for the night.

Sir Thomas entertained at lunch on board Erin today John Arbuckle, Mr. and Mrs. Greenhut of Peoria, Ill., Edward Willard, and Robert Ure of the Royal Clyde Yacht club. The latter arrived today on the steamer Oceanic. He will be the representative of Sir Thomas on board Columbia during the cup races.

COLUMBIA SAILS TO NEWPORT.

America's Cup Defender Given Scant Welcome on Leaving Bristol—Captain Barr at the Wheel.

Bristol, R. I., Sept. 11.—Seldom has the departure of a craft for a contest that holds the interest of millions of people on both sides of the Atlantic, been so void of even the cheering toot from a steamer, as that of Columbia this afternoon.

All morning and way into the afternoon preparations for fitting out Columbia went on briskly. Former Commodore E. D. Morgan stepped on board at 2:30, the New York Yacht club flag came down and his own private signal went up. The anchor was hove short, and Columbia was towed down to the Hog Island lightship, where it cast off the line and proceeded to Newport under sail, with Captain Barr at the wheel.

Constitution is yet in the harbor, and this afternoon the crew began taking down the standing rigging and floating the spars ashore.

OAK PARK'S OUTLOOK IS POOR.

Parents' Objections Keep Schoolboys from Playing Football and Material Seems Scarce This Fall.

The outlook for a good football team in Oak Park High School this year is poor. Only three of the old men will be able to play this year, and the new material is not promising. Captain Baker says there is plenty of material among the new boys, but their parents will not allow them to play. Practice began on Tuesday, and only fifteen men appeared on the grounds.

Riverside is hopeful over its football team. If the expectations are realised it will be a record breaker. Regular practice has not begun yet, but Captain Carl Sherlock has had the old men out several times and is well pleased with the showing they made. Old men will form the bulk of the team, eight of them being ready for the harness.

The average weight will not be over 150 pounds, but the team will be fast, there being several sprinters among the candidates.

SHELDON ORDERED TO REPORT.

Stagg Asks New Captain of the Maroon Eleven to Come to Chicago as Soon as Possible.

James M. Sheldon was notified of his election as captain of the University of Chicago football team yesterday in the following characteristic telegram from Coach Stagg:

"Will Captain Sheldon report as soon as convenient? Game Saturday."

Rain interfered with the practice on Marshall Field yesterday, and none of the men was out. The next two days will be devoted to developing a team for the game with Englewood on Saturday. Most of the players will be new candidates, as few of the old players will return before the first of next week, and those who come sooner will not be in shape to play.

PROF. WALDO NON-COMMITTAL.

Declines to Discuss Eligibility of McMillen to Play Football with Maroons Until Officially Consulted.

Lafayette, Ind., Sept. 11.—[Special.]—Professor Clarence A. Waldo, instructor at Purdue University, when questioned today in regard to the eligibility of McMillen, who wants to play football at Chicago, said:

"I have no information whatever with reference to McMillen, and I have no authority to pass upon the eligibility of football candidates until such time as the matter has been formally referred to me for adjudication."

That was all the professor would say on the subject. He intimated, however, that whenever the question was presented to him for decision he would be ready to answer it without delay.

Association Football Game.

Comiskey's association football team will play its first game next Sunday morning at Thirty-ninth street and Wentworth avenue, meeting a team gotten up by J. H. Warriner of the Hyde Park Cricket club. He will get up as strong an eleven as possible in order to give Govier's men a good try out. Play will begin at 10 o'clock.

RAIN SPOILS HARNESS RACES.

Two Events Decided at Syracuse on a Heavy Track—Crowd Shows Lack of Enthusiasm.

Syracuse, N. Y., Sept. 11.—Rain all but spoiled the third day of the Grand Circuit racing at the State fair grounds this afternoon.

It was after 4 o'clock when the first event was called, and then the track was heavy, making fast time impossible. Leola won the 2:25 trot after Tobogran had taken the first heat. Council Chimes took the Lackawanna Stake of $2,000, 2:10 pacing, in three. There was little betting, and the crowd of 5,000 was not given to enthusiasm. Summaries:

2:25 class trotting, purse $1,200:
Leola, b. m., by Clay—Lady Pepper. [Hutchins] 6 1 1 1
Lauretta, ch. m. [Middleton] 1 4 3 2
Kelley Tal, b. m. [McDowell] 4 2 2 3
Alberta D., ch. g. [McHenry] 3 7 4 4
Reflected, g. h. [Macey] 2 3 5 5
Tobogran, b. g. [Rombaugh] ..... 7 5 6 dr
Red Princess, b. m. [Snow] ..... 5 6 7 dr
Time, 2:17¼; 2:17¼; 2:18¼; 2:16¾.

Lackawanna Stakes, $2,000; 2:10 class pacing:
Council Chimes, blk. m. by Chimes—Tillie B. [Snow] 1 1 1
Carmine, g. g. [McDowell] 2 2 2
The Bishop, g. g. [Berry] 3 3 3
Stacker Taylor, b. g. [Macey] 4 4 4
Tom Calhoun, rn. g. [Hudson] ..... dis
Rosinince, b. h. [Marsh] ..... dis
Diavola, br. g. [O'Neil] ..... 2 4 dis
Time, 2:09¾; 2:11¾; 2:10.

Trotting at Sedalia, Mo.

Sedalia, Mo., Sept. 11.—[Special.]—There was an attendance of 10,000 at the third day of the Missouri State Fair. There were three races on the card. Results:

2:17 pace, purse $1,000—Winifred Stratton won three straight heats; Lou Kelly and Monnutt started. Best time, 2:18¾.

2:35 pace, purse $500—Manza Pierce won three straight heats; Monbelle and Lexy started.

2:20 trot, purse $500—Vendora won three straight heats; Fortune Hunter and Outcast started.

Anaconda Beats Joe Patchen.

Bethlehem, Pa., Sept. 11.—Fifteen thousand people were attracted to the Pennsylvania State Fair here today by the Joe Patchen-Anaconda pacing match race for $5,000, with $2,000 added, to best three in five. Twenty hours of rain had left the track in bad shape and 2:07 was the time in both heats, Anaconda winning in a jog.

Race Results at Delmar Park.

St. Louis, Mo., Sept. 11.—The going at Delmar today was heavy owing to last night's rain. Alice Turner won the feature event. Summaries:

First race, 6 furlongs—George B. Cox, 8 to 1, won; Velasquez, 15 to 1, second; Durrelle, 15 to 1, third. Time, 1:18¼.

Second race, 7 furlongs—Brown Vail, 7 to 2, won; Two Annies, 9 to 5, second; Kinlock Park, 30 to 1, third. Time, 1:32¾.

Third race, 1¼ furlongs—Huntress, 8 to 5, won; Talpa, 7 to 2, second; Sambo, 7 to 2, third. Time, 1:24¾.

Fourth race, 1 mile and 70 yards—Alice Turner, 10 to 1, won; Van Hoorebeke, 7 to 1, second; Ledford, 8 to 5, third. Time, 1:47¾.

Fifth race, 1 mile and 70 yards—Guide Rock, 5 to 1, won; Tulla Fonso, barred in betting, second; Miss Mae Day, 7 to 5, third; Rochester, 6 to 1, fourth. Time, 1:48¾.

Sixth race, 7 furlongs—Utero, 13 to 5, won; Janis, 3 to 1, second; Grandma II., 20 to 1, third. Time, 1:30.

ENTRIES.

First race, 1 mile—Minto, 104 pounds; Good-Night, 104; Jack Willis, 104; Armand, 104; Gratia, 104; Fiddler II., 104; Rouge-et-Noir, 106; Brights, B., 104; Monnett, 104; La Vitesse, 104; Alvin W., 107; Pan Charm, 107.

Second race, 1 mile—Elsie Venner, 104; Lady Hastings, 104; Maud Wallace, 104; Elsie Bramble, 104; Clay Pointer, 104; Harrie Floyd, 104; Spinnaker, 104; Omalia, 104; Little Land, 104; Coreel, 104; Miss Cooney, 104; Orlandine, 104.

Third race, purse, 6 furlongs—Elgiva, 100 pounds; Wissending, 100; Hunter Raine, 103; Colonial Girl, 103; Wakita, 108.

Fourth race, 1 1-16 miles—Siddons, 100 pounds; Glenwood, 110; Miss Threse, 97; Our Lady, 102; South Breeze, 105.

Fifth race, 1 mile, selling—George Lee, 105 pounds; Belle Simpson, 105; Sue Johnson, 103; The Wag, 108; Bangor, 108; Tom Gilmore, 108; Ben O'Fallon, 107; Hardly, 107; Amelia Strathmore, 107; Monk Wayman, 107; Jessie Jarboe, 107; Guide Rock, 107.

Sixth race, selling, 6 furlongs—Janswood, 101 pounds; Sen Frost, 101; Hilee, 107; Four Leaf C., 107; Salinda, 104, Schnell Laufer, 104; Lord Neville, 104; Ike Weber, 113.

Milwaukee Races Put Over.

Milwaukee, Wis., Sept. 11.—Today's State fair races were postponed on account of rain.

SOCKALEXIS IS NOW A CRIPPLE.

Indian Ball Player, Whose Career Was Wrecked by Dissipation, a Hopeless Sufferer from Rheumatism.

Bangor, Me., Sept. 11.—[Special.]—Flat on his back, unable to move either hand or foot, and a confirmed cripple from rheumatism, Louis Sockalexis, who became famous as a star on the Holy Cross baseball team, where he played three years, and whose career afterward in professional ranks was meteoric, is dragging out a painful existence in the modest home of his father on a little island in the Penobscot River, not far from Oldtown. This is his apart as an Indian reservation. For months he has been suffering from rheumatism. Little hope is given that he ever will be much better.

Rolls a Three Hundred Score.

In a game with Policeman George Cramer at Kinney's alleys, Western avenue and Lake street, on Tuesday night, Detective William Mooney scored twelve consecutive strikes, giving him the highest possible total of 300. This is the highest score ever made on the Kinney alleys and has only been made a few times by amateurs in the history of the game.

REMNANTS WIN IN BOSTON

TAKE THE FIRST GAME OF SERIES FROM SELEE'S MEN.

Timely Batting and Hughes' Effective Pitching Decide the Issue—Contest Nailed at the Start by Dexter's Liner with Two on Bases Over That Short Left Field Fence — Green Follows Suit Later in the Game—Spectacular Fielding Plays Numerous.

	W.	L.	Pct.		W.	L.	Pct.
Pittsburg	73	43	.625	Boston	59	61	.492
Philadelphia	70	46	.603	Chicago	59	74	.444
Brooklyn	69	46	.600	Cincinnati	46	72	.390
St. Louis	63	56	.529	New York	45	71	.373

Yesterday's Results.

Chicago, 9; Boston, 3.
Pittsburg, 5; Brooklyn, 4.
Cincinnati, 4; New York, 2.
Philadelphia, 6; St. Louis, 3 [six innings].

Games Today.

Chicago at Boston.
Pittsburg at Brooklyn.
St. Louis at Philadelphia.
Cincinnati at New York.

Boston, Mass., Sept. 11.—[Special.]—Chicago soon settled a victory today over the Boston National leaguers, and Pitcher Hughes' good right arm was responsible. A factor, also, was the timely batting which was injected at the proper moments, and left the score 6 to 3.

At no time was Hughes in danger of losing his grip, except once, and even then the game had been won. There was no dopy ball on the part of Chicago, but the fielding was snappy and every chance accepted. It was clean, sharp work, and would have won in 99 cases out of 100. The visitors jumped into the running at the outset, and when the first inning was over the figure 3 was on the board. Dexter's homer driving in a pair ahead of him. All the runs came before there was an out.

Hartsel's double added another in the second, two singles and a sacrifice brought a tally in the sixth, while Green emulated the example of the third baseman in the next turn at the bat.

Only two Bostonians saw first in the initial five innings, and they were chained there by the rapid fire shot of Hughes. It was in the sixth that the locals opened a fusillade, but it was a spasm that was soon over. A double, single, triple, and a one-bagger sandwiched between two outs let in a trio. After that only eleven batsmen came up for Boston, and but one reated on the second sack.

Dineen's pitching was effective at times, but Chicago got all it required and in the nick of time. The contest was a notable one in the many strike-outs and the tall end of the batting order in each case fell in the slaughter. Two grand stand catches were made by Long, one a left-hander, and a foul fly taken by Kahoe seemed nothing short of a miracle. Score:

Boston.	R	B	P	A	E	Chicago.	R	B	P	A	E
Stagle, rf.	1	1	1	0	0	Hartsel, lf.	2	2	2	0	0
Tenney, 1b.	1	2	6	0	0	Green, cf.	2	3	1	0	0
Dement, 2b.	0	0	1	3	0	Dexter, 2b.	1	1	2	3	0
Cooley, lf.	1	1	3	0	0	Doyle, 1b.	0	1	10	0	0
Hamil'n, cf.	0	2	3	0	0	Gannon, rf.	1	2	2	0	0
Lowe, 3b.	0	0	1	2	0	Kahoe, c.	0	0	7	1	0
Long, ss.	0	0	2	2	0	Childs, 2b.	0	1	0	4	0
Kittridge, c.	0	0	9	2	1	Kahoe, c.	0	0	10	0	0
Dineen, p.	0	0	0	2	0	Hughes, p.	0	2	0	2	0
Totals	3	7	27	7	1	Totals	6	12	27	11	1

Boston	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3
Chicago	0	0	1	0	0	0	5	0	6

Two-base hits—Hartsel, Stagle. Three-base hit—Cooley. Home runs—Dexter, Green. Sacrifice hit—Dyer. Stolen bases—Dineen, Gannon. First on balls—Off Dineen, 1. Struck out—By Dineen, 6; by Hughes, 8. Time—1:50. Umpire—Nash.

PITTSBURG WINS HARD GAME.

Pirates Defeat the Champions by Margin of One Run in a Contest in Which Feeling Runs High.

Brooklyn, N. Y., Sept. 11.—Today's ball game was hard fought throughout and feeling ran high. Leach hurt his ankle after bringing Richey home with a double in the second and retired, but took part in a kick over a close decision at the plate in the fourth, and was hustled off the field by two policemen at the request of Umpire Snyder. Pittsburg won by hitting Donovan in concert. Keeler and McGuire were the only Brooklyn batters to solve Chesbro's curves. Score:

Pittsburg.	R	B	P	A	E	Brooklyn.	R	B	P	A	E
Davis, rf.	0	1	2	0	0	Keeler, rf.	1	3	2	0	0
Clarke, lf.	1	2	5	0	0	Sh'kard, lf.	0	0	2	1	0
B'mont, cf.	0	0	3	0	1	Dolan, cf.	0	0	0	0	1
Kelley, 1b.	1	1	9	0	0	Kelley, 1b.	0	0	10	0	0
Smith, 1b-3b	0	1	1	4	0	Daly, 2b.	0	0	2	2	0
Ritchey, 2b.	2	1	2	3	0	Dahlen, ss.	0	1	2	6	0
Teager, 1b.	0	0	8	0	0	Irwin, 3b.	0	0	1	2	0
Leach, 3b.	0	1	0	0	0	McGuire, c.	1	3	5	1	0
O'Connor, c.	1	1	3	2	0	Donovan, p.	0	0	2	3	0
Chesbro, p.	0	2	0	2	1						
Totals	5	10	27	15	3	Totals	4	7	27	18	1

Pittsburg	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	2
Brooklyn	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4

Two base hits—Wagner, Leach, McGuire. Three base hit—Davis. Stolen base—Clarke. Double play—O'Connor-Ritchey. Bases on balls—Off Donovan, 2; off Chesbro, 2. Sacrifice hits—Teager, Chesbro, Dolan. Struck out—By Donovan, 4; by Chesbro, 3. Time, 1:44. Umpires—Snyder and Brown.

Philadelphia, 6; St. Louis, 2.

Philadelphia, Pa., Sept. 11.—A heavy storm brought today's game between St. Louis and Philadelphia to an end after the start of the inning. The local batters were batting Powell freely and had the game well in hand. Thomas was injured while running for a fly in yesterday's game, and, although he started to play today, was compelled to retire. Score:

St. Louis.	R	B	P	A	E	Philadelp'a.	R	B	P	A	E
Burkett, lf.	0	0	1	0	0	Thomas, cf.	0	0	2	0	0
Heidrick, cf.	1	0	1	0	0	Orth, rf.	0	0	3	0	0
Padden, 2b.	0	1	0	2	1	Barry, 2b.	2	2	0	3	1
Wallace, ss.	0	0	1	3	0	Jennings, lf.	1	1	2	0	0
Donovan, rf.	0	0	1	0	0	Delehanty, 1b.	2	1	9	0	0
Schriver, 1b.	0	1	8	0	0	Douglas, c.	0	2	2	0	0
Kruger, 3b.	0	0	1	2	0	Powell, p.	0	0	0	2	0
Nichols, c.	0	0	5	1	0	Hallman, 3b.	0	2	0	0	0
Powell, p.	0	0	0	2	0	Cross, ss.	0	1	6	1	0
						Donahue, p.	0	0	0	2	0
Totals	2	5	18	10	1	Totals	6	12	18	7	1

St. Louis	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	2
Philadelphia	0	0	0	0	4	1	0	1	6

Two-base hits—Barry, Jennings, Cross. Three-base hits—Delehanty, Jennings. Stolen bases—Wallace, Hallman. Bases on balls—Off Powell, 1; off Donahue, 1. Struck out—By Powell, 2; by Donahue, 1. Wild pitch—Donahue. Time—1:15. Umpire—Dwyer.

Cincinnati, 4; New York, 2.

New York, Sept. 11.—Inability to hit the ball and stupid base running lost New York the game with Cincinnati at the Polo Grounds today. Stimmel, who pitched for the visitors, proved a hard nut to crack. Score:

Cincinnati.	R	B	P	A	E	New York.	R	B	P	A	E
Bay, cf.	0	0	3	1	0	Selbach, lf.	0	0	1	0	0
Hayley, lf.	0	1	1	0	0	McBride, rf.	1	1	1	0	0
Beckley, 1b.	1	1	12	1	0	Hartzel, cf.	1	1	2	0	0
Crawford, rf.	2	2	0	0	0	Davis, ss.	0	2	3	1	0
Fox, 2b.	1	1	3	3	0	Strang, 3b.	0	1	1	2	0
Alvin W., 107; Pan Charm, 107.						Miller, 2b.	0	0	1	2	0
Second race, 1 mile—Elsie Venner, 104; Lady Hastings, 104; Maud Wallace, 104; Elsie Bramble, 104; Clay Pointer, 104; Harrie Floyd, 104; Spinnaker, 104; Omalia, 104; Little Land, 104; Coreel, 104; Miss Cooney, 104; Orlandine, 104.						Magoon, ss.	0	0	3	3	0
						Seymour, c.	0	1	3	0	0
						Stein'feldt, 3b.	0	1	1	3	0
						Ganzel, 1b.	0	0	12	0	0
						Bowman, c.	0	0	3	4	0
						Stimmel, p.	0	0	1	4	1
Totals	4	6	27	15	2	Totals	2	7	27	15	1

Cincinnati	0	1	0	0	0	2	0	1	0—4
New York	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0—2

First base on balls—Off Phyle, 1; off Stimmel, 2. Struck out—By Phyle, 2; by Stimmel, 4. Stolen bases—Davis, Van Haltren, Fox. Two-base hits—Van Haltren, Crawford. Double play—Bay-Fox-Beckley-Stimmel. Wild pitch—Stimmel. Passed balls—Bowerman, Bergen. Umpire—Emslie. Time—1:45.

Selee Signs Three Men.

Boston, Mass., Sept. 11.—[Special.]—Demontreville, Kittridge, and Pittenger have signed contracts to play with the Boston National league team next season.

Slagle Given Notice of Release.

Boston, Mass., Sept. 11.—[Special.]—Slagle, right fielder of the Boston National league team, was today given his ten days' notice of release.

RAIN STOPS THE WHITE SOX.

Game with Brewers Is Postponed—Double-Header Today if Grounds Dry Out, Which Is Doubtful.

	W.	L.	Pct.		W.	L.	Pct.
Chicago	76	46	.623	Baltimore	58	56	.509
Boston	68	52	.567	Washington	58	63	.440
Detroit	65	55	.542	Cleveland	52	65	.433
Philadelphia	62	58	.517	Milwaukee	44	76	.367

Yesterday's Results.

Boston, 9; Washington, 0.

Games Today.

Chicago at Milwaukee.
Detroit at Cleveland.
Boston at Washington.
Philadelphia at Baltimore.

[BY A STAFF CORRESPONDENT.]

Milwaukee, Wis., Sept. 11.—[Special.]—If the rain, which has been doing a continuous performance all day long, does not soon cease the remainder of the last series here of the White Stockings and Brewers will have to be abandoned.

The inability to play the second game has resulted in a conference between Manager Griffith and Captain Reidy, and a double-header tomorrow has been decided as the only way to fill out the champions' schedule. It is an odds-on chance, however, that there will be no games tomorrow. The grounds, which yesterday, with but little rain, were sodden and almost too muddy to play on, have been turned into a lake by today's deluge. Milwaukee Park, unlike most of the grounds on the American league circuit, does not absorb water.

The "champs" killed time today indoors discussing the pennant they expect to land and of the poor showing made of late by Collins' team. They are unanimous in declaring that Boston has lost all chance of beating them out in the race.

Manager Duffy, who has not been with

OKIES DEFY ARLEM JUDGES

ly Ignore Order to Re- nd the Money Bet on Horse Edward E.

ACTION IS ILLEGAL.

lers Assert Submission ould Establish a Costly Precedent.

COAT RUNS BAD RACE.

Hamilton's decision on Tuesday, or- all bets refunded on Edward E., who eused after running away, was ignored by a majority of the book- at Harlem yesterday.

ruling, they said, was wrong, and if funded the money, which was really a mount, they would be establishing a nt which at some unforeseen time in re might play havoc with their wa-

Judge is fully aware of the fact he mistake," said several prominent kers, "and we absolutely refuse to the money on the horse Edward E. protection have we got if we, at the of the judge, set a precedent?

ppose a heavily backed favorite runs d the judge takes a notion to declare on the runaway, and we abide by ng, who will recompense us for our Will the association settle? Hardly. Judge is wrong, else the association, not send emissaries around asking us e refund the money as a mistake had ade."

amilton States His Position.

Hamilton stated yesterday that it from his intention to set a precedent atter of dealing with horses that run before a race; that the boy was ex- unable to control the horse, and danger of serious injury should it run fence; and that he felt it his duty ere act of humanity to relieve the boy s perilous situation. He did not make planation anent the declaring off of

fog, and a track deep with mud and oiled what undoubtedly would have excellent afternoon's racing.

C. Bennett carried off the honors by with Aladdin in the first race and nnett in the second. The latter, it ought, would be unable to untrack her the deep going, so the books laid as 12 to 1 against her. Burnie Bunton ll within fifty yards from the wire, Bennett came along and won out half length.

Coat, considered the best handicap the West at present, was disgrace- ates by Charley O'Brien and Stran- the fourth race. The O'Brien horse d the lead immediately after barrier s reached the end. Strangest d field, but come through the stretch usual burst of speed, compelling to stretch himself to win by three d a length. Pink Coat could not nego- he going.

Refugee won the one and one-quarter hurdle race after a warm tilt with Battalion, the favorite, and Eva Mos t their jockeys escaped injury. Pyrrho ying Torpedo won the fifth and sixth respectively.

Harlem Summaries Sept. 11.

ther wet track sloppy.

race, 6½ furlongs, purse $400, 2-year-olds, selling:

Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	¼	½	Str.	Fin.
Goldin, 104 (Coburn)					
Ben Brush, 107 (Gormley)					
Ed Roth, 107 (Rice)					
Rockaby, 109 (Booker)					

1:21 2-5. The Whip, 109 (J. Winkfield); Stuyvesant, 109 (T. Burns); Gold Heels, 107 (T. Knight); Cast Iron, 104 pounds (Smith); Patrol, 100 (E. Daly); Electress, 99 (Wonderly); Abandonella, 110 (J. Martin); Tact, 94 (Michaels); Major Tenny, 106 (J. Woods); Hot Air (Hendee); Nieuwenhuis, 99 (Cochran); Ohio Girl, 94 (Thompson); Joe McGovern, 97 (McGovern). Scratched as named: Winner, C. D. by Gold Dust—Madelaine. Won easily.

Second race, 1 mile, 1900 added, selling:

Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	¼	½	Str.	Fin.
Bowen, 108 (E. Michaels)					
Aff. Varrevare, 106 (W. Gill)					

1:38 1-5. Himself, 100 pounds (Miller); Saturday, 107 (J. Hamme); Mabie Dalton, 94 (Martin); Pinshon, 111 (Conran); Malmonn, 107 (Dimmon). Scratched as named: Goodal, finished as named. Winner, S. A. Hawkins—Riddoosma. Won easily. Scratched: Bowen and Aff. Varrevare. Off at fourteen seconds. Fastest form in the going.

Third race, last ¾ mile, new Futurity course, purse $2,000, added to $200 each from Autumn Stakes, value $1,600:

Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	¼	½	Str.	Fin.
Dandelion, 109 (Odom)					
Delaware C., 109 (T. Frisk)					
Ben Strome, 109 (Shaw)					

1:16. Star Hancock, 109 pounds (Shaw); Konarka, 108 (J. Woods); Autolight, 107 (O'Connor); Winner, ch. g., by Hastings—Leopold- ine. Won easily. O'Connor rode a confident race and evidently had a great deal in reserve.

Fourth race, 1⅛ miles, 3-year-olds, the September Stakes, $1,500 added:

Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	¼	½	Str.	Fin.
Ben Strome, 109 (Shaw)					
Konarka, 108 (J. Woods)					
Autolight, 107 (O'Connor)					

1:51 1-5. Winner, ch. g., by Sir Dixon—Bonnie Blue. Won in a canter. Blues led through the stretch, a pull and was eased down at the wire.

Fifth race, ¾ mile, on main track, $800 added:

Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	¼	½	Str.	Fin.
Belvino, 121 (O'Connor)					
Utopian, 108 (Woodyatt)					
Ben Strome, 109 (Shaw)					

1:16 1-5. Isis, 104 pounds, (Spencer); Sachem, 90 (Cochran); Fair Knight, 103 (E. Daly). Scratched as named. Winner, br. c., by Hastings—Vintage. Start straggling. Won driving. Belvino, after running displayed grand form in the going. Utopian lost ground at the start, being a slow beginner and was weakly handled.

Sixth race, 1¼ miles, on turf, $1,200 added, selling:

Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	¼	½	Str.	Fin.
Louisville, 98 (Cochran)					
Lowenstein, 110 (Spencer)					
Knight of Rhodes, 115 pounds (Shaw)					

2:07 2-5. Alaike, 95 (T. Daly). Scratched as named. Winner, b. g., by Sir Dixon—Amy Davenport. Won handily. Nones was perfectly handled and a wonder on the grass course. Louisville looks hot to be forced to a faster pace in his first part of the race and lasted out gamely to the finish.

Coney Island Entries.

First race, ¾ mile—Voter, 128 pounds; Somerset, 118; Chesimanda, 116; Unmasked, 116; Paul Clifford, 118; Locent, 111; Icicle, 108; Hans Wagner, 103; Talisula, 93; Lady Sterling, 90; Blanket, 88.

Second race, 1¼ miles, on turf—Harry McCount, 108; Wild Pirate, 108; Astor, 106; Whitelock, 97; Lady Chorister, 96; Little Jake, 94.

LAWSON IN EXPLAINING MOOD.

Boralma's Owner Gives Reasons for Withdrawal of $50,000 Match Race at Readville Next Week.

Boston, Mass., Sept. 11.—The announcement of the Cresceus-The Abbot match at Readville next week provoked considerable talk as to the reason for the cancellation of the Cresceus-Boralma race. Thomas W. Lawson tonight explained that after Charlie went lame, thereby preventing his meeting Cresceus and Boralma, Mr. Jewett of the New England Trotting Horse Breeders' association suggested that as Lord Derby had been beaten by Cresceus there would be no interest in Boralma racing Cresceus. Mr. Lawson says he agreed with Mr. Jewett that Boralma was not fast enough for Ketcham's horse. He therefore offered $50,000 for the Cresceus-The Abbot event at Readville, the winner to take all. On the same day, the 10th, Lord Derby and Boralma will race for $5,000, three in five, the association giving the purse.

Towns and Durnan Matched.

Toronto, Ont., Sept. 11.—[Special.]—George Dalby backer of Eddie Durnan of this city, wired to Winnipeg that he had succeeded in arranging a 5 mile race between George Towns, champion, and Durnan, which would be run at Winnipeg on Sept. 19, the distance to be one and a half miles with a turn. Durnan will leave for Winnipeg tomorrow, although he does not know the conditions of the contest or the amount of the stake. He has been training all summer and is in splendid fettle. Dalby is a nephew of Edward Hanlan, former world's champion oarsman.

Methodists Meet at Brasil, Ind.

Brasil, Ind., Sept. 11.—[Special.]—The North Indiana Methodist Episcopal conference began its session here today in the First Methodist Episcopal church. Of the 250 ministers expected to have already arrived. Bishop Fitzgerald, D.D., will preside, and as he is not here nothing of consequence was done this evening.

CHICAGO TEACHER MARRIED AT MANILA.

The rule of romantic marriages among American teachers in the Philippines has been followed by Miss Lasette Seidensticker of 418 Forty-fifth street. News has been received by her friends of her marriage to Lieutenant John Milton Richardson of Boston.

When the announcement was made that the United States government would send a number of teachers to the islands Miss Seidensticker began to prepare for the examination. Of all in Chicago who took the test she was the only one to succeed. Arriving at Manila she was sent to the residence of Governor Taft. She was tired and homesick, and as she was about to mount the steps she was met by a young officer, who assisted to carry her baggage to the waiting-room. An acquaintance grew out of the circumstance, and the marriage was the result.

Mr. Richardson served in Cuba, and is now a member of Governor Taft's staff. He won promotion from the ranks.

In a year from now Mr. and Mrs. Richardson will return to this country and take up their residence in Boston. He is the son of the owner of the Hotel Vendome in Boston.

MRS. JOHN M. RICHARDSON.

SUSPEND SHAW FOR THREE DAYS

Jockey Club Stewards Impose a Light Penalty on Accused Jockey.

NO EVIDENCE OF FRAUD.

Stake Event at Sheepshead Bay Second in Interest to the Handicap.

NONES PROVES A WINNER.

New York, Sept. 11.—[Special.]—The case of Jockey Shaw and his ride of the Whitney filly Blue Girl in the race for the Great Filly Stakes last Saturday was acted on by the stewards of the Jockey club today at the Sheepshead Bay track.

After a meeting that lasted the greater part of the afternoon, an official statement was sent out, in part as follows:

"After reviewing the evidence, Jockey Shaw was suspended for the balance of the Coney Island Jockey club meeting for negligent riding. No fraud was established in connection with the case."

The decision of the stewards puts Shaw "on the ground," as the term is, for the next three racing days, leaving him at liberty to resume riding at the opening of the Brooklyn fall meeting, next week. Mr. Whitney was not at the race today, having declined to carry his charges against Shaw further than his complaint to the stewards of the meeting.

With the track deep in thin mud that splashed free as water, an unusually promising program was cut down to skeleton proportions today, the condition of the going causing trainers and owners to be more than ordinarily cautious.

Chicago Man Buys Nones.

Two stake events were on the program, but after the withdrawals had been made both of these were excelled in interest by the last race of the afternoon, a handicap at one mile and a quarter on the turf course, for which five of the eight horses named to start answered the call to the post, with Nones the favorite. Just before the race Nones was sold by Thomas Hitchcock to P. Ryan, a Chicago speculator, who recently has attracted attention as a turf plunger.

Though the price he paid for the colt was not made public, Ryan was credited with saying after the race that he had made Nones pay for himself in his first start.

For the September Stakes, for 3-year-olds, only three horses ran, Blues with the top weight, 126 pounds, starting the favorite, and carrying a big commission for the Fleischmann and Farrell stables. Monarka pulled up lame.

Coney Island Summaries Sept. 11.

Weather cloudy; track slow.

First race, last ¾ of furlong, new Futurity course, $600 added, 2-year-olds, maidens, selling:

Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	¼	½	Str.	Fin.
Gold Braid, 107 (T. Burns)					
Ben Brush, 107 (Rice)					
Rockaby, 109 (Booker)					

1:21 2-5. Cast Iron, 104 pounds (Smith); Patrol, 100 (E. Daly); Electress, 99 (Wonderly); Abandonella, 110 (J. Martin); Tact, 94 (Michaels); Major Tenny, 106 (J. Woods); Hot Air (Hendee); Nieuwenhuis, 99 (Cochran); Ohio Girl, 94 (Thompson); Joe McGovern, 97 (McGovern). Scratched as named: Winner, C. D. by Gold Dust—Madelaine. Won easily.

Second race, 1 mile, 1900 added, selling:

Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	¼	½	Str.	Fin.
Bowen, 108 (E. Michaels)					
Aff. Varrevare, 106 (W. Gill)					

1:38 1-5. Himself, 100 pounds (Miller); Saturday, 107 (J. Hamme); Mabie Dalton, 94 (Martin); Pinshon, 111 (Conran); Malmonn, 107 (Dimmon). Scratched as named: Goodal, finished as named. Winner, S. A. Hawkins—Riddoosma. Won easily. Bowen and Aff. Varrevare. Off at fourteen seconds. Fastest form in the going.

Third race, last ¾ mile, new Futurity course, purse $2,000, added to $200 each from Autumn Stakes, value $1,600:

Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	¼	½	Str.	Fin.
Dandelion, 109 (Odom)					
Delaware C., 109 (T. Frisk)					
Ben Strome, 109 (Shaw)					

1:16. Star Hancock, 109 pounds (Shaw); Konarka, 108 (J. Woods); Autolight, 107 (O'Connor); Winner, ch. g., by Hastings—Leopoldine. Won easily. O'Connor rode a confident race and evidently had a great deal in reserve.

Fourth race, 1⅛ miles, 3-year-olds, the September Stakes, $1,500 added:

Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	¼	½	Str.	Fin.
Ben Strome, 109 (Shaw)					
Konarka, 108 (J. Woods)					
Autolight, 107 (O'Connor)					

1:51 1-5. Winner, ch. g., by Sir Dixon—Bonnie Blue. Won in a canter. Blues led through the stretch, a pull and was eased down at the wire.

Fifth race, ¾ mile, on main track, $800 added:

Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	¼	½	Str.	Fin.
Belvino, 121 (O'Connor)					
Utopian, 108 (Woodyatt)					
Ben Strome, 109 (Shaw)					

1:16 1-5. Isis, 104 pounds, (Spencer); Sachem, 90 (Cochran); Fair Knight, 103 (E. Daly). Scratched as named. Winner, br. c., by Hastings—Vintage. Start straggling. Won driving. Belvino, after running displayed grand form in the going. Utopian lost ground at the start, being a slow beginner and was weakly handled.

Sixth race, 1¼ miles, on turf, $1,200 added, selling:

Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	¼	½	Str.	Fin.
Louisville, 98 (Cochran)					
Lowenstein, 110 (Spencer)					
Knight of Rhodes, 115 pounds (Shaw)					

2:07 2-5. Alaike, 95 (T. Daly). Scratched as named. Winner, b. g., by Sir Dixon—Amy Davenport. Won handily. Nones was perfectly handled and a wonder on the grass course. Louisville looks hot to be forced to a faster pace in his first part of the race and lasted out gamely to the finish.

Coney Island Entries.

First race, ¾ mile—Voter, 128 pounds; Somerset, 118; Chesimanda, 116; Unmasked, 116; Paul Clifford, 118; Locent, 111; Icicle, 108; Hans Wagner, 103; Talisula, 93; Lady Sterling, 90; Blanket, 88.

Second race, 1¼ miles, on turf—Harry McCount, 108; Wild Pirate, 108; Astor, 106; Whitelock, 97; Lady Chorister, 96; Little Jake, 94.

LAKE MAY HAVE TRAGEDY

BOAT UPSET AND MAN AND WOMAN FAIL TO RETURN.

Police Work on a Possible Double Drowning Reported by Fishermen — James Donohue and Come to the Conclusion That Two Lives Were Lost Tuesday Night—Seek to Find Whether the Disaster That Befell Couple Was Accidental or Intended.

Mystery surrounds the fate of a man and a woman who hired a boat at the foot of Harrison street on Tuesday night and are supposed to have been drowned in the lake. The police suggest a possible double suicide, perhaps murder and suicide.

The boat was picked up near the breakwater yesterday morning. It had been capsized and there was no trace of the occupants.

Detectives from the Harrison Street Police Station worked the greater part of the day in trying to solve the mystery, but at midnight had come no nearer to the solution than when they started.

Fisherman Tells His Story.

Frank Donohue, a fisherman who rents boats at the foot of Harrison street, reported the mysterious disappearance of the couple at 11 o'clock yesterday morning. He told the police that on Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock a man apparently 55 years old, who was accompanied by a woman about 20 years of age, came to him and asked if he would rent them a rowboat, saying they wanted to take a short row in the basin.

Donohue gave the man the boat and he and the woman got into it and started to row out in the lake. That was the last seen of them.

"There was nothing about the man which gave me any reason to suspect him," said Donohue. "Of course it was dark and I was not able to get a good enough look at them, so I cannot describe the couple. But I thought they only wanted to take a row around the basin, as lots of people do, and would return in the course of an hour.

They did not get back last night and early this morning I started out to look for some trace of them or my boat. I found it capsized, with the oars missing, near the breakwater."

Police Have Few Clews.

Donohue's story left the police little material to work on. The records in the station giving the data of missing persons were looked up, but in none of the cases could be found a man and a woman agreeing in ages with those to whom Donohue rented his boat.

After listening to Donohue's story the police felt satisfied that the couple had been drowned in the lake. Whether their deaths were accidental or premeditated is what the police are now trying to learn.

It is possible detectives say that the couple landed at the breakwater and neglecting to fasten their boat securely, it drifted away and was overturned. They returning later and finding their craft gone, hurried away without telling Donohue.

CARROLLTON'S SPRING WATER.

Illinois Town Puts in a New System, Borrowing Money Under New Legislative Act.

Carrollton, Ill., Sept. 11.—[Special.]—The new water works system just completed here gives Carrollton the distinction of being the only town in the State getting a water supply from natural springs.

The improvement was secured under the provisions of the law passed by the State Legislature in 1899 to enable municipalities that are already in debt up to the constitutional limit to make further improvements. It is understood that Carrollton is also the only town in the State that has been able to take advantage of this law.

The old water system, which was supplied from deep wells, proved inadequate, and a year ago it was determined to purchase a group of springs four miles from town and pipe the water in. It was found that the cost would be about $19,000, and that this would increase the city's indebtedness about $18,000 beyond the constitutional limit.

Water certificates, payable out of the revenues of the system, were issued and sold to Chicago brokers. Before the actual delivery a temporary injunction was granted on the ground that the certificates were an additional indebtedness against the city, and therefore unconstitutional. The contract had been let and a large part of the material had been delivered. The injunction suits were decided in favor of the city by Circuit Judge Creighton of Springfield. His ruling was that the certificates were not an indebtedness against the city, and that their issue was therefore legal. While this was exactly the reverse of the decision rendered by Judge Dibell in the Joliet case, no appeal was taken, and the work was allowed to proceed.

The springs from which the new supply comes would furnish water for two or three towns the size of Carrollton, and have never been known to diminish in flow. The water is pure, cold, and palatable. The machinery put in will pump 900,000 gallons through the four-mile pipe line every twenty-four hours.

Rivals Roll High Scores.

Besides winning three straight games from the Halcyons in the Southwest league last night, the Rivals performed some remarkable feats by rolling consecutive scores of 900 and 984 and making an average of 848 2-3 for the series. Scores:

Rivals.	1.	2.	3.	Halcyon.	1.	2.	3.
Eckert	177	168	180	George	163	174	142
Neall	161	213	244	Mueller	119	161	192
A. McBride	159	172	199	Blair	146	160	174
W. McBride	182	222	204	Herbert	164	126	138
H. Schulke	113	135	170	Liston	155	146	170
Totals	892	990	984	Totals	739	743	776

Census Supervisor Indicted.

Santa Fe, N. M., Sept. 11.—The United States grand jury today returned seven indictments against Pedro Sanchez, census supervisor of New Mexico, and his clerk, Mariano Sena, charging embezzlement and forgery.

CHICAGO HAS A WET DAY.

ALMOST TWO INCHES OF WATER DRENCHES THE CITY.

Precipitation Is Persistent and Sometimes Violent, but Is Accompanied by Little Lightning and Works No Harm on the Lake — Weather Man Says the Sun Will Break Through the Clouds Some Time Today—"Boil the Drinking Supply," Say Experts.

Enough rain to discourage a dozen droughts descended on Chicago yesterday and last night. It was a quiet, gentle rain at times, but at other times the water came down in sheets.

The officials of the Health department shook their heads and sent out a bulletin. "Boil the water," it said. "The rain has stirred the lake."

Some time today, it is promised, the skies will clear and Chicago will have fair weather. It is expected that this heavy storm will be followed by fair and pleasant weather.

The rain in Chicago, according to the official measurement, was 1.81 inches. The storm was general through the Mississippi and lower Ohio Valleys and north over Michigan and Superior. There was no wind and little lightning, just a steady downpour.

At 7 p. m. the house of J. W. Thompson, 5417 Ridgewood street, was struck by lightning. No one was injured and little damage was done.

Streets Look Clean.

Chicago streets were so well flushed in some places that they appeared to be clean. Other streets not so well paved, collected great ponds of water. The paving became extremely slippery. At State and Washington streets, just before 6 o'clock, a heavy dray struck one of the curved railsand was turned over.

The State street cable was blocked for some time, while the rain poured down in such torrents that people could not leave the cars to seek other means of getting home.

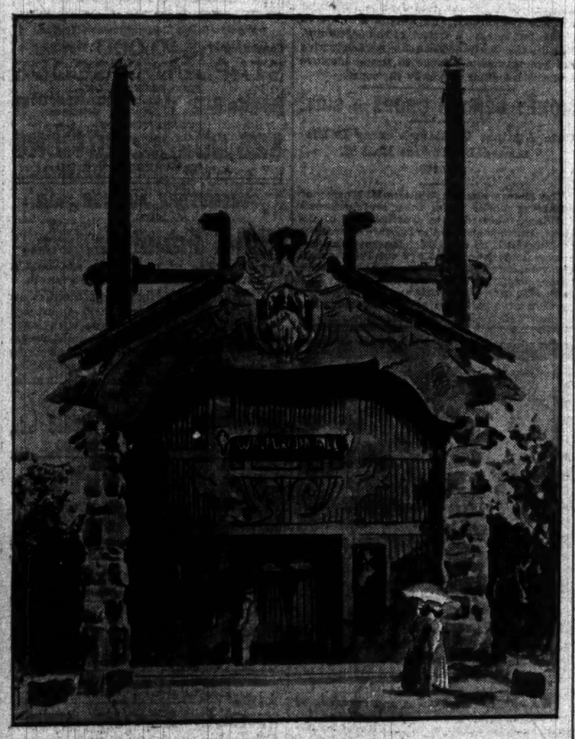
A number of basements in the business district were flooded.

Lake Gale Subsides.

The storm on the lake subsided, so far as the gale was concerned, but the rain fell so persistently from morning till night that lake traffic had a sudden falling off. Boats that have gone out loaded all summer left their docks with the crews almost the sole occupants. Owing to the early discouragement of lake travel by the storm of last week and this, some of the boats will be taken off next week.

Yesterday put an abrupt stop to yachting in Chicago harbor. Sails were so thoroughly soaked that it will take a day of sunshine to dry them. The Columbia Yacht club promises to go ahead with its races on Saturday, if the weather clears before Friday.

WEIRD PICTURE GALLERY IN MOUNTAINS.



A building designed to commemorate weird associations connected with the Harts Mountains in north Germany was dedicated recently. The edifice bears the characteristic features of the oldest known types of original Teutonic invention in timber structures from the ages of heathenism. Its front, standing between abrupt rocky cliffs, shows a cornice sculptured with the figures of the two mystic ravens, Hugin and Munin, and with wolves' heads at either end; the supporting pillars are carved with symbolic representations of the hammer and the goat's-horned head, ascribed to Donar and Thor, the gods of thunder and war; and the gables above display the horses' heads, which have been interpreted as a sign of remembrance of the mighty Wodan's or Odin's favorite war horse; the head of Wodan himself in colossal proportions, as the supreme ruler of gods and men, surmounts the entrance to the hall.

The interior decoration of the hall consists of five mural pictures by the painter, Professor Hermann Hendrich, illustrating scenes from the grotesque and horrible "Walpurgisnacht" interlude of Goethe's "Faust," part I. Among these are the ascent of Faust and Mephistopheles to the Blocksberg and the wandering spirit-light, or ignis fatuus or will o' the wisp, called to be their guide.

GRAND ARMY MEN IN LINE.

UNION VETERANS MARCH IN REVIEW AT CLEVELAND.

Thousands of the Men Who Wore the Blue in the Civil War Join in the Parade and Half a Million People Watch the Inspiring Spectacle—Thanksgiving Service for President McKinley's Recovery Is to Be Held Today.

Cleveland, O., Sept. 11.—The veterans of the civil war belonging to the Grand Army of the Republic responded to the bugle call again today. In a seemingly interminable line of blue the various departments took up their march through the streets of Cleveland.

The parade started at 10 o'clock from the intersection of Euclid and Case avenues, two miles from the center of the city, to the east. It moved for five hours.

Immediately in front of the veterans as they marched stood the grand stand, on which the hundreds of school children were grouped in a huge American flag. Waving little flags they gave the whole the effect of an American emblem floating to the breeze.

Seen by Half a Million.

It is estimated that nearly half a million people were spectators of the magnificent pageant. The column was over eight miles in length and was splendidly handled, the column moving steadily and with scarcely a halt or a break until the entire line had passed the reviewing stand.

The scene was most inspiring. Veterans with tottering footsteps and others erect and sprightly as in youth, but all seemingly with limbs and hearts of steel, marched patiently side by side, and among the thousands who made up the host there were scarcely a bare half dozen whom the fatigues of the march caused to fall out before they passed through the living sea of faces in the court of honor and the reviewing stand.

Promptly at the hour set for the parade to move, General Leo Rassieur, commander-in-chief, gave the signal, and the column moved forward. The solid mass of humanity which crowded the avenue from curb to curb gave way like the parting of the waves, and the march began.

Governors March on Foot.

The Governors of several States marched in the line with their representative posts, and were proud to go afoot with their old comrades in the old way. Senator M. A. Hanna caught the infection of the hour and left the reviewing stand to march down the line with Memorial Post.

Every department as it passed the court of honor and neared the living flag of children formed upon the grand stand facing the long vista at the foot of Bond street was greeted with a patriotic chorus from the throats of thousands of school children composing the flag.

With General Rassieur in the reviewing stand were the following: Mayor Tom L. Johnson, George Stone, Department Commander of Colorado; General John C. Black of Illinois, General J. Longenecker of Illinois, General Daniel E. Sickles, Guy T. Gould, Past Department Commander of Illinois; Colonel Thomas Scott of Illinois, L. E. Holden, and General J. Warren Keifer.

Order of the Parade.

The parade was led by mounted police, following were the local Grand Marshal of the parade, Captain Russell E. Burdick, and his staff.

Next came past Commanders-in Chief of the Grand Army, in carriages. Then followed the national council of administration.

The Grand Army departments marched in the order of senority, with Illinois in the lead, except that Ohio, by courtesy, took the left of the line. The marching order was as follows: Illinois, Wisconsin, Pennsylvania, New York, Connecticut, Massachusetts, New Jersey, Maine, California, Nevada, Rhode Island, New Hampshire, Vermont, Potomac, Virginia and North Carolina, Maryland, Nebraska, Michigan, Iowa, Indiana, Colorado and Wyoming, Kansas, Delaware, Minnesota, Missouri, Oregon, Kentucky, West Virginia, South Dakota, Washington and Alaska, Arkansas, New Mexico, Utah, Tennessee, Louisiana and Mississippi, Florida, Montana, Texas, Idaho, Arizona, Georgia, Alabama, North Dakota, Oklahoma, Indian Territory, Ohio.

McKinley Thanksgiving Today.

It is expected that the patriotic outburst of today will be duplicated on Thursday afternoon, when a mass-meeting will be held in praise and thanksgiving for the prospective recovery of President McKinley. Senator Hanna, Governor Nash of Ohio, Mayor Johnson of Cleveland, General Rassieur of the Grand Army, Judge William R. Day of Canton, Senator Fairbanks of Indiana, Charles Grosvenor, and the Rev. Dr. Manchester, the President's pastor, will address the meeting.

Town Is Left in Darkness.

Fostoria, O., Sept. 11.—Owing to a war between the city and the Fostoria Gas and Light company over the price of fuel gas the company has shut down its plant and the town is without either illuminating or fuel gas. The company wanted to double the price of fuel gas.

HUNS THREATEN TO QUIT STRIKE.

Hold an Indignation Meeting at McKeesport and Demand Benefits at Once.

LEADERS ARGUE IN VAIN.

Shaffer Denies That a Settlement Is in Sight or Has Been Ordered.

MILLS GET SKILLED MEN.

Pittsburg, Pa., Sept. 11.—The Hungarian strikers at McKeesport held an indignation meeting tonight and decided that if they could not draw benefits sure and quick they would draw out of the strike. Strike leaders have tried every means to appease their anger, but the result is doubtful.

Tonight for the first time since the strike the steel hoop mill at Monessen is running full force, which practically ends all semblance of a strike there. Every mill in that town is now running day and night.

A telegram from Newcastle, Pa., tonight says:

"A party of fourteen Amalgamated men from that city departed this evening for some unknown point. They left friends they were going to take places in the Star mill at Pittsburg, but it is also rumored that their real destination was Elwood, Ind., where an attempt is soon to be made to operate the plant. Local strikers are indignant at the defection, while others refuse to believe that the men really intended taking the places of strikers."

Get Many Skilled Men.

At the Star mills today there was great activity. About 11 o'clock in the morning a car loaded with skilled men for the Star plant arrived at the Union Station. These men were taken to the plant without interference. The pickets that had been guarding the works had gone over to the South Side to take part in the movements of the strikers there. In the car were about sixty men. They were all men who had worked in tin mills, and among them were rollers, roughers, and catchers. They came from the East, and it is said many of them had broken away from the ranks of the strikers in other mills and had sought work in new localities under assumed names. With this increased force the Star plant is practically filled with skilled men and will be able to operate all of the mills there on full turns.

Shaffer Denies Peace Rumors.

While stories of a peaceful settlement of the strike of the Amalgamated association were heard today with much force and persistency, President Shaffer continued to deny them emphatically, and said that the battle of the steelworkers would go on until they won. He denied that the Executive board had instructed him to settle the strike on any terms, and said that he would not go to New York or make any further peace move for the present. While the President of the Amalgamated association was standing in this position, the officials of the United States Steel corporation were putting forth active efforts to start their plants.

President Shaffer discussed the trouble of yesterday on the South Side, and said that any member of the Amalgamated association who was guilty of such actions again would be dropped from the rolls.

Secretary Williams said he was preparing to send out the second instalment of strike benefits during the day and would have them all out during the week.

The number to receive benefits is not more than 40,000, and this will require about $40,000 weekly. It is claimed that the Amalgamated treasury, reimbursed by the lodges whose members are at work, will be able to meet the payments with the aid of funds contributed by sympathizers.

Joliet Men Still Undecided.

Joliet, Ill., Sept. 11.—[Special.]—The striking steel workers, after an all afternoon session, decided to postpone a decisive vote on the question of returning to work until tomorrow afternoon.

The mills are all ready to start on Friday morning, and the fires will be lighted on that day. Whether it will be a union or non-union mill is for the men to settle tomorrow. The company, it is understood, is summoning the engineers and others to report on that day.

At today's meeting two of the mill superintendents made addresses, urging the men to go back. Vice President Davis of Chicago was at the meeting. The men refuse to commit themselves publicly, but the opinion prevails that they will vote to go back. The tinplate works here will be dismantled, according to an official notice posted today.

OBITUARY.

EDWIN H. SEDGWICK died on Tuesday at his residence, 4524 Ellis avenue, of apoplexy, after a year's illness, aged 56 years. He was a member of the Board of Trade for fifteen years, and for the last twelve years had been treasurer and general manager of the Wilks Manufacturing company at 58 South Clinton street, Chicago. He was a member of the Kenwood club, Society of Mayflower Descendants, Society of Colonial Wars, Royal Arcanum, and the Kenwood Evangelical Church.

JOHN P. GILLETT was buried at Elkhart, Ill., yesterday, the funeral services being held at St. John's Chapel. Mr. Gillett's farming interests were among the largest in Illinois controlled by an individual. He held his property under a life-tenure clause in the will of his father. Mr. Gillett is survived by a widow, his aged mother, and six sisters, among the latter being Mrs. Richard Oglesby, widow of the former Governor of Illinois.

CHRIST MUELLER, one of the leading lumbermen of the Mississippi Valley, died suddenly yesterday at Davenport, Ia. He settled in Davenport in 1852, having come to America as an exile because of his participation in the Schleswig-Holstein war for independence. He was the founder of the Davenport Turner society.

ELIZA ALLEN STARR'S funeral was held yesterday morning from the Holy Name Cathedral. Father McGovern of Lockport celebrated the requiem high mass, and the Rev. Thomas E. Sherman delivered the funeral oration. Many priests and representatives of Catholic orders attended the services. Interment was at Calvary.

HOMER N. TRUSSELL, Berwyn, died yesterday at his residence. He was born near Troy, O., in 1837. He moved to Berwyn four years ago and took charge of the local paper. A widow and three children survive him. The funeral will be held on Sunday afternoon.

ANTHONY F. SEEBERGER'S remains passed through Chicago yesterday en route to Mount Vernon, O., where interment will take place today. Mr. Seeberger died at Des Moines, Ia., on July 10.

Catholic Vereins Elect Officers.

Bridgeport, Conn., Sept. 11.—The German Catholic Vereins of North America today elected the following officers: President, the Rev. J. C. Hutstein, Detroit; First Vice President, Joseph Biome of Belleville, Ill.; Second Vice President, William Gilles of Wahpeton, N. D.; Corresponding and Financial Secretary, Paul Junkie of Chicago; Recording Secretary, Frank Rumke of Bridgeport; Treasurer, William Fuestel of New Haven.

Lost Prospectors Near Starvation.

Seattle, Wash., Sept. 11.—Roderick J. Marston and Robert Smith, prospectors, became lost and subsisted on raw fish, buds, and leaves of willows for thirteen days, and then stumbled, more dead than alive, into a prospector's camp on the Moukluk River, where they were cared for and taken to Council, whence they reached Nome.

Two Papers Consolidate.

Mount Vernon, Ill., Sept. 11.—[Special.]—The Mount Vernon News, the oldest paper in the county, and the Jefferson County Democrat have consolidated. Dr. Walter Watson, late chairman of the Democratic State Central committee, is one of the chief stockholders.

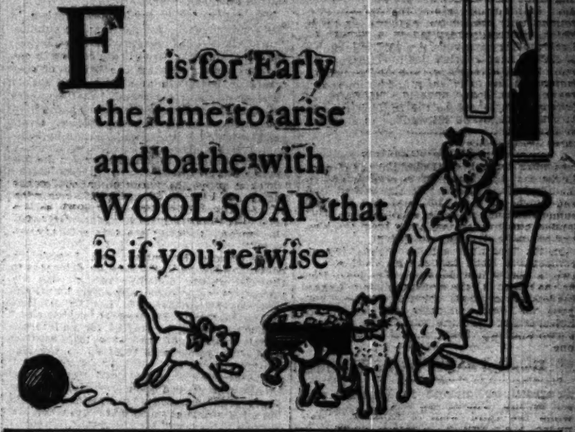
DeMuth & Co.

It Is Actual Worth That has placed Hanan's Fine Shoes

$5, $6 and $7

for men and women at the head of all others for pronounced style, quality and comfort. They outrival all rivals, because they are the best. Fall and winter styles and shapes now on sale. We can fit and suit you when all others fail. Another very interesting feature of business is our Cracker-Jack School Shoes for boys and girls.

Our New Corner Building — State St. and Jackson Blvd.



FOUR KILLED BY A TRAIN.

Family Returning from Funeral in a Wagon Is Struck at Crossing Near Peru, Ind.

Peru, Ind., Sept. 11.—Nathan Fouts, his sister, Mrs. Frank Niccum, her husband, and their 18 months old daughter were killed today by a Lake Erie and Western passenger train at a crossing six and one-half miles north of Peru. The four were in a spring wagon, returning from a funeral.

Posse Pursues Kidnapers.

Russellville, Ky., Sept. 11.—[Special.]—Movers stole the 8-year-old child of Charles Caldwell, a brick mason, this afternoon. A large posse is in hot pursuit, and if the kidnapers are caught they will be severely handled.

Hardy Downing Seriously Ill.

Springfield, Mass., Sept. 11.—Hardy Downing of San José, Cal., a well-known bicycle rider, was operated upon here this afternoon for appendicitis. His condition is considered serious.

A Continuous Performance

The Swan Fountain Pen is a perfect mechanism for continuous writing. It never touches the paper without making a mark. The top and bottom feed keeps the point moist. Flow of ink is adjustable.

The SWAN FOUNTAIN PEN

is fitted with the world-renowned Mabie, Todd & Bard Gold Pen—perfect pens of 14 karat gold, tipped with first quality iridium. Yet it is inexpensive.

MABIE, TODD & BARD, 101 Washington Street, Chicago.

WEBER PIANOS

WEBER WAREROOMS: 266 WABASH AVENUE.

LOUIS DEDERICK, Manager.

The North Western Station, Wells & Kinzie sts. Ticket Office, 212 Clark St. Tel., Central 721.

THE BEST OF EVERYTHING.

Chair, Parlor, Buffet, Parlor and Dining Cars and Sleepers.

9.00 AM	FAST MAIL	For Huron, Pierre, Aberdeen, Ashland
9.00 AM	EAST MAIL	For Fond du Lac, Oshkosh, Appleton, Menasha, Neenah, Green Bay, Marinette, Escanaba, Ishpeming, Negaunee, Marquette, Calumet, Houghton, Hancock
9.00 AM	MADISON, STATE EX.	For Madison, Prairie du Chien, Dubuque, Waterloo, Cedar Rapids, Des Moines, Omaha
9.00 AM	MENOMINEE EX.	For Menominee, Escanaba, Ishpeming, Negaunee, Marquette, Calumet, Houghton, Hancock
10.00

NEWS OF THE RAILWAYS.

PRESIDENT STICKNEY DENIES GREAT WESTERN RUMORS.

Declares There Is No Truth in Report That Control of His Road Is Likely to Pass to Morgan and Harriman — Also Dismisses Statement That He Contemplates an Alliance with Hill Lines — Says Extensions Are Being Hurried.

President A. B. Stickney of the Chicago Great Western, while in the city yesterday, denied the reports that Morgan and Harriman were likely to get control of his road. The report that an alliance with the Hill roads is contemplated he declares to be equally false.

"Of course," said Mr. Stickney, "any one can buy Great Western securities in the open market or from individual holders who are willing to sell, but the stock and bonds of the company are held by a large number of people, and few of them, it seems to me, are willing to dispose of their holdings, considering them an excellent investment."

Mr. Stickney admits that considerable rate demoralization exists at the present time, but the Great Western, he says, is in no way responsible for it. The Great Western stood always ready to enter into agreements for the maintenance of rates in good faith, he deserted, but so long as competing lines were violating every agreement they make his road would remain independent, but would be always ready to maintain agreed rates as long as others maintained them.

The extensions to Omaha and Sioux City, he said, would be completed next summer. Part of these lines from Manley Junction to Fort Dodge, Ia., and from Hampton to Clarion will be completed this year, and from Fort Dodge to Omaha and Sioux City some grading is already under way.

Port Arthur-European Line.

A bi-monthly service from Port Arthur, Tex., to the United Kingdom and continental ports has been regularly established and will be continued during the present grain shipping season. The steamship Robert Adamson is loading at Port Arthur and will clear the first half of October. The Adamson will carry a cargo of lumber, grain, cotton, cotton seed meal, oil, cake, etc. The steamship Westwater will arrive at Port Arthur on Sept. 23 and clear for Bremen the first part of October.

This service is a result of a contract between the Kansas City Southern (now controlled by the Harriman syndicate) and the ship owning firm of G. T. Soley & Co. of Liverpool, which calls for two boats a month to clear from Port Arthur to European ports. Arriving, the boats will discharge their cargoes at other ports, no attempt being made as yet to forward imports through Port Arthur.

Ticket Brokers Enjoined.

Attorneys of the Lake Shore road have secured a temporary injunction against forty-three ticket brokers doing business in Cleveland. The order of the court restrains the brokers from buying, selling, exchanging, or transferring any Lake Shore tickets that were issued on account of the G. A. R. encampment. They are also enjoined from inducing others to conduct such ticket brokerage. The brokers mean to make a desperate fight. It is understood the Nickel-Plate and Pennsylvania will bring similar injunction suits.

May Be New Line to Chicago.

A dispatch from Milwaukee states that the plan of the promoters of the Chicago, Burlington and Lake Geneva Elevated railroad, which has secured a franchise in Milwaukee over the Mayor's veto, is really to make the projected road another line to Chicago. It is said the road intends to connect with the outer belt line to Chicago, and as the road is to be elevated over crossings on its line, it will be able to reduce the running time between Chicago and Milwaukee to a considerable extent.

Transportation Notes.

Commissioner F. C. Donald of the Central Passenger association has received reports from Cleveland showing that during the first three days of the G. A. R. encampment 10,000 of the reduced rate tickets sold for that occasion were deposited with the joint agent for extension. It is expected that all these people deposited their tickets with a view of visiting the Pan-American Exposition.

Earnings of the Milwaukee and St. Paul for the first week of September increased $178,494 over those for the corresponding week last year. Chicago and Eastern Illinois earnings for the same week made an increase of only $900.

MEXICAN TRANSFER ARRANGED.

Controlling Interest in International Railway Will Be Turned Over to Speyer & Co.

New York, Sept. 11.—[Special.]—The directors of the Mexican International railway company met in this city today and formally approved arrangements for the transfer of that property to Speyer & Co. The statement was authorized that the Southern Pacific railroad's one-fifth interest in the Mexican International is to remain intact.

Speyer & Co.'s purchase of the control is believed to include a large cash payment. The price paid for the Mexican International shares is likely to be guarded as a private transaction. Besides the $20,708,000 of outstanding stock there are $4,500,000 of income bonds which do not bear interest.

Exchange of Stock Certificates.

The voting trust of the Baltimore and Ohio railroad having been dissolved, the exchange of stock trust certificates for certificates of capital stock will begin tomorrow at the Standard Trust company, 25 Broad street. Speyer Bros. will make the necessary exchange in London. Vouchers will be given calling for stock in such names as may be desired as soon as it can be prepared for delivery.

Immense Order for Locomotives.

The Pennsylvania railroad management has found it necessary to more than double its original order for locomotives owing to the rapidly increasing traffic, both passenger and freight. It is now announced from semi-official sources that the Pennsylvania company is building 184 new engines, which is by far the largest number ever ordered by one railroad system in any one year.

RAILWAY DIRECTORS ELECTED.

Toledo, Peoria and Western Stockholders Hold Their Annual Meeting at Peoria, Ill.

Peoria, Ill., Sept. 11.—The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Toledo, Peoria and Western railway was held in this city today. Directors were elected as follows:

C. M. Dawes, Chicago; Franklin H. Head, Chicago; E. F. Leonard, Peoria; Jos Wood, Peoriaburg; W. R. Baldwin, Burlington, Ia.

President Leonard's report shows earnings for the year, $1,157,978.54. Operating expenses and taxes, $929,726.84; net earnings, $228,252.20. This is an increase over the preceding year of $574.04. The increased operating expenses over 1900 amount to $71,780.15. All available income the report says, has been expended upon the tracks and equipment.

SAYS JOHN B. MAUS BEAT BOY.

Mrs. L. R. Williams of Wrightwood Avenue Has Her Neighbor Arrested.

John B. Maus, nephew of J. K. Maus, President of Kelley, Maus & Co., 184 Lake street, was in court yesterday on a warrant procured by Mrs. L. R. Williams, a neighbor, living at 1901 Wrightwood avenue. She alleges that the defendant beat her son. The case was set for Saturday.

SEASHORE EXCURSION.

Via Baltimore and Ohio Railroad.

Chicago to New York and return, $31.00, with stop-over privileges. For information address W. W. Picking, General Agent Passenger Department, 244 Clark street. B. N. Austin, General Passenger Agent, Merchants' Loan and Trust Building, Chicago.

QUICKLY ADVANCED IN RAILROAD SERVICE.

P. J. Elmer.

J. P. Elmer, General Passenger Agent of the Chicago Great Western, has attained his present high station in a shorter time than any other General Passenger Agent in the country. He has been in railroad service less than four years, commencing in 1897 as City Passenger and Ticket Agent of the Chicago Great Western at St. Paul, Minn. One year later he was promoted to General Agent of the company at St. Paul, and last April, when F. H. Lord resigned as General Passenger and Ticket Agent of the road, Mr. Elmer was sent to Chicago to take his place. He was born in New Jersey on Dec. 7, 1857, and was educated at the West Jersey Academy.

RATE CUTTING MUST STOP.

INSURANCE AGENTS AT PUT-IN BAY PLAN CAMPAIGN.

National Association Advised to Drop All Companies That Reduce Premiums in One Section While Accepting the Benefits of Contracts in Another —Proposition Is Made to Hold the 1903 Convention in St. Louis—New Officers Are Elected.

Put-in Bay, O., Sept. 11.—[Special.]—The work of the three days' session of the National Association of Local Insurance Agents was embodied in today's report of the Committee on resolutions.

The report recommends conservatism in the conduct of the association; the publication of a bulletin by officers of the association; that a company guilty of rate cutting in one section while receiving the benefit of contracts or boards in another section should be stopped, and recommended that members be kept informed as to the names and action of companies guilty of such practice. Overhead writing by agents no less than by companies was condemned.

On the question of single agencies the following was adopted:

"This association requests a conference with all companies to discuss the reduction of agencies to one in each territory, as defined in the appointment of agents, and to devise means to complete this salutary reform."

The officers, Executive, and Legislative committees were designated as delegates to the conference. Schedule rating was approved. A suggestion was offered that the 1903 convention meet at St. Louis at the time of the Louisiana Purchase Exposition and that a movement be started for an international congress of insurance men at that time. The latter was referred to the Executive committee.

The sentiment entertained by the local agents present at Put-in Bay regarding the paper read yesterday by President Washburn took form at today's session, when Mr. Wilson of Utah and Mr. Barrett of Kentucky protested against the proposition that business does not belong to the local agent. However, the matter was dropped after Mr. Woodworth had pointed out that the association could not afford to put itself in position of officially criticising personal opinions of an invited outside speaker. Some discussion was had over the adoption of a section of the by-laws regarding the question of legislation. When the delegates learned the section referred to was in effect advisory rather than mandatory much of the opposition was withdrawn, and the revised by-laws were adopted as a whole.

The following officers were elected: President, George D. Markham, St. Louis; Vice Presidents, Thomas H. Geer, Cleveland; W. P. Pallilo, Atlanta; John C. North, New Haven; A. M. Well, Evansville; A. H. Robinson, Louisville; W. L. Stiles, San Antonio; H. D. Goodale, Watertown; E. J. Tapping, Milwaukee; Walter J. Ball, Tacoma; L. W. Chilsley, Norfolk; H. E. Palmer, Omaha; Secretary-Treasurer, Frank J. Holmes, Chicago; Chairman Executive committee, C. H. Woodworth, Buffalo; Chairman Grievance committee, Merwin Jackson, Toledo; Chairman Legislative committee, Emmet Rhodes, Auburn, N. Y.; Chairman State Organization, H. N. Pinkham, Portland, Me.

WANT ANARCHISM MADE CRIME.

National Life Underwriters' Association, in Session at Portland, Me., Favors New Federal Law.

Portland, Me., Sept. 11.—[Special.]—The unanimous adoption of resolutions of sympathy for President McKinley and recommending that a law be enacted declaring any attempt upon the life of the Chief Executive, wherever committed, treason and a crime against the United States, punishable by death, was the principal feature of the twelfth annual convention of the National Life Underwriters' association, which opened here today.

The resolutions also recommend that the law contain a provision for trial in the United States courts of any persons engaged in the agitation or practice of anarchical methods, who, upon conviction, may be punished either by imprisonment or expulsion from the country.

Demand for clean men in the insurance business was the chief topic of the annual address of President Register. The report and recommendations of the Executive committee were read and will be discussed on Thursday. C. G. Hine of the Underwriters' Protective association explained the plan of that enterprise to furnish general agents with the records of solicitors for life insurance. After the forenoon session the New York delegates met and voted to present the name of Philip H. Farley of New York for President of the association. The Western delegates are urging as President for the ensuing year the election of W. D. Wyman of Chicago, manager of the Berkshire Life Insurance company for the State of Illinois, and indications tonight point to his election.

STATE UNDERWRITERS TO MEET

Executive Committee's Session Postponed to Monday—Stamping Bureau at Marion Recommended.

The meeting of the Executive committee of the Illinois State Board of Underwriters has been postponed to Monday preliminary to the quarterly meeting of the board, which will be held on Tuesday at Jacksonville. Special committees have recommended that a stamping bureau be established at Marion and that Pana be annexed to the Decatur district.

Gilbert & Blood have been made agents of the National Union Fire at St. Paul.

The arbitrators in the controversy between the Stafford, Goss & Co. agency at Cleveland and the Ohio Rating bureau have decided unanimously in favor of the latter.

The numerous suits brought in Clay County by H. H. Klayer, the professional nuisance litigant, against companies for failing to report their net premiums for taxation under the old law, have been dismissed for failure to furnish a bond for the costs.

Theodore Weil of this city was made Vice President for the central division of the $200,000 club of the New York Life, having written the largest amount of any of the members from the central West.

SON BEFRIENDS HIS FATHER AFTER ONCE ACCUSING HIM.

Witness on Whose Testimony Largely Michael J. Synon Was Convicted of Murder Turns Defender.

Michael J. Synon, convicted of murdering his wife largely on the testimony of his young son, found a friend in the boy yesterday when the second trial of the case began. The change was a great surprise to the State. On the verdict at the first hearing Synon was sentenced to death.

When on the stand at the former trial Michael J. Synon Jr. told how his father had beaten and choked his mother in a brutal way frequently, and how he had threatened her because she would not give him money when he asked her for it. He also told of circumstances before and after the finding of the body which amounted almost to direct evidence of Synon's guilt. An hour before he went on the stand yesterday he is said to have reiterated his former statement to Assistant State's Attorney Newcomer, who is prosecuting the case.

An evidence of the boy's efforts in behalf of his father was the change which he made in a striking incident of his former story. When he had looked through the window at the evidence of a tragedy on the kitchen floor, and had gone again to the street much frightened, he formerly said that he looked up at the window of the upper front room of the flat and saw a hand scratching the frost from the glass.

The boy's story of his swift vision of that hand, undoubtedly the murderer's or in that apparently deserted house of crime, made a strong impression on the jury. He said then that the hand was a man's hand, smooth and white. In his story yesterday the hand scratching frost from the window pane had become covered with dark hair. Synon's hand is smooth and white.

"Unquestionably," said Mr. Newcomer afterward, "the boy has been tampered with and instructed what to testify and what not to say. Some of my questions indicated that I suspected that Patrick Synon, his uncle, visited the boy at Feehanville, where he is held as a dependent child, and advised him concerning his testimony. I could not establish this fact by the boy himself, because to have done so would have been to impeach my own witness."

According to the evidence upon which Synon formerly was convicted he killed his wife with a hammer in the kitchen of their house at 240 Green street, afterward cut her throat with a pair of scissors, and then hid her body under some excelsior in a kitchen closet.

CULLOM GOING TO STATE FAIR.

Senator Will Close His Office in Chicago and Take Up Headquarters in Springfield.

Senator Shelby M. Cullom will close his office in the Monadnock Building today and go to Springfield, to remain until after the State Fair, which closes the first week in October. He then will go direct to Washington, to remain there for the opening of Congress, in December.

VOICE OF THE PEOPLE.

What Shall We Do with Anarchists?

Chicago, Sept. 10.—[Editor of The Tribune.]—The question that every loyal citizen is now asking is: "What shall we do with the Anarchists?" Will you allow me to give an answer that ought to be perfectly satisfactory to all classes of people? An entirely "free society, where there shall be no law, no courts, no Presidents, no government, no police, no rich, no poor, where all shall be on a perfect level, is what the Anarchists desire. Now, let the United States government give them all that they wish. Do it in this way: Purchase for them an island in the center of the Pacific Ocean and invite every Anarchist to settle on that island. Guarantee to them that there shall be no government, no President, Governor, or political officer of any kind appointed or elected there; that there shall be no courts or Judges or judicial officer of any kind allowed on the island; that no laws of any kind shall be passed; that not a policeman shall be allowed there, and no schools, prisons, hospitals, or any other institution established by law or allowed there, and that every person shall be perfectly free to do as he pleases.

The government should be generous with the Anarchists and agree to be at the expense of conveying them with their families and all their personal property to this island, and then it should make it a crime for any one to attempt to establish any kind of a government on this island and send a commissioner there once in three months to see that this law of the United States government is strictly lived up to. If these were any Anarchists who refused to emigrate to this island he or she should be compelled to go, but as they are all such strong advocates of "personal liberty" I don't think any one of them would object to this arrangement. H. L. GREEN.

Grand Jury Indicts Kansas Banker.

Wichita, Kas., Sept. 11.—The grand jury today brought in a reindictment against William Martindale, charging him with wrecking the Emporia National Bank, which failed more than two years ago. The President of the bank, Mr. Cross, committed suicide at the time of the failure. Martindale was Vice President of the bank.

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Splendid Rain-Proof Overcoats, suitable for either fair or rainy weather. A large assortment of colors and sizes at prices from $15.00 to $25.00.

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Both for wear during winter and for next season, many satisfactory selections may be made from this assortment.

WOULD-BE ELOPER IS ARRESTED

Girl Objects to a Too-Earnest Lover and Has Him Brought Before Justice Dooley.

Louis Frank's love for Amelia Gustella, a 16-year-old daughter of Italy, was so great it is alleged he urged her to elope. Amelia's affection for Louis had not reached that intense degree, and she told her father of the young man's proposal. Thereupon the angry parent ordered the suitor from the house-heroic treatment, for Louis boarded with the family. But dismissal did not retard his earnestness, it is said, and as a final step he was arrested. Frank told Justice Dooley of his woes yesterday, and Amelia also was in court, but not as a friend of the defendant. The Justice continued the case a week to give the young man a chance to forget his love and avoid further action by the court.

MONEY LENDER DROPS A SUIT.

Case Against William Murray Is Dismissed by Justice Hall of Cicero.

The charge against William H. Murray of obtaining money under false pretenses was dismissed yesterday by Justice Hall of Cicero. In consequence the habeas corpus proceedings will be dropped. Murray is an engraver and lives at 1875 West Polk street. He was arrested recently for a debt to a money lender, which he said he already had paid. He was taken fifteen miles to Cicero by Constable Sallsbury and committed to the County Jail by Justice Hall.

Pastry Food Too Commonly Used.

The use of pastry cereals is not advisable. A physician says, "Pastry cereals are very indigestible and a bad thing for the stomach, causing a depressed feeling and quite a train of disorders, particularly of the intestines and nerves.

"Cereals, such as wheat and oats, can be cooked long enough and well enough to fit them for human use, but the ordinary way of cooking leaves them in a pasty condition."

A gentleman from Evansville, Ind., whose name can be secured upon application to the Postum Cereal Co., Ltd., Battle Creek, Mich., says: "My physician prohibited the use of oats and wheat, for I was in a bad condition physically, with pronounced dyspepsia. He said the heavy paste was indigestible, but that Grape-Nuts, being a thoroughly cooked food and cooked in such a manner as to change the starch into grape-sugar, could be easily digested. I have become very fond indeed of Grape-Nuts and all the uncomfortable feelings have disappeared. I have gained nearly twelve pounds in weight and none of the distressed, full feeling after my meals that I had formerly. Grape-Nuts Food has done the work."

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EDITORIAL SHEET.

The Chicago Daily Tribune.

PART TWO. Pages 9 to 16.

THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 12, 1901—SIXTEEN PAGES.

MARINE COLONEL TO FACE TRIAL.

Robert L. Meade, After Forty-two Years' Service, Accused of Intoxication.

TROUBLE AT GUAM DENIED

Governor Schroeder Declares Recent Reports Have Been Exaggerated.

NEWS AT NATION'S CAPITAL.

WASHINGTON BUREAU CHICAGO TRIBUNE, Washington, D. C., Sept. 11.

A court of inquiry which has been in session at the Brooklyn navy yard for four weeks today recommended that Colonel Robert L. Meade of the Marine Corps be tried by court-martial on the charge of being intoxicated on duty while an inspection was in progress.

Colonel Meade to Be Tried for Intoxication.

Colonel Meade has been in the Marine Corps forty-two years, being a First Lieutenant during the civil war. Of his long service nearly fifteen years have been spent at sea. He received his commission as Colonel on March 3, 1890, and is one of the five Colonels of the line on the active list.

Major C. H. Lauchheimer and Colonel F. L. Denny of the general staff charged Colonel Meade with drunkenness on duty while an inspection was in progress at the Brooklyn navy yard. Colonel Meade replied by charging Major Lauchheimer with making a false report and Colonel Denny with reporting against him (Meade) in order to cover up irregularities with contractors on Denny's part.

The court of inquiry acquitted Major Lauchheimer and Colonel Denny of Colonel Meade's charges. It sustained the charge against Colonel Meade, and in addition charged him with violation of the naval regulations in replying with a countercharge when asked for a report, and also of false swearing on the witness stand. The court recommended that the Colonel be tried by court-martial upon these charges.

The court lasted four weeks, breaking all naval records for a court of inquiry. In addition it was marked by an extraordinary event in the fact that on the fifteenth day of the trial Commander West, a member of the court, was challenged by Major Lauchheimer and required to withdraw from membership by his colleagues.

The reason for the challenge sent out by Major Lauchheimer was that Commander West was by friendship for Colonel Meade unable to act impartially.

Colonel Robert L. Meade is the son of Commodore Richard W. Meade of the United States navy and a nephew of Brigadier General George G. Meade, and has himself a distinguished fighting record.

Colonel Meade Has Distinguished Fighting Record.

He was born in Washington in 1841, and entered the navy as a midshipman in 1856. He entered the Marine Corps in 1862, and commanded a battalion at the taking of Norfolk from the Confederates.

During the draft riots in New York in 1863 he commanded a company, and with his brother, Lieutenant Commander R. W. Meade, defended the United States naval arsenal. He was one of the officers in command at the capture of Forts Wagner and Gregg in 1863. Soon thereafter he volunteered to assist in a night assault on Fort Sumter, where he was captured and sent to Libby Prison.

Nine months in the Confederate prison rendered him unfit for service, and when he was exchanged, just before Lee's surrender, he was given a long leave of absence.

He was with Admiral John Rogers in the capture of Corea's capital, and when the change of government was made in Corea he commanded the British and American marines at Nagasaki, Japan.

Colonel Meade was in command of the American marines at Tien Tsin during the China troubles of last year, and led his men in the charge there, which was one of the most stirring incidents of the campaign preceding the relief of the legations. He was not with them at all times, but remained at the head of his marines until the fight was won. An officer at his side was decapitated and his head fell over on Colonel Meade's shoulder.

Last fall he was ordered home on account of impaired health, and placed in command of the marines at the Brooklyn navy yard. Two months ago he was brevetted Brigadier General "for distinguished conduct and public service in the presence of the enemy at the battle of Tien Tsin, China."

Commander Seaton Schroeder, Governor of Guam, who is in Washington as a witness before the Schley court of inquiry, speaking of the conditions in Guam declared the reports of serious trouble between the officials and the marines and civil employés in the island were greatly exaggerated. He explained that the civil government and the military organization at the naval stations are separate, and it has been the custom to detail in the naval station enlisted men of the navy to clerical and other work until they could be relieved by civilian appointees.

Natives of Guam Give No Trouble.

"I have nothing but praise for the inhabitants of the island," said Commander Schroeder. "They are peaceful and respectful and give no trouble. The Filipino prisoners give no trouble whatever. When the natives of Guam first heard that Filipino prisoners were to be brought to Guam they came to me in great fear, but when I assured them the prisoners were not convicts, but men of standing, who were merely prisoners of war, they were quickly quieted."

Commander Schroeder described the system of government in the island by saying that there are at the naval station about ten civilian employés and forty enlisted men doing clerical and other non-military work. In addition to this there are stationed there about 170 marines.

"There are no barracks for these men like those in the United States, with an enclosure around it," said Commander Schroeder. "It has been the custom to allow the man their liberty when they are not on guard duty, and, as there are no barracks within which they could assemble, they come and go much at their own pleasure when not on duty. Some of them who have their families with them live outside of the quarters, and this was the situation when it was reported that the men were not behaving properly. The conditions finally resulted in my curtailing their liberty at night. I did not place them in actual confinement, but merely restricted their movements so that they were compelled to remain in quarters after half-past 8 o'clock at night and only for a short time."

Electric Cars for Streets of Carlsbad.

An electric street railway company has been formed at Carlsbad, and negotiations with supply and construction firms are in progress, according to Consul Mahin at Reichenberg. Carlsbad is as yet devoid of any kind of public conveyance except cabs and hotel omnibuses, though it has a permanent population of 15,000, to which are added between April and October of every year 40,000 or more sojourners. The city is spread out along the Tepl River a distance of several miles, from the railway station to the posthof, between which points street car communication would prove a great boon to the permanent and sojourning population. Branch lines on side streets leading to the villas and hotels on the adjacent heights would also be practicable.

Ohio Leads in Number of Smallpox Cases.

Eight of the eleven census bulletins covering the population of the States in groups by nativity, race, etc., have been published. They show that the decline in the proportion of the colored to the total population between 1890 and 1900 has not again taken place. Twenty years ago 13.1 per cent of the population of the United States was colored; in 1890 the percentage had dropped to 11.9.

Decline in Negro Population Not Shown.

This time, if the ratio for the eight-elevenths of the country already computed holds good, the colored population will represent 11.7 per cent of the total—practically a standoff. This corroborates the view expressed by Goldwin Smith in a recent article on the race question, that the negro was likely to hold his own physically and numerically in the United States.

A statistical factor in our totals which shows the negro's power of sustaining his numbers in the competition is that of immigration, all of which is white. During the decade just closed several million white people have doubtless come to this country as immigrants, and yet that added to the increase from births in the white race does not make a total which greatly exceeds the relative increase from births alone in the colored race.

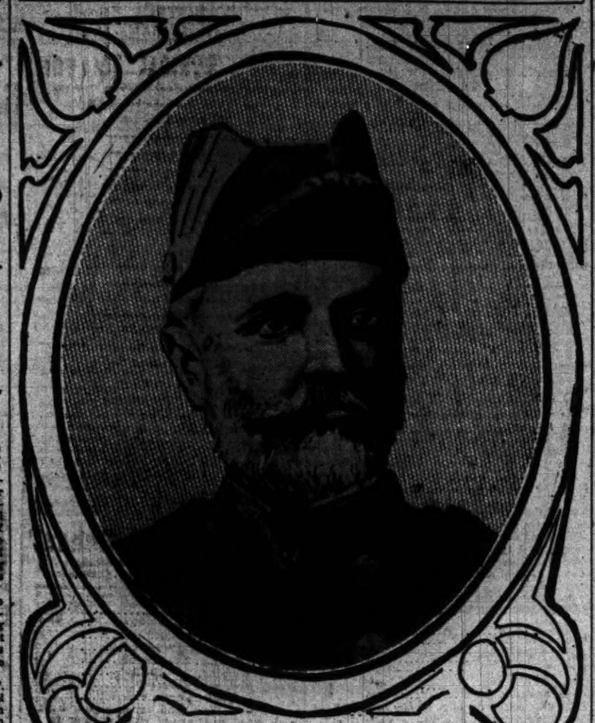
There is a large amount of smallpox in the United States and it is giving the health officers of many cities some concern. This is the subject of a report by the marine hospital service. There have been 9,149 cases this year, as against 3,780 in the same period of last year. Ohio, according to this report, leads in the number of cases. In Cuyahoga alone, where the city of Cleveland is situated, and where the Grand Army encampment is now held, there have been 1,259 cases and 18 deaths reported between Jan. 1 and Aug. 24 of this year. Most of the reports from Ohio are from Jan. 1, to June 1, and their total exceeds 3,400 cases, as against 1,361 for the same period last year.

Minnesota has had a great deal of smallpox, but surprisingly few deaths from the disease. Between June 17, and Aug. 12, 1,372 cases were reported, but with only eleven deaths from the disease.

Pennsylvania and Wisconsin have also had a great deal of it. In Massachusetts most of the cases reported have been in Fall River and Boston with a total of 40 for the period covered by this report.

New York City between June 23, and Aug. 24, reports 466 cases, with 129 deaths. The heavy mortality by contrast with the death rate of less than 1 per cent in Minnesota suggests either a great difference in the treatment of the disease or what is more likely some difference in its definition.

COLONEL WHO LED CHARGE AT TIEN TSIN MAY BE TRIED FOR DRUNKENNESS AND PERJURY



Colonel of Marines Robert L. Meade.

A court of inquiry at the Brooklyn navy yard yesterday reported recommendations that Colonel Meade be court-martialed on the charge of drunkenness and for false swearing before the board called to inquire into the first charge, which is that he was drunk while an inspection was in progress at the navy yard. Colonel Meade commanded the American marines at Tien Tsin last year and was brevetted Brigadier General for distinguished service.

LOVE BIDES PRISON TERM.

RELEASED AFTER 22 YEARS, CONVICT MARRIES SWEETHEART.

Thomas Shepherd, Freed Long After Confinement in Indiana Penitentiary, Marries Woman Who in Girlhood Declared Her Lover Innocent and Vowed She Would Remain Single Until He Was Released — Rope Ladder Brought About Meetings.

Louisville, Ky., Sept. 11.—[Special.]—Thomas Shepherd, released from the Indiana penitentiary at Jeffersonville after serving a 22 years' term for an alleged murder, today wedded at Sullivan Mrs. Hannah Johnston, the sweetheart of his youth, who, 22 years ago, upon his conviction declared him innocent and vowed she would never marry until he was freed from prison and she had proved his innocence.

Shepherd was sentenced to prison for life for killing James Ingle. Governor Claude Matthews reduced his sentence to 22 years.

The woman who had sworn fidelity to her lover in her girlhood days frequently visited the prison and watched with longing eyes for the convict to whom she had plighted her troth, and more than once they met clandestinely outside the grim prison walls.

Scales Wall by Rope Ladder.

Shepherd was assigned to attend to the main entrance. The prison was overcrowded and he was permitted to sleep in a shanty near the gate. One rainy night a man walking alongside the prison wall ran into a dangling rope. He informed the guards, and they searched for the missing inmate. At midnight Shepherd came in muttering that it was strange a man could not be let alone, and asked to be turned inside. Shepherd had been using this ladder nightly to reach the outside. In the vicinity was his sweetheart. He frequently spent hours with her; as odd times he had made the rope ladder from countless pieces of string. He hooked it on top of the wall, and escape to the outside was easy.

Invites Warden to Shoot.

Shepherd gained wide notoriety while an inmate of the prison. On one occasion he refused to leave his cell, and when Captain J. B. Patten, then warden, threatened Shepherd's life if he did not obey, the convict bared his breast and told the warden to shoot. Captain Patten did not shoot Shepherd, but walked away, and soon after Shepherd stepped from his cell. He said he wanted to be treated right.

During the building of the big prison wall piles of sand were always around the big gate. Here three children came daily. They romped, buried their feet in the sand, and were the companions of Convict Tom Shepherd. He always carried a cane. In the sand he drew the letters of the alphabet. Thus the children were taught to read. Shepherd's sweetheart was the mother of the three children.

MAY SELL MEYSENBURG LAND.

Public Administrator in California Will Close Up Estate Unless Administrator Acts.

San José, Cal., Sept. 11.—[Special.]—The estate of O. W. Meysenburg, car builder of Chicago, or, at least, that portion of it located in this county, is in a legal tangle, as evinced by a petition filed today by creditors of the estate.

Meysenburg came on from Chicago to his California home, located near Alma, about a year ago, seeking rest and physical recuperation. He died and his remains were shipped direct to Chicago. It had been the intention of the wealthy Chicagoan to build in the Santa Cruz Mountains a "palace." Seven months after his death letters of administration were asked for.

Edwin F. Bayley of Chicago was made executor and claims against the estate were ordered paid on Sept. 5. No response has been made by the executor, and unless there is a response by the 20th the public administrator will be made legal executor to close up the affairs.

SWEDISH CONFERENCE TO MEET

Central District Methodists Will Assemble This Morning—Reception for the Visiting Clergymen.

The Central Swedish Methodist conference will open this morning at the First Swedish M. E. Church, Oak and Orleans streets. Bishop Fowler presiding. A reception to the visiting ministers was held at the church last night. Among those present were Bishop Fowler, the Rev. A. G. Anderson, presiding elder of the Chicago district; the Rev. A. N. Sorsh, presiding elder of the Galesburg district; and the Rev. Martin Hess, presiding elder of the Jamestown, N. Y., district. Between fifty and sixty members have reported.

HOPE TO BUY CHURCH FOR ZION.

Overseer Piper Says Some Methodist Society in Evanston Will Want to Sell Soon.

"Some Methodist Church, within a year or two at most, will want to sell its property," is the statement of Overseer Piper of the Dowieites, in speaking of the tabernacle in Evanston, which was dedicated Tuesday evening. "We will not have to build a tabernacle," continued Mr. Piper, "we will buy a church."

The overseer would not say that the Dowieites in Evanston would compel the closing of a Methodist church, but contented himself with saying that the Evanston branch of the Dowieites would grow rapidly.

He said that the reception his followers received in Evanston did not equal the harsh treatment he received in Mansfield, O., and there, he said, the Dowieites were firmly planted.

RECOVER BODIES FROM MINE.

Searchers at Port Royal, Pa., Find Seven of the Thirteen Victims of Explosion.

Connellsville, Pa., Sept. 11.—The long-continued efforts of the daring rescue party at Port Royal were crowned with success today by the discovery of seven of the thirteen bodies that have been entombed since June 10, when the explosion in the coal mine of the Pittsburg Coal company took place. There is little doubt that the remaining six bodies will be reached tomorrow. The rescue party was headed by Inspector Charlton Dixon. Not one of the bodies could be recognized by the face or form, decomposition having destroyed the features

CHURCH DIVORCE SET FOR TODAY.

Priests to Weigh the Evidence in the Case of Arthur Gaukler and Wife.

PICTURE PLAYS A PART.

Said That Former Actress Displayed Photograph of the "Man She Loved."

WOMAN MAY NOT BE PRESENT

In the chancellor's office of the Holy Name Cathedral parish house, with priests as judges and priests as advocates, the validity of the marriage of Arthur G. Gaukler and Miss Agnes Reid will be tested today.

The marriage, which was performed by Father Thomas E. Sherman early last January in the Church of the Holy Family, did not prove a happy one. Gaukler, who is a Detroit lawyer, last June sued for divorce in the civil courts and now asks the Catholic Church to absolve him of his matrimonial bonds and make him free to marry again.

Miss Reid, known also by the stage name of Marion Loomis, is a Chicago girl. Last fall she met Gaukler, who is wealthy and well known as a corporation lawyer, and their engagement was announced soon after. Miss Reid applied to Father Sherman of the Holy Family Church for baptism, which rite she was accorded.

The next day, accompanied by many friends, the two were married in the church. Father Sherman asked no questions, for Gaukler was educated at St. Ignatius College, the Jesuit school connected with the Church of the Holy Family.

In the trial at Detroit witnesses were introduced by Gaukler to testify that just before the marriage Miss Reid had shown her friends pictures of a man whom she declared she really loved, but who did not have the money to support her. This man was not Gaukler. Gaukler also brought out witnesses who testified Mrs. Gaukler had boasted to her friends that she married Gaukler for what his money could give.

At the time of this trial Mrs. Gaukler entered suit for separate maintenance. This suit is pending. Even though the marriage be annulled by law it is not annulled in the eyes of the church, and this is what Gaukler wants done. He appealed for an ecclesiastical trial, and it was granted.

It was said at the Holy Name Cathedral that when the case comes up this morning Mrs. Gaukler will not be present, and may let the matter go by default. Yet she will be defended indirectly, for the church has a regularly appointed Father Defenso, whose duty it is to defend the rites of marriage. He will act as attorney for Mrs. Gaukler.

The court will be composed of the following four priests:

Father Barry, chancellor to Archbishop Feehan, secretary.
Father M. J. Mooney, Father Defenso.
Father Bauer.
Father Biden.

The only witness who will not be a layman will be Father Thomas E. Sherman, who will testify to the wedding and the baptism.

Priests Discuss the Case.

"The case is an unusual one," said Father O'Brien of the Holy Name Cathedral yesterday, "and which ever way it goes the matter will finally have to go before the Archbishop."

"I know little of the case," said Father Sherman yesterday. "Gaukler was a pupil at the college here and a fine fellow. His wife, as I understand it, was an actress. She was baptized and married by me, and at the time lived, I believe, on the South Side. Then she moved to the North Side, but where I do not know. All I have to do with the case is as a witness. The trial will be conducted much the same as in a civil court, but the examination will be more rigid.

"The evidence will be heard behind closed doors, and only those vitally interested will be admitted. The matter will be thoroughly sifted and with full respect for the rites of matrimony."

NEW RUSSIAN BATTLESHIP READY FOR A SPEED TRIAL.

Retvizan, the Most Formidable War Vessel Built in America for a Foreign Power, Will Test Guns, Too.

Philadelphia, Pa., Sept. 11.—The new Russian battleship Retvizan, one of the most formidable war craft in the world, left Cramps' shipyard this morning for its preliminary, or builders', trial trip.

The ship proceeded down the Delaware to the entrance to Delaware Bay, anchoring near the breakwater. After the compasses are adjusted the vessel will steam out to sea and the customary tests will be made to demonstrate its stability and seaworthiness. The contract calls for a speed of eighteen knots an hour during twelve hours' continuous steaming, and the builders have no doubt that the Retvizan will exceed the requirements and prove the fastest battleship in the world.

An unusual feature of the trip will be the firing of all of the Retvizan's guns while the vessel is at sea. The ship carries a formidable battery, and the big guns are novel to American eyes, for the Russians manufacture all their own heavy ordnance at the Obrukoff works.

There are four twelve-inch and twenty three-inch guns in the main battery, while the secondary group is made up of twenty forty-seven-millimeter Hotchkiss rapid fire cannon.

The design of the Retvizan is the most formidable ever drawn in the United States for a foreign nation. It combines many features of armament which are a direct outgrowth of the lessons of the Spanish-American war. The hull is covered amidships with armor plate nine inches in thickness, and the waterline is reinforced by the protective deck being brought down to the edge of the belt plating. Higher up on the hull is a six-inch armor, tapering off to five inches in the vicinity of the central battery guns. Except at quite close range the upper hull armor, it is argued, will keep out all projectiles.

The Retvizan is manned by a picked crew from Cramps', but the guns will be directed and fired by Russian crews.

General Brynk of the Russian Ordnance department, with a corps of experts, will watch the Retvizan's movement only so far as the armament is concerned. The officers who will command the ship when it is put into commission also are on board.

FOR AN ANTI-TREATING LEAGUE.

Archbishop Ireland and T. De Witt Talmage Leading Figures in a New Temperance Organization.

Columbus, O., Sept. 11.—A movement is on foot to organize a National Anti-Treating league, in which the Rev. T. De Witt Talmage and Archbishop Ireland are leading figures.

At the meeting of the Catholic Knights of Ohio, in State convention here, today it was announced that a meeting would probably be held in New York next week to take steps to perfect an organization.

The league is to be free from connection with any existing society or church, being open to all.

WOMAN PRINCIPAL IN CHURCH DIVORCE SUIT.

Mrs. Arthur Gaukler.

TO WEIGH THE COAL BIDS.

COUNTY BOARD AGAIN TO GRAPPLE WITH HEATING PROBLEM.

Public Service Committee Tomorrow Is to Consider the Various Propositions and President Hanberg Predicts That Some Action Will Be Taken—Others, However, Incline to View That All the Offers Will Be Rejected and New Ones Advertised For.

The Public Service committee of the County board tomorrow will take up the coal contract for the year, and the statement of President Hanberg is that some action will result. The prophecy, however, is that the bids submitted last summer will be rejected and new ones advertised for.

The County board has been toying with this coal contract for some time. No award was made when the bids were opened on the plea that the matter was so involved that it was impossible to arrive at a decision as to who really was the lowest bidder.

The firm of O'Gara, King & Co., about whose handling of previous coal contracts there had been so much scandal, was low on Youghiogheny coal—lower even than the Youghiogheny and Lackawanna company, which has a monopoly of this grade of coal—but some of the commissioners objected to buying so expensive a coal and others were suspicious of the kind of coal the firm of O'Gara, King & Co. would furnish should it get the contract. A majority of the board could not be induced to vote in favor of any other bid, so the matter went over, the county buying the coal in the open market.

In order to evade the law requiring that all supplies be bought by contract from the lowest bidder, the coal has been bought in less than $500 lots just as the city some years ago let its famous street repair contract.

Hanberg Explains Situation.

Speaking of the situation yesterday President Hanberg of the County board said:

"So far we have saved money by buying in the open market. We have purchased coal from practically all of the firms which offered to supply coal on the bids, and in the case of West Virginia and Indiana coal have secured it at about 50 cents a ton less than the bids, and in the case of Youghiogheny at 40 cents. This, of course, is on account of the fact we have been buying during the summer months when coal is cheaper, and we must soon let the contract in order to protect ourselves against the winter."

"How about the offer of William J. Rend to supply the county for 10 per cent less than the prices it has been paying of late?" was asked.

"Mr. Rend made such an offer, but of course we had no authority to enter into a private contract with any coal dealer. Besides, out late method of purchasing has given us information as to the quality of coal furnished by different dealers which will be of value in passing on the bids when we let the contract."

"Will the old bids stand, or will you ask for new ones?"

"Personally, I am in favor of new bids. What the committee will do, however, I do not know. Up to this time we have never been able to get the requisite number of votes in favor of any proposition, and the bids were not rejected, neither was any one selected. Now, however, I think we can get the ten votes necessary to award the contract and it will be let."

Dealers Are Skeptical.

In the meantime some of the coal dealers who have no particular influence with the County board are becoming extremely skeptical regarding the manner in which the contract has been handled. The representative of one large firm, speaking of the matter yesterday, said:

"We bid last time, and if new bids are asked for will do so again. What our firm and others are looking at somewhat curiously is the statement that tests have been made of all the coal bought in the market since the last contract expired with a view of informing the board as to the value of the coal furnished by various firms, so that the information can be used in awarding the contract.

"What these tests have been, we have no means of knowing. There are well established ways of testing coal, and this way of burning it for awhile to discover its character is not necessary.

"If the test, as we imagine, simply means a report from the heads of the various institutions as to the satisfaction given by the coal furnished by various firms, then the firm who has not got friends in the engineers at the institutions in question might as well keep out of the bidding."

BAIL FOR JESSIE MORRISON.

Young Woman Under Sentence for Killing Released Pending Action on Her Appeal.

Topeka, Kas., Sept. 11.—A $4,000 bond was approved today for the release of Jessie Morrison from the penitentiary, pending the decision of the State Supreme Court on her appeal from the decision of the Butler County District Court, which sentenced her to five years' imprisonment for killing Mrs. Castle. Miss Morrison will be released tomorrow.

MAKE FRANCHISE TAX TEST

REVIEWERS ASSESS ONE UNION TRACTION GRANT.

List the West Division Lines at $1,000,000—Property of Burlington Road Transferred from the Trackage Schedule to Real Estate—Buildings of Several State Street Mercantile Houses Fixed—Jesse P. Lyman's Name Added to Personality Books.

One franchise of the Union Traction company was assessed at $1,000,000 yesterday by the Board of Review. The assessment was placed against the West Division lines of the company and it will be made a test case to decide the right of the local reviewers to assess city franchises.

The action was taken upon the decision of Assistant County Attorney Frank L. Shepard that the revenue laws give authority to the local boards to assess the grants made by the municipality, leaving the assessment of State charters to the State Board of Equalization.

The settling of this question leaves but two for the board to decide. In one—the assessment of the elevated roads—the reviewers have about reached the decision to make the assessment. The other question—that of the transfer of the property of railroads from trackage to real estate—is being taken up with the roads concerned. The real estate books of the board will be given to the County Clerk Saturday and the personal property books will be turned over next week.

Big Change for Q Road.

In investigating the property of the railroads the board yesterday discovered realty of the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy company amounting to $1,000,000 in value which had been entered as trackage, and which the reviewers transferred to real estate. Attorney Chester M. Dawes, representing the company, offered no objection to the transfer, saying that the road wished to pay all its just taxes. To show the company's good intentions he pointed out that it had scheduled three times as much personal property as any other road.

Big Stores Get Reductions.

The reviewers also announced their decision on the assessment of a number of large mercantile houses and grain elevators. In the case of the elevator companies the assessments made by the Board of Assessors were confirmed in a majority of cases. The assessment of the mercantile firms was announced as follows:

	Schedule.	Assessors.	Board of Review.
The Fair	$ 780,000	$ 780,000	$ 780,000
Siegel, Cooper & Co.	650,760	1,250,000	650,000
Schlesinger & Mayer	650,475	1,250,000	900,000
Mandel Brothers	1,062,000	1,500,000	1,100,000
Rothschild & Co.	$70,125	500,000	500,000

One big personal property assessment also was added to the tax lists. Jesse P. Lyman, 4853 Lake avenue, was assessed $500,000, no assessment having been placed against his name by the Board of Assessors. He is President of the G. H. Hammond company of Hammond.

Board of Trade Houses.

The assessment of $300,000 against Carrington, Hannah & Co. made by the Assessors was confirmed. This assessment was on the office of the firm at 6 Sherman street. A reduction was ordered in the case of the Weare Commission company, the assessment being cut down from $250,000 to $150,000. Another reduction was ordered in the case of the Chicago Railroad Terminal Elevator company on its offices in the Old Colony Building, an assessment of $300,000 being reduced to $200,000. The assessment of Bartlett, Frazier & Co. was confirmed at $250,000.

Revenue Law Test Postponed.

County Clerk Knopf has decided to postpone making a test of the revenue law until the State Board of Equalization has completed its work.

CRUSADE ON CHILD BEGGARS.

Visitation and Aid Society to Make a Move Looking to Juvenile Reform.

The Visitation and Aid society is about to take up a work that has long been agitated by those interested in juvenile reform, the suppression of child begging. Not only will the society seek to rid the streets of the beggars but it will also prevent children from peddling gum and trinkets. The merchants of State street will be asked to coöperate in the plan and report children found on the streets in their vicinity. The question of dealing with the youthful offenders will be discussed at the annual meeting of the society on Friday.

GUNTHER IS FINED FOR SMOKE.

City Treasurer Taxed $25 for Violation of Ordinance—Two Others Share the Same Fate.

C. F. Gunther, 212 State street, the City Treasurer, was fined $25 yesterday in Justice Gibbons' court for ignoring the city smoke ordinance. Others fined the same amount for the same offense were O. H. Davison, 103 West Monroe street, and D. M. Pfaelzer & Co., 221 Market street.

GIFT FOR SMALL PARKS DECLINED.

South Side Commissioners Refuse Two Tracts in Thirty-Second Ward.

CITY MAKES THE OFFER.

President of Board Says It Would Be Making Front Yards for Residents.

EIDMANN PLEADS IN VAIN.

A gift of land was offered the South Park commissioners yesterday and refused. Acceptance would have insured the residents of the Thirty-second Ward the maintenance of two small parks—said to be the only breathing places within their reach. The offer was made in pursuance of the city's plan to create small parks and turn them over to the park boards for maintenance.

City officials charged the board with obstructing the plans for establishing such parks, but the commissioners affirmed they wished simply to consider the matter as a whole and not take up individual cases.

The two parks in question were Normal Park and Seventy-second street park—the four-acre tracts of land lying alongside the right of way of the Chicago and Western Indiana railroad. Normal Park extends from Sixty-seventh to Sixty-ninth street, and Seventy-second street park from Seventy-first to Seventy-third street. The width of each is about 100 feet.

City Unable to Care for Them.

These parks, with others under the city's jurisdiction, have fallen into decay because of the administration's lack of funds. To provide for their proper maintenance the city has been endeavoring to give them to the park boards. Holstein Park, which had become disreputable under the city's care, has been given to the West Park commissioners.

Alderman Eidmann, representing the citizens of the Thirty-second Ward, argued with the commissioners to take the offered gift. President Donnersberger opposed acceptance.

Fears a Holdup of Board.

"We should just be making a front yard for the residents whose property faces the parks," he said. "There is the possibility for a property-owner to hold up the board, too. There is one section of the land which cannot be turned over and which divides into park from the other. Some man can come in with a threat to build a great apartment building on that site and hold us up for an excessive price."

Mr. Donnersberger declared that the city was endeavoring to palm off on the commissioners some land that it did not know what to do with and which it was unable to maintain.

Alderman Eidmann admitted the inability of the city to maintain its parks, and said he probably would be unable to secure any appropriation at all for their maintenance next year.

"The people want these parks," he said, "and they are taxpayers. They have a right to expect that they will get something for the money they pay in taxes."

Want Consideration Delayed.

Aside from President Donnersberger the other commissioners wanted to discuss the acceptance of these parks this winter in connection with the plans for the establishment of small parks all over the city. But as the ordinance granting the right to transfer the two parks in question is limited to Oct. 1, an extension will be necessary to make this delay possible.

A request for the boulevarding of Union avenue from Forty-second to Fifty-fifth street was presented by a delegation from the Union Stock-Yards Live Stock Exchange. The petition was signed by 75 per cent of the property-owners.

On an opinion from Attorney Hollett that the bill giving Grant Park to the commissioners is valid, the board voted to proceed with the filing in at a cost of $100,000.

Bangs Prefers Black Horses.

Because of the personal dislike of Colonel Frederick Bangs, President of the West Park board, for sorrel horses, they have been supplanted by a pair of blacks, which are more to Mr. Bangs' taste. The use of a team of horses has been considered one of the perquisites of the Presidency, and Mr. Bangs has gone his predecessors one better and has secured horses to suit him. For the reason that the park stables are too far from Mr. Bangs' residence, he has transferred the team to the private stables of W. J. Moxley, where the park board will pay for their care.

INVASION BY LEVEE CROWD ALARMS SOUTH WARD CLUBS.

Improvement Societies of the First and Second Consider Measures for Keeping Out Undesirable Characters.

How to bar from the South Side the threatening invasion of levee people was the subject of heated discussion at the meeting of the First and Second Ward Improvement association last night at Freiberg's Hall, in Twenty-second street. The speakers were vehement in their denunciations of the manner in which it was declared women had been allowed to enter the district. The condition of Cottage Grove avenue was declared to be a disgrace.

"There is scarcely a portion of the South Side in the First and Second Wards that is free from the encroachment of this class of people, who formerly held sway on the 'levee,'" said L. Well. "Neighborhoods that a short time ago were uniformly respectable are now filled with disorderly resorts, which must be driven out. If nothing better can be effected, colonization could at least be employed to protect the South Side in general. Cottage Grove avenue has been getting a reputation that calls for action on the part of this association."

It is expected that action will be taken on the question at the next meeting. Colonization seems to be in general favor.

A report was submitted by the Improvement committee recommending the placing of electric lights under the elevated structure of the South Side Rapid Transit company at all streets and alleys where they are required. The report will be submitted to the Aldermen of the South Side wards.

It was decided to bring suit in the matter of the shortage of $36 from the proceeds of a ball given by the organization last December. J. W. Walsh, who acted as chairman of the ball committee, is charged with withholding the vouchers. W. J. Ferguson, who acted as treasurer, says he turned the money and papers over to Walsh, but this, it is said, Walsh denies.

Ferguson was placed under bonds at the time, the association paying for the bonds. The bond has been demanded from Walsh, in whose possession it is, but it is said that he refuses to give it up.

Playground for Austin Children.

If the expectations of the Women's club of Austin and Mr. A. G. Pearson, a resident of that suburb, are realized the children in the neighborhood of Merrick Park will have a model playground. Mr. Pearson has conferred with several members of the Women's club and arrangements have about been completed to devote a portion of the park to this purpose. There will be swings, sand piles, and slides.

CORN LOSES EARLY GAIN.

BULLISH EFFECT OF OFFICIAL REPORT IS TRANSIENT.

Bulk of Local Trade Skeptical of Accuracy of Government Condition Figures, and Under Heavy Selling by Cudahy and Others Opening Gain of One Cent Gives Way to Half-Cent Loss—Wheat Also Weaker, Oats Steady.

Corn had an opening bulge of 1c out of deference to the government report, but the respect for that pronouncement on crop conditions was barely skin deep. The market lacked support from the start, sold off gradually, with only one or two small and ill-held reactions, and closed with all the opening gains gone and further losses of ⅝@⅞c recorded. To all appearances it was a case of general disbelief in the accuracy of the official crop bureau's information. The majority of the local trade had seen and heard too much of great improvement in the fields to believe that the crop had deteriorated further during August, and were encouraged to back their convictions by the leadership of the most successful speculation in the local market. Some effort was made by the bull leaders to stem the decline, but the trend was too strong, and they gave it up to wait for a more favorable opportunity. September sold from 66⅛c at the opening to 65@65¼c, closing on the bottom, the December range was from 58⅝c to 57c, the May from 60¾c to 58¾c, the close in each case at the low figures. The ordinary market factors cut little figure; it was a case of price and of opposing theories on the crop. Heavy rains through all the Western States were considered favorable, though somewhat cooler weather was predicted. Primary receipts were smaller than last year's, but clearances were only 21,298 bu and the cash demand disappointing, local sales being 50,000 bu, those at the seaboard 96,000 bu.

Cudahy Big Seller of Corn.

The opening range was ⅝c in December and 1c in May, with the trade large and excited. Some shorts, expecting more of a stampede and a sharp advance on the strength of the government report, were buyers, and Patten, Pringle, and other bulls were buyers, in the hope of leading the market up. But the supply proved much larger than the demand. There was heavy selling through brokers and commission houses, which was credited to John Cudahy, and this selling continued until the amount was estimated as high as 2,000,000 bu. It was through Barrell, Rosenbaum, and brokers, and there was also heavy selling of May by Schwartz-Dupee. The pit crowd, which was still determinedly bearish, led in the selling. There was some commission demand at 57⅝c for December, which held the market there for a time, and moderate open buying by Patten forced a rally to 57¾c, but this was the signal for another selling onslaught which bore the price down again still further.

The corn selling was influenced by that part of the government report showing a small shrinkage in the number of hogs in the West, making it certain that the feeding demand for corn will be smaller than usual, without taking into consideration the substitution of other feed and various economies in the use of high-priced corn which may be practiced. Primary receipts keep up about the same, over 700,000 bu a day, but the movement seems to increase early in September each year and the comparison is becoming more favorable to the bulls, the receipts yesterday being 566,857 bu, to 830,084 bu last year. Liverpool futures were only ¼d higher.

Wheat Dull and Heavy.

The moderately bullish government report on wheat, with the corn report and the early advance in that grain, could do no more than put wheat up ⅝@¾c at the opening, and that figure just expressed the loss at the close. Heavy Northwest receipts, some hedging sales from that quarter, indifferent cables, and poor cash demand and speculative interest were unfavorable to a higher altitude in the price. September closed at 69⅜, December sold from 71¼c down to 70¼c, closing there, and May closed at 73¾@73⅝c. Heavy rains in the Northwest suggested a possible curtailment in the movement there, while rains all over the West and Southwest were favorable to fall plowing and might bring increased offerings from farmers. At present the movement of winter wheat from first hands is reported small. Cudahy was a seller of wheat as well as of corn, and sales were 75,000 bu hard, and the seaboard reported 352,000 bu sold for export. The big Northwest receipts still more than outweighed the falling off in the Southwest. Minneapolis and Duluth had 958 cars, compared with 458 a year ago; Kansas City 87, to 257. Local cars were 822, of which 2 were contract, compared with 935 last year, and 150 are estimated for today. Primary receipts were heavier than those of last year by nearly 200,000 bu, the respective figures being 1,514,883 bu and 1,318,286 bu. Clearances were only fair at 460,206 bu. Foreign markets were not much influenced by the government report; Liverpool futures ¼d lower to ½d higher and spot unchanged, Paris 5c to 1c lower, and Antwerp unchanged.

Oats Slow, but Firm.

The cutting off of 10,000,000 bu on the oats crop by the government report had no appreciable effect on the day's market. Everything in the pit was slow and at times neglected, and the whole trade was utterly featureless. In its general trend it followed corn, without, however, showing the weakness which characterized its sister market. There was a fairly steady demand for the September delivery, and this closed ⅝c higher than the day before, while December sold only 1-16c up and May entirely unchanged. Some of the longest profits, and there was quite a sharp early demand from shorts, who feared a pronounced effect from the government report. The lack of liberal offerings held the market steady, while, at the same time, it was a contributing cause to the dullness. Locally 154 cars were inspected. The seaboard cleared 84,000 bu.

In the provision list there was no reflection whatever from the officially reported shortage in the hog crop. Closing prices on pork and lard were 7½c lower, and on ribs 5c off. Trade was light and without much feature. Houses with English connections were generally sellers of lard, letting go some stuff which has been quietly accumulating for several weeks past, but in a general way the larger interests were not active. The yards reported 28,000 hogs, and all packing points 84,200 head, against 88,500 the previous week and 69,200 a year ago. Cured meat shipments were 4,221,000 lbs, compared with 3,782,000 a year ago. Lard shipments were 9,850,000 lbs, compared with 2,440,000 the previous year.

Rye was slow, but mainly with corn. December first sold ¾c higher at 52¼c, but receded to 54⅜c, closing 54½c asked, with sellers at 54¾c. September was nominally 53c.

Conditions in barley were reported about steady. Receipts were 98 cars. The cash range was from 53c to 59c for the malting grades.

Timothy seed was about unchanged, offerings being moderate and demand same. For September $5.25 was bid. October was nominally $5.15. Cash seed sold from $4.70 to $5.20. For contract clover $8.50 was bid.

There was a light trade in flaxseed at slightly higher prices. Just before the close there was a cash sale of 1 Northwestern sold at $1.40, 5c better than the previous closing. No. 1 was nominally $1.47. September sold $1.40, closing $1.47 bid. October sold $1.420, closing at $1.43 asked. Local receipts were 15 cars. Duluth has 28 and Minneapolis 20.

Figures for the Day.

Grain and provision futures ranged as follows:

WHEAT.

	Opening	High.	Low.	Closing	Closed Year.	Closed Sept. 12
Sept. 15	High.	Low.	Closing	Year.	Sept. 12	
Sept.	69⅜	69⅜	68⅝	68⅝	68⅝	69⅜
Dec.	57⅝	57¾	57⅛	57⅛	----	----

PORK.

Sept.	14.20	14.37½	14.12½	14.12½	11.42½
Oct.	14.20	14.37½	14.12½	14.12½	11.42½
Jan.	13.80	13.92½	13.72½	13.72½	11.36

LARD.

Sept.	8.42½	8.45	8.32½	8.32½	6.67½
Oct.	8.42½	8.45	8.32½	8.32½	6.67½
Jan.	8.12½	8.15	8.07½	8.10	6.02½

SHORT RIBS.

Sept.	8.42	8.55	8.32½	8.32½	7.07½
Oct.	8.42	8.55	8.32½	8.32½	7.07½
Jan.	8.15	8.15	8.07½	8.10	6.02½

GRAIN INSPECTION.

	No. 2 and better.	No. 3	Low grades.	Total
Winter wheat	19	62	24	105
Spring wheat	19	23	24	66
Corn	37	103	3	143
Oats	67	108	23	198
Rye	1	6	----	7
Barley	----	73	14	96
Totals	143	455	70	654

Inspected out: 45,200 bu winter and 1,800 bu spring wheat, 20,800 bu corn, 28,400 bu oats. From interior elevators: 11 cars winter wheat, 13 cars and 16,000 bu spring wheat, 71 cars corn, 79 cars oats.

Movement of Produce.

The following were the receipts and shipments of flour, grain, and provisions for the last twenty-four hours, as compared with the same time last year:

Articles.	Receipts 1901.	Receipts 1900.	Shipments 1901.	Shipments 1900.
Flour, brls	33,100	30,326	18,199	12,325
Wheat, bu	566,857	830,084	460,206	256,206
Corn, bu	1,182,800	699,700	172,973	61,000
Oats, bu	543,600	774,012	43,266	668,233
Rye, bu	2,400	2,000	----	2,000
Barley, bu	183,700	98,300	18,939	3,767
C. meal, lbs	1,000,000	1,000,000	400,000	348,925
C. feed, lbs	1,000,000	1,000,000	400,000	----
O. meal, lbs	100,000	100,000	1,500	25,000
P. wood, bu	14,000	40,000	----	2,549
P. coal, lbs	80,000	----	40,000	----
C. meats, lbs	892,600	1,121,570	4,321,600	3,762,551
D. meats, lbs	656,225	1,164,662	4,196,000	4,580,000
Beef, pcs	12	20	200	1,200
Beef, pkgs	11	100	200	1,200
Pork, brls	17	100	200	1,200
Lard, lbs	174,700	254,791	3,280,370	2,440,655

Receipts and shipments of wheat and corn at the points given were as follows:

Points.	Receipts—Wheat.	Receipts—Corn.	Shipments—Wheat.	Shipments—Corn.
Chicago	322,000	420,000	304,000	172,973
Milwaukee	2,000	2,700	20,000	----
Minneapolis	448,000	7,400	40,620	----
Duluth	510,000	2,000	400,000	----
St. Louis	96,000	165,000	21,000	50,000
Toledo	50,000	54,000	42,000	21,000
Detroit	1,170	3,000	758	----
Kansas City	90,000	45,000	121,500	21,000
Peoria	8,400	35,000	----	50,100
Totals	1,514,883	868,857	783,858	807,073
Seaboard—				
New York	15,500	58,700	----	50
Boston	----	2,000	----	----
Philadelphia	90,504	5,727	11,650	24,200
Baltimore	216,000	19,000	84,000	----
New Orleans	16,000	12,000	216,000	----
Galveston	97,700	----	150,000	----
Newport News	----	----	----	----
Totals	541,201	154,927	262,440	21,286
Grand total	1,456,084	700,654	1,185,797	828,359
Sa's days 1900	1,652,141	1,024,979	1,077,092	419,803

Cash Produce Transactions.

FLOUR—Quiet and steady. Spring, special brands, $4.20@4.30; hard patents, $3.60@3.70; soft, $3.40@3.50; winter patents, Southern, $3.40@3.80; straights, $3.20@3.30; white rye, brls, $2.80@2.90; dark, $2.65@2.70.

BRAN—Dull and lower. Sales on track, sacks included, $16.00.

WINTER WHEAT—Slow and lower. Sales in store and to go: No. 2 red, 25,000 bu on p. t.; No. 3 red, 70c; No. 2 hard, 50,000 bu on p. t.; No. 3 hard, 69¾@69¾c. On track: No. 2 hard, 69c. Free on board: No. 2 red, 70c; No. 3 hard, 68½c. Billed through: No. 2 red, 69c; No. 3 hard, 67¾c.

SPRING WHEAT—Slow and ¼c lower. Sales in store and to go: No. 3, 65¾@67¼c; No. 4, 65¼@65¾c. Free on board: No grade, 68@69½c; No. 4, 62@63¼c; No. 3, 67¾@68c. Billed through: No. 4, 65@65¼c; No. 3, 66¼@68c; No. 2 Northern, 69c.

CORN—Firm and higher early, but closing weak and lower. Sales in store and to go: No. 3, 50@56¾c; No. 3 white, 56¾c; No. 3 yellow, 56¼@56½c; 50,000 bu for shipment on p. t. On track and free on board: No. 4, 55½c; No. 3, 56@56¾c; No. 2 yellow, 56¼@56¾c; No. 2, 56¼c. Billed through: No. 4, 54c; No. 3, 54½@55¼c; No. 3 yellow, 55@55¾c; No. 2, 55¾c; No. 2 yellow, 55¼@55¾c; No. 3 white, 55¾@56c.

OATS—Firm early, weak later. Sales in store and to go: No. 3 white, 36½c. On track and free on board: No. 4 white, 36@36¼c; No. 3 white, 36¼@36½c; No. 2, 34¾@35c; No. 2 white, 36¾@37¼c. Billed through: No. 4 white, 34½@35¾c; No. 3 white, 35¼@36c; No. 2, 34½c; No. 2 white, 35¾@36¼c.

RYE—Quiet. Sales free on board: No. 2, 53c.

PROVISIONS—Quiet. Cash lots mess pork, $14.70@14.75; repacked, 15@20c discount. Lard, $9.35@9.40. Short ribs, $8.50@8.65, according to weight.

COOPERAGE—Steady. Ash and oak pork brls, 57½@60c; lard tierces, $1.02½@1.05.

WHISKY—Basis finished goods, steady, $1.30.

HAY—Dull. Receipts, 1,210 tons; shipments, 86 tons. Sales on track: Choice timothy, $14.25@14.50; No. 1 timothy, $12.50@13.50; not graded timothy, $10.00@12.00; choice prairie, Kansas, $11.25@12.25; Iowa, $12.00@12.50; Nebraska, $12.00@12.50; No. 2 prairie, Iowa, $10.50; Kansas, $11.00; not graded prairie, State, $9.00.

Trade Gossip on 'Change.

Estimated receipts today: Wheat, 150 cars; corn, 260 cars; oats, 105 cars; hogs, 30,000.

A membership was sold yesterday at $3,100.

The membership of Guy C. Major, retiring President of the American Linseed Oil company, is up for transfer, while Fred T. Gates, his successor, is an applicant for membership.

One of the first principles in the successful speculators' "guide of conduct," apparently, should be to sell on the government crop report and to sell the more and the harder the more bullish the report seems to be. The September report on corn, like the August report, gave a lower condition than the trade generally expected, causing an opening bulge, advantage of which was promptly taken to sell big lines. The top price at the opening on Aug. 13 proved top for an 8c decline. There was a break of 1¾c from the top yesterday, but the price is 6c to 7c lower than it was a month ago, and it remains to be seen what the market will do next. It was significant that the heavy selling on yesterday's bulge, as on that following the August report, was by John Cudahy. It was significant also that the "country," the "outsiders," who have been getting out of the market for a month, showed little indication of coming in again on the long side yesterday. But the future of the market is uncertain, even if the government figures are admitted to be correct. Early frosts may come to the aid of the bulls or the foreign consumers may be compelled to take large quantities of American corn, as they now predict. On the other hand, some people identified with the export trade believe Europe is substituting barley and other cereals for corn in feeding and will not use one-third as much American corn this year as last. The question how far the reduction in the live hog supply in the country and the substitution of other grains and forage crops will reduce the domestic feeding demand is another branch of the problem.

Farmers Said to Be Favored.

"The trade has received the government report with charity," declared a prominent member. "Nobody believes it. But the position is taken that the government was led into unintentional error by the men who are interested in having the crop made as small as possible and the price as large as possible—the producers. Every one knows, who wants to know, that there has been great improvement in the crop."

Irwin-Green says: "There is one point in the corn situation that has not received the attention it merits—namely: the fact that while the total quantity available from the coming crop will be something like one-third less than a year ago, the proportion of the merchantable grade is bound to be vastly less than the average of former years. This will favor the existence of a far wider price difference than usual between No. 2 and the lower grades, and much of the latter will be very poor in quality, so that it will not be able to raise it to contract grade. There has been a large aggregate of short selling on the recent decline, and of course a corresponding quantity has been bought by longs. This fact will render the market peculiarly sensitive to bullish influences and to changes in the rate of daily movement from the interior. There would seem to be room for another battle of the giants in the corn pit within the next few weeks, and the considerations above noted probably are the ones that will determine whether the one side or the other will carry the day."

MOST PRODUCE LINES TAME.

Only an Indifferent Demand Exists and Prices for Leading Articles Little Changed.

Inclement weather interfered somewhat with produce trade yesterday, keeping away except in cases where attendance was forced by depleted stocks. Potatoes took another spurt, choice stock selling as high as $1.07. Today's receipts are 102 cars, against 36 cars the corresponding time last week, signifying a brisk demand. The government makes the condition of the crop 10 points lower than a month ago. Receipts of peaches were not heavy, the equivalent of about 40,000 small baskets.

Quotations for round lots were as follows:

DAIRY PRODUCTS.

Eggs, loss off, cases returned	15c	Cheese, fancy brick	10¼@11c
Eggs, held, mark, cases returned	12½@13c	Butter, creamery, extra	19½c
City ungrading	11@12c	Firsts	18@17c
Seconds, cases	$2.40@2.70	Seconds	14@14½c
Cheese, Y. A.	10¼@10¾c	Dairies	16@17c
Cheese, twins	9¾@10c	Ladies	13@13½c

POULTRY.

Iced chickens, scalded	8@9c	Live turkeys, lb	6@8c
Do, dry picked	8@9½c	Chickens	5@8½c
Do, Western	9@9½c	Do, spring, lb	10@c
Iced turkeys	6@8c	Geese, doz	$3.00@4.50

FISH.

Black bass, lb	11@12c	Pickerel	4@5c
Carp	3@3½c	Pike	5½@6½c
		Perch	3@3½c

GAME.

Ducks, mallards, doz	$2.00@3.50	Sandsnipe, doz	25@35c
Do, blue wing	$2.00	Plover, golden, doz	$1.75@2.00
Jacksnipe, doz	$1.75@2.00	Do, grass	$1.50@1.75

VEALS.

50@60 lbs	5@6c	100@110 lbs	8@8½c
80@90 lbs	7@7½c	120@150 lbs	9@9½c
80@100 lbs	7@7½c	150@200 lbs	9@9½c

FRUITS.

Apples, good to choice	$1.50@2.25	Do, Niagara, 8-lb basket	15@17c
Apples, fancy	$2.75@3.50	Bartlett pears, ½ bu	35@50c
Lemons, Cal	$2.00@3.00	Peaches, Mich., 4-basket cases	$1.25
Oranges, Valencias	$4.50@5.00	Do, ½ bu	35@50c
Pineapples, Fla, crates	$1.50@4.00	Do, ¼ bu	20@25c
Oranges, Valencias, case	$2.50@4.00	Grapes, Mich., ½ bu	50@60c
Blueberries, Mich., 16 qt. case	$1.25@1.50	Osage, doz	$1.10@1.25
Cranberries, Cape Cod, brls	$6.00	Rocky Ford, Colo., crates	$1.50@2.00
Bananas, bch	$1.00@2.00	Watermelons, ill., per bu	15@20c
Grapes, Malaga, Cal	$1.25@1.50	Pears, Mich., bu	$50.00@60.00

VEGETABLES.

Beans, navy, hand picked	$2.00	Turnips, new, sacks	40@75c
Medium	$2.00@2.05	Lettuce, head, home-grown	10@15c
Celery, Michigan, cases	40@50c	Tomatoes, tubs	75c@$1.00
Cucumbers, ill., ½-bu sacks	20@30c	Do, leaf, in cases	20c
Cabbage, new, home-grown, crates	50@60c	String beans, new, ½ bu sacks	30@40c
Do, flat	$1.50@1.75	New potatoes, bbls	85c@$1.07
Do, per 100	$4.00@5.00	Do, home grown, ½ bu	25@30c
Cauliflower, Mich., per doz	$1.25@1.75	75-lb sack	$1.40@1.50
Onions, 70-lb sacks	$1.40@1.50	Sweet potatoes, bu	75@80c
Onions, ill., bu	75@80c	Peaches, Mich., ½ bu bu sacks	25@40c
		Tomatoes, ill., bu	40c

The following table shows the receipts and shipments of country produce for the last twenty-four hours, as compared with the same time last year:

Articles.	Receipts 1901.	Receipts 1900.	Shipments 1901.	Shipments 1900.
Apples, brls	1,250	2,624	253	567
Beans, bu	670	1,400	1,700	725
Corn, lbs	69,300	6,000	----	----
Butter, lbs	445,000	357,615	338,100	241,550
Cheese, lbs	301,192	279,350	161,540	122,500
Potatoes, bus	1,250	1,400	1,700	24,950
Eggs, pkgs	7,227	6,360	4,320	2,400
Hay, tons	210	210	86	11
Hides, lbs	357,907	447,945	730,745	723,080
Hops, lbs	6,635	----	----	----
Potatoes, bu	21,000	24,277	6,000	2,700
Poultry, lbs	179,595	80,000	30,000	28,017
Poultry, c'ps	500	121	----	----
Wool, lbs	782,700	206,905	1,091,673	801,945

PROFITS IN STEEL SHRINK

REPUBLIC COMPANY'S REPORT SHOWS ONLY $300,099 GAIN.

Statement Indicates That Surplus Was Drawn Upon to Pay Most of Preferred Dividend—Gross Earnings Fell Off $4,649,853 as Compared with Previous Fourteen Months—Ira M. Cobe Elected President of Title and Trust Consolidation.

That the surplus was drawn upon to pay dividends is indicated by the annual statement of the Republic Iron and Steel company, presented to stockholders at a meeting in Jersey City yesterday. A heavy shrinkage in gross profits had been expected as a result of the company's operations last year, but not so large a one as the actual figures submitted show—over $4,600,000.

The surprising item is that of net profits, which are $309,099, or 1.23 per cent on the preferred stock. The company paid dividends of 7 per cent, or $1,421,485, on its preferred issue, and apparently drew on its surplus for $1,112,394, the amount required to make up the difference, as the surplus account lost exactly that sum. Gross profits fell off $4,649,853, as compared with the period of fourteen months covered by the previous report. They aggregated $1,034,248.

In his report President Warner called attention to the fact that the company suffered materially by labor troubles from the enforced closing of its mills during July, August, and September of last year. He said that the company had greatly increased its supply of Bessemer ore during the year by the acquisition of additional mines in Minnesota. He added that the company is in a much stronger position in every respect than a year ago.

In accordance with the decision announced some time ago President Warner retired and A. W. Thompson, one of the Vice Presidents, was elected to succeed him.

Details of the Statement.

The earnings for the year ended on June 30, with a comparison with the preceding fourteen months, were as follows:

	1901.	1900.	Increase.
Profit from business of Co. after deducting all expenses, excepting rep'rs and ren'ls	$1,034,248	$5,684,101	*$4,649,853
Deduct's for imps., repairs, and renewals	506,623	692,014	*326,391
Deduct's from (edge) values of mat'ls	156,527	1,089,858	*933,331
Reserve for pos'ble loss in bad(ness) of outstanding accounts	50,000		*50,000
Total deductions	$713,149	$2,040,872	*$1,409,723
Net profits	309,099	3,643,229	*$3,334,130
Dividends (7% on preferred stock)	1,421,483	1,421,679	*195
Balance (deficit)	1,112,384	4,446,615	*$3,334,324
Previous surplus	3,222,050		*3,222,050
Total surplus	4,109,666	3,222,050	*$112,674

*Decrease.

The amount is after deducting $256,196 for maintenance and repairs of idle plants during July, August, and September, 1900.

The number of directors was reduced from eighteen to fifteen, and the board was divided into three classes of five members each. The following were elected for three years.

P. L. Kimberly, W. Houston, William Harvey Ridgely, William Nelson Page, E. N. Ohl.

The new directors are Messrs. Page, Ohl, and Ridgely. The retiring members of the board are G. M. Bard, L. E. Cochran, J. C. Corns, and M. C. Wick. In addition to the election of A. W. Thompson as President other positions were filled as follows:

Vice Presidents—William Tayler, A. W. Houston, W. E. Taylor, and William Harvey Ridgely.
Treasurer—John F. Taylor.
Secretary, D. Haagsma.
Executive committee—G. Watson French, chairman; A. W. Thompson, J. F. Taylor, Harry Rubens, and W. E. Taylor.

Ira M. Cobe Is President.

Ira M. Cobe was elected President yesterday of the Chicago Title and Trust company, the organization which now combines the three abstract concerns that were formerly in business here. Whether he will be the permanent President is not known. Mr. Cobe has not said whether he would take the office permanently. He is of the firm of Cobe & McKinnon, which put the consolidation through. Besides electing a President, other officers, committees, and directors were selected as follows:

Vice Presidents—R. R. Marriott.
Second Vice President and Treasurer—William C. Niblack.
Third Vice President—Jerome J. Danforth.
Secretary—Harrison B. Riley.
Assistant Secretary—William R. Folsom.
Assistant Treasurer—William H. Schmidt.
Executive committee—Ira M. Cobe, John A. Lynch, David B. Lyman, George E. Rickcords, Frank G. Logan.
Finance committee—Charles H. Wacker, Helge A. Haugan, John V. Clarke, Bernard A. Eckhart, Edward A. Shedd.
Directors—John V. Clarke, Ira M. Cobe, Bernard A. Eckhart, Robert Forsythe, Helge A. Haugan, Eldridge G. Keith, Frank G. Logan, David B. Lyman, John A. Lynch, A. R. Marriott, John J. McKinnon, William C. Niblack, Max Pam, George E. Rickcords, Edward A. Shedd, John G. Shortall, Charles H. Wacker.

Local Stock Market.

After a strong opening local stocks made declines at the close of the Chicago market yesterday. American Can common was the strongest issue on the list and made a net gain of ⅝. Can preferred advanced 1¼.

Other stocks did not fare so well. Diamond Match was notably weak, closing at 145¾, which represents a sharp loss from the point to which it went on the last bull movement. Central Union Telephone was lower at 42 for a small lot. Biscuit common was quiet but closed unchanged from the previous day's close.

Railroad Earnings.

Railroad earnings are reported as follows:

CANADIAN PACIFIC.

	1901.	1900.	Increase.
1st week Sept.	$ 712,000	$ 594,100	$ 119,000
From July 1	18,044,983	17,143,038	901,945

MEXICAN NATIONAL.

1st week Sept.	$ 136,733	$ 147,760	$ 11,027
From Jan. 1	5,189,981	5,405,696	*215,655

DENVER AND RIO GRANDE.

1st week Sept.	$ 238,100	$ 235,500	*$ 2,400
From July 1	2,287,003	2,179,800	108,800

IOWA CENTRAL.

1st week Sept.	$ 51,129	$ 44,927	$ 6,202
From July 1	428,983	398,488	30,495

MEXICAN CENTRAL.

1st week Sept.	$ 302,217	$ 285,783	$ 16,434
From Jan. 1	11,831,439	11,858,394	*26,955

MINNEAPOLIS AND ST. LOUIS.

1st week Sept.	$ 81,685	$ 66,263	$ 15,422
From July 1	882,164	663,945	118,189

ST. LOUIS SOUTHWESTERN.

1st week Sept.	$ 155,809	$ 110,124	$ 22,685
From July 1	1,302,726	1,059,327	143,399

HOCKING VALLEY.

1st week Sept.	$ 107,262	$ 93,835	$ 13,427
From July 1	986,342	868,157	118,185

INTERNATIONAL AND GREAT NORTHERN.

1st week Sept.	$ 80,182	$ 78,302	$ 1,880
From Jan. 1	2,958,013	2,485,530	442,483

SOUTHERN PACIFIC.

July—			
Gross	$ 6,683,066	$ 5,786,015	$ 846,050
Op. ex. and taxes	4,138,879	3,850,972	287,906
Net	2,493,916	2,038,043	455,874
Other income	$95,360; total income,		$2,589,216;
charges, betterments, and additions,			$2,035,705;
surplus, $553,511.			

TEXAS AND PACIFIC.

1st week Sept.	$ 168,748	$ 142,702	$ 26,046
From Jan. 1	7,273,080	5,470,198	1,802,885

MISSOURI PACIFIC.

1st week Sept.	$ 979,000	$ 907,000	$ 72,000
From Jan. 1	31,252,943	30,046,446	1,206,497

CENTRAL BRANCH, MISSOURI PACIFIC.

1st week Sept.	$ 31,000	$ 33,000	*$ 2,000
From Jan. 1	938,700	920,836	17,924

*Decrease.

Dividends Declared.

The Northern Pacific railroad company has declared a dividend of 1 per cent on the common stock, payable on Nov. 5.

The National Sugar Refining company has declared the regular quarterly dividend of 1¾ per cent on its preferred stock, payable on Oct. 2.

The Western Union Telegraph company has declared the regular quarterly dividend of 1¼ per cent, payable on Oct. 15.

American Smelting Annual.

Earnings of the American Smelting and Refining company for the fiscal year ended April 30, 1901, including $5,968,049 earnings for four months of the Guggenheim plants, were $7,967,967. Betterments and repairs amounted to $888,410, and interest, taxes, general expenses, and consolidation expenses were $1,271,198. Dividends paid on the preferred stock aggregated $1,918,000, making a total outlay of $4,077,608, which leaves a balance to credit of profit and loss on April 30 of $3,890,349. By vote of the Executive committee $1,000,000 has been credited to the property account from the surplus to the credit of profit and loss.

Net earnings of the Guggenheim plants for the first eight months of the fiscal year ended on April 30 were $2,756,662. Adding this to the above shows net earnings of the combined companies for the period of the statement to have been $6,065,108. The balance sheet as of April 30 shows:

ASSETS.

	1901.	1900.	Increase.
Real estate, plant, and machinery	$ 85,229,235	$43,204,499	$38,222,736
Inventory of stock on hand	23,982,895	11,773,922	11,208,973
Cash accounts receivable, bills receivable, stocks, and bonds	4,419,808	3,238,974	1,181,828
Treasury stock	10,300,000	.....	10,300,000
Totals	$113,931,433	$72,997,395	$58,934,037

LIABILITIES.

Accounts and bills payable	$ 7,678,084	$ 4,764,489	$ 2,913,595
Bonds outstanding	1,055,000	2,355,000	*1,300,000
Capital stock	100,000,000	66,000,000	34,000,000
Profit and loss	5,200,349	1,878,907	3,321,442
Totals	$113,931,433	$72,997,395	$58,934,037

*Decrease.

The profit and loss account shows surplus on April 30, 1900, $1,878,906.

Financial Topics.

The Western Union Telegraph company reports for the quarter ended on Sept. 30 (the figures this year being partly estimated, while those of 1900 are actual) as follows:

	1901.	1900.	Increase.
Net revenues	$1,355,000	$1,208,756	$146,244
Interest on bonds	300,040	300,000	40
Balance	1,610,000	1,468,716	141,284
Dividend	1,317,005	1,317,001	4
Surplus	292,995	151,715	141,280
Previous surplus	6,419,245	5,255,530	1,163,715
Total surplus	6,712,240	5,707,250	1,005,990

Call money was still easier in New York yesterday, ruling at 4½ per cent. Money closed at 3½ to 4 per cent, and the last loan was at 4.

Announcement was made yesterday that the voting trust of the Baltimore and Ohio road having dissolved, the exchange of stock trust certificates for certificates of capital stock will begin today at the office of the Standard Trust company in New York.

A meeting of stockholders of the Central Union Telephone company will be held on Oct. 10 to reduce the capitalization to $3,481,000. On Oct. 17 another meeting will be held to increase the authorized capital to $10,000,000. President Sabin says in the circular announcing these meetings that he is confident the company will be able to resume dividends in 1903 if the present plan is carried out.

Foreign exchange was dull and unchanged yesterday at the following figures in Chicago:

Sterling—	Demand.	60 days.
Actual	487½	484½
Commercial	484½	482¾
Paris francs—		
Actual	5 18¾	5 20⅜
Commercial	5 20	5 21¼
German marks—		
Actual	95	94½
Commercial	94¾	94¼

Closing prices on curb stocks in New York yesterday were as follows:

	Bid.	Asked.
American Can	34¼	34¾
Do pfd	74	74½
American Hide and Leather	6¼	6¾
Do pfd	36	36½
Bay State Gas	1	1¼
Compressed Air	14	14¾
Electric Boat	39	40
Do pfd	42	43
Electric Vehicle	6¼	.....
Do pfd	29¾	31
Electro Pneumatic	1¾	1¾
General Carriage	1¾	1¾
Havana Commercial Co	9	10
Do pfd	45¼	46
Illinois Vehicle	7½	8
N. Y. Electric Vehicle Trans	11	11¾
Pittsburg Bessemer and L. E	23	25
Otis Elevator	33	33¼
Do pfd	93	94
Royal Baking Powder pfd	101	102
Seaboard Air Line	17¼	.....
Do pfd	50¼	50¾
Do 4s	85	86
Standard Oil	705	710
U. S. Cast Iron Pipe	37	38
Do pfd	85	86

Sales on the Chicago Exchange.

Sales on the Chicago Stock Exchange yesterday were as follows:

	Shares.	High.	Low.	Close.
American Can	705	34¾	34¼	34⅝
Do pfd	100	74¼	74¼	74¼
American Linseed	300	30	29¾	29¾
Do pfd	100	50¾	50¼	50¾
American Strawboard	50	42	42	42
Central Union Telephone	50	43	43	43
Chicago City Railway	200	200	200	200
Chicago Union Traction pfd	80	87	87	87
Diamond Match	27	147	145¾	145¾
Lake Street Elevated	145	13¾	13¾	13¾
Metropolitan Elevated pfd	100	92	92	92
National Biscuit	545	44	43¾	43¾
Do pfd	25	103¾	103¾	103¾
National Carbon	117	13	13	13
Northwestern Elevated	20	41	41	41
South Side Elevated	10	110	110	110
Street's Stable Car	3	65¼	65¼	65¼
West Chicago	3	100¼	100¼	100¼

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...rpets, 29 packages inlaid linoleum,
...decorated glassware, 1 case papier
...,000 boxes tinplate, 3 cases ironware,
...0 bulbs, 4 cases books, 2 cases agate
...15 cases marble stationary, 1 case cot-
...e, 11 packages manufactured metal,
...ax fabrics, 2,050 cases window glass,
...decorated earthenware, 1 case litho-
...1 case woolen cloth, 100 casks pitch.

Oil and Oil Certificates.
...T, Pa., Sept. 11.—Credit balances, $1.26;
..., no bid. Shipments, 96,202 bris; aver-
...d. Runs, 97,795 bris; average, 74,358.

MARKET GETS A SETBACK.

GENERAL DECLINE UNDER BEAR NEWS IN WHOLE LIST.

False Rumors Regarding the Condition of President McKinley and an Unfavorable Crop Report Add to Depression — Republic Iron and Steel Goes Off Under Poor Statement — Strike Settlement Thought to Be Close at Hand.

[BY A SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT.]

NEW YORK, Sept. 11.—[Special.]—The almost general decline in today's stock market—only the Vanderbilt securities showing strength—was due to a variety of circumstances which may briefly be set out. In the early trading there was the false report that the President had suffered a relapse; there was the government crop report, showing an unexpected decline in the condition of corn and of wheat; there were evidences, if not of withdrawal of support on the part of the leading financial interests who lately have been behind the market, at least of a cessation of buying from those sources; and, finally, there was some rather aggressive selling for the short account. Under the circumstances, therefore, the surprise is, not that the market declined as it did, but that it did not decline more.

Not, indeed, since the announcement of the attempt on the President's life have prices been so persistently attacked as they were today, the bears not even being averse to the circulation of false reports to help them in their campaign.

Trading for the day fell to relatively small proportions, less than 500,000 shares being dealt in. Of this total Erie contributed 37,000, Southern Pacific, 45,000; Union Pacific, 38,000; St. Paul, 40,000; Atchison, 42,000; Amalgamated Copper, 52,000; and United States Steel, 42,000. In other words, the dealings in these seven stocks aggregated practically two-thirds of the entire market transactions, showing into what narrow limits trading had resolved itself.

Unquestionably, apart from the early misleading and depressing canards about the President's condition the principal reason for the heaviness of securities was the government crop report already referred to. Generally, there had been expectation that an improvement in corn would be recorded, and the disappointment therefore was the more pronounced, when, instead of betterment, the statement disclosed the lowest September corn condition ever reported in the history of the country.

Apart from these things there was little to influence the market one way or the other. If bankers' buying fell off, as undoubtedly it did, and if there was not a little profit taking, as unquestionably there was, these were in a large measure offset by the excellent independent and investment buying. Part of this was induced by some rather positive reports that the steel strike is to be settled within twenty-four hours. This, though lacking of confirmation, is regarded as within the bounds of possibility, the settlement dispelling the last remaining cloud of serious proportions hanging over the industrial situation.

As to the stocks themselves, the only thing to be said is that in the main they followed the course of the market and declined, not for specific, but for general reasons. Exceptions to this were the junior Vanderbilt issues—notably Canada Southern, Big Four, and the Nickel Plates, Monon, Lackawanna, and, in the industrial list, glucose sugar preferred.

The report that the Vanderbilt plan of reorganization is well under way was responsible for the buying of the Vanderbilt shares; favorable dividend talk was heard in respect to Monon, while the annual meeting of the Glucose Sugar company, shortly to be held, is expected to be followed by some important announcements.

Of the declining stocks, the uncertainty in respect to the St. Paul dividend to be declared tomorrow resulted in an irregular movement of the security, with the final figures showing a fractional net loss. Many traders on the floor are confident of an increase in the dividend. No official statement on the subject is forthcoming.

The decline in Republic Steel was, of course, due to the unfavorable showing of the company in its last fiscal year, profits showing a decrease of no less than $4,649,883. Amalgamated Copper was sold, presumably for inside account, one firm alone disposing of 30,000 shares.

IN NEW YORK MONEY MARKET.

General Tendency of Cash, Bonds, Railway Shares, and Other Securities in Wall Street.

NEW YORK, Sept. 11.—The organized protection of the market by concert of the financial powers was still in evidence to some extent today. There was much realizing on all advances by this element of holdings acquired on Saturday and early this week in the furtherance of the purpose to support the market. This realizing was accomplished probably on a demand from uncovered shorts, as there was no evidence of an outside interest in the market or of a disposition to accumulate stocks by large banking interests. The contradiction of last night's rumors of steel strike settlement resulted in reaction of the United States Steel stocks, and the annual report of the Republic Iron and Steel company did not make an encouraging showing of conditions resulting from the year's business.

There were significant advances in the bid prices of government bonds on call, which carried prices of all the government issues except the short 4s ¼ to 1¼ per cent over the prices ruling before the Secretary's order. Expectation is not sanguine, in view of the quieter state of the money and security market, that bonds to the full amount of $30,000,000 invited by the Secretary will be offered before the limit of time expires tomorrow afternoon at prices which will be accepted by the Secretary.

Railroad bonds were dull and irregular. Total sales, par value, $1,785,000.

United States 3s advanced ½ per cent, the 2s and 4s ½ per cent, and the new 4s 1 per cent on the last call.

Close: Money on call firm at 4@5 per cent; last loan, 4 per cent; ruling rate, 4¼ per cent. Prime mercantile paper, 5@5½ per cent. Sterling exchange about steady, with actual business in bankers' bills at 485¼ for demand and at 482¾@482¾ for sixty days; posted rates, 483¼@484 and 486½; commercial bills, 482@482¾. Bar silver, 58¾. Mexican dollars, 46½.

Government bonds strong. State bonds inactive. Railroad bonds irregular.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE TRANSACTIONS.

Description.	Sales.	High.	Low.	Sep. 11.	Sep. 10.
Am. Agricultural	2,200	153¾	151	151	153¾
Am. Locomotive	1,500	29¾	28¾	29¾	29¾
Am. Smelting	200	80¾	80¼	80¼	80
Am. Sugar Ref. Co.	1,000	131¾	131	131¾	131¾
Am. Tobacco	5,400	48¼	47	47¾	48¼
Am. Tobacco pfd	100	100	100	100	100¼
Atchison	42,000	71¾	70¾	71¾	71¾
Atchison pfd	300	97½	97½	97½	98¼
Atlantic Coast Line	2,500	96¾	96¼	96¼	96¾
Baltimore & Ohio	1,000	104	103¾	104	104
Brooklyn Rapid Transit	1,500	58¾	57¾	58¼	58¾
Canadian Pacific	100	150	150	150	150
Canada Southern	1,000	46	45¾	45¾	47
Central of New Jersey	200	250	250	250	250
Chesapeake & Ohio	700	51	49¾	50	50
Chicago Great Western	300	7	7	7	7¼
Chicago & Alton	500	27	26	26	28
Chicago & Alton pfd	600	70¾	70¼	70¼	71
Chicago Burlington & Quincy	100	264	264	264	267
Chicago Great Western pfd	2,200	96¾	96¼	96¼	96¾
Chicago Indianapolis & Louisville	1,000	46	45¾	45¾	47
Chicago Indianapolis & Louisville pfd	200	80	80	80	80
Chicago Milwaukee & St. Paul	40,900	169¾	167¾	167¾	169¾
Chicago Milwaukee & St. Paul pfd	100	185	185	185	185
Chicago & Northwestern	1,600	174¾	170¾	170¾	174¾
Chicago & Northwestern pfd	100	212	212	212	212
Chicago Rock Island & Pacific	1,100	111¾	111	111¼	113¾
Chicago Rock Island & Pacific pfd	300	221¼	221	221¼	222
Chicago Terminal	1,700	21¾	21¾	21¾	21¾
Chicago Terminal pfd	2,000	41¾	40¾	40¾	41
Chicago & Southern	1,100	14¾	14¼	14¼	14¾
Chicago & Southern 1st pfd	600	87¾	87¼	87¼	87¾
Chicago & Southern 2d pfd	500	25¾	25	25	26¼
Cleveland & Pittsburg	100	169	169	169	169
Colorado Fuel & Iron	1,600	37	36¼	36¾	37
Colorado Southern	1,600	23¾	23¼	23¼	23¾
Colorado Southern 1st pfd	100	44	44	44	44¼
Colorado Southern 2d pfd	1,600	34¾	34¼	34¼	34¾
Consolidated Gas	1,100	213¾	213¼	213¼	214¼
Delaware & Hudson	1,000	174¾	174¼	174¼	174¾
Delaware Lackawanna & Western	1,000	247	247	247	247
Denver & Rio Grande	1,100	45¾	45¼	45¼	45¾
Denver & Rio Grande pfd	1,000	94¾	93¾	93¾	94¾
Distillers' Securities	1,000	27¾	27¼	27¼	27¾
Erie	37,000	42¾	42	42¼	43¾
Erie 1st pfd	4,900	71¾	70¾	71¾	72¾
Erie 2d pfd	100	57¾	57	57	57¾
Great Northern pfd	200	184	183¾	183¾	185
Hocking Valley	200	83	82¾	82¾	83¼
Illinois Central	4,000	144¾	143¾	143¾	144¾
Int. Pump	600	46¾	46	46¾	46
Int. Pump pfd	100	97	96¾	97	96¾
Iowa Central	300	149¾	149	149	149¾
Iowa Central pfd	300	39	39	39	39¼
Int. Paper	1,000	24¾	24¼	24¼	24¾
Int. Paper pfd	800	81	81	81	81¾
Int. Steel	100	44	44	44	44
Louisville & Nashville	2,200	136¾	136	136	136¾
Manhattan Elevated	2,300	117¾	116¾	116¾	117¾
Manhattan	2,100	117¾	116¾	116¾	117¾
Metropolitan Street Railway	300	167	167	167	167
Mexican Central	1,000	19¾	19¼	19¼	19¾
Mexican National	1,000	8¾	8¼	8¼	8¾
Minneapolis & St. Louis	100	107¾	107¾	107¾	107
Minneapolis & St. Louis pfd	100	167	167	167	167
Missouri Pacific	2,500	108¾	107¾	107¾	108¼
Mobile & Ohio	1,000	77¾	77¼	77¼	77¾
Nashville Chattanooga & St. Louis	100	120	120	120	120
National Biscuit	100	50	50	50	50
National Biscuit pfd	100	120	120	120	120
National Lead	100	20	20	20	20
National Lead pfd	5,000	107¾	107¼	107¼	107¾
New Jersey Central	2,400	134¾	134¼	134¼	134¾
New York Air Brake	100	50	50	50	50
New York Central	1,000	152¾	152¼	152¼	152¾
New York Chicago & St. Louis	100	31	31	31	31
New York Chicago & St. Louis 1st pfd	100	85	85	85	85
New York Chicago & St. Louis 2d pfd	100	73	73	73	73
New York Gas	1,000	135¾	135¼	135¼	135¾
New York Lackawanna & Western	1,000	247	247	247	247
New York Ontario & Western	1,000	47¾	47¼	47¼	47¾
New York Susquehanna & Western	100	14¾	14¼	14¼	14¾
New York Susquehanna & Western pfd	100	30¾	30¼	30¼	30¾
Norfolk & Western	1,000	71¾	71¼	71¼	71¾
Norfolk & Western pfd	100	90	90	90	90
Northern Pacific pfd	100	97¾	97¼	97¼	97¾
Ontario & Western	1,000	47¾	47¼	47¼	47¾
Pacific Mail	400	43¾	43	43	43
Pressed Steel Car	1,000	45¾	45¼	45¼	45¾
Reading	10,100	43¾	42¾	42¾	43¾
Reading 1st pfd	2,100	84¾	84¼	84¼	84¾
Reading 2d pfd	5,800	74	73	73	73¾
Rubber Goods	200	28	28	28	28
Republic Steel	1,000	18¾	18¼	18¼	18¾
Republic Steel pfd	1,000	85¾	85¼	85¼	85¾
Rep. Iron & Steel	10,400	18¾	17	17	18¾
Rep. Iron & Steel pfd	10,200	71¾	69	69¾	72
Southern Pacific	45,400	68¾	67¾	67¾	68¾
Southern Railway	1,900	28	27¾	27¾	28
Southern Railway pfd	1,700	87	87	87	87
St. L. & S. F. 1st pfd	300	78	78	78	78
St. L. & S. F. 2d pfd	300	29	29	29	29
Southern Pacific	40,900	68¾	67¾	67¾	68¾
St. L. & S. W.	1,000	28¾	28¼	28¼	28¾
St. L. & S. W. pfd	1,000	67¾	67¼	67¼	67¾
St. Louis & Southwestern	200	62	62	62	62
St. Louis & Southwestern pfd	1,000	117¾	117¼	117¼	118¾
St. Paul & Duluth	1,000	182¾	182¼	182¼	182¾
St. Paul & Duluth pfd	100	182	182	182	182
St. Paul & Omaha	100	62	62	62	62
St. Paul & Omaha pfd	100	170	170	170	170
St. P. & T.	700	5	4¾	4¾	4¾
T. H. I. & W.	100	34	34	34	33¾
T. H. I. & W. pfd	100	84¾	84¼	84¼	84¾
Twin City	100	103	103	103	103
Third Avenue	2,100	120¾	120¾	120¾	121
Tenn. C. & Iron	2,200	96¾	95¾	95¾	96¾
Union Pacific	45,400	98¾	97¾	97¾	98¾
Union Pacific pfd	1,000	84¾	83¾	83¾	84¾
U. S. Rubber	100	19	19	19	19¼
U. S. Leather	1,100	13¾	13	13	13¾
U. S. Leather pfd	1,100	82	82	82	84
U. S. Steel	43,200	45¾	44	44	44¾
U. S. Steel pfd	15,000	91¾	89¾	89¾	91¾
Wheeling & L. E.	200	15	15	15	15
Wheeling & L. E. pfd	300	49¾	49¾	49¾	49¾
Wells Fargo Ex.	100	165	165	165	165
Wabash	1,100	23¾	22¾	22¾	23¼
Wabash pfd	1,300	40	39¼	39¼	40
Wis. Central	1,000	24¾	24¼	24¼	24¾
Wis. Central pfd	300	43¾	43	43	43¾
Western Union	1,300	92¾	92¼	92¼	92¾
Wheeling Steel pfd	100	60	60	60	61

Total sales, 495,900 shares.

EXPRESS STOCKS.

Adams	175	United States	90
American	190	Wells Fargo	160

GOVERNMENT BONDS.

U. S. reg. 2s, reg.	103	U. S. new 4s, coup.	138¼
U. S. reg. 2s, coup.	103¼	U. S. old 4s, reg.	112
U. S. old 5s, reg.	112	U. S. old 4s, coup.	112
U. S. 3s, coup.	107½	U. S. 5s, reg.	108
U. S. new 4s, reg.	138¼	U. S. 5s, coup.	108

NEW YORK BOND SALES AND QUOTATIONS—10 A. M. TO 2 P. M.

$6000 Atch gen 4s	103¾@104	$5000 Lac Gas 5s	108
20000 do adj	96¾@97	5000 do 2d inc	23¼
52000 do stamped	94¼@95	$2000 Mo P 5s	105½
2000 Ann Arbor 4s	97	5000 M-O new 6s	120½
37000 Am M-L 6s	93@94	1000 M K-T 2d	82
2000 A C G 4s	101	1000 Met St Ry 5s	119
3000 S-O 5s	95¼@95¾	10000 Mex Cent 4s	70¾@71¼
2000 do 4s	79¾	6000 Mex Nat 4s	95¾@96
2000 do con	105¾@106	11000 N Y C gen 3½	107½
10000 B W 1st	73	11000 N-W con 4s	102½
15000 B-O S W 3½s	80¾@81	9000 N P gen 3s	68
1000 B R T 5s	103	2000 do 4s	104½@104¾
19000 Bkln Un El 1st	100¾@101	1000 N Y G-E 4s	95½
28000 Cent Ga con 5s	106@¾	5000 do 5s	114¾
16000 do 1st inc	81½@¾	1000 O S L 6s	125
267000 do 2d inc	31½@32¾	3000 Pac Coast 5s	120¼
30000 C N J gen 5s	124¼	3000 Pa std 4½s	112¾
6000 C-O gen 4½s	104¾@105	87000 P-E 1st	96¾@97
1000 do con 5s	120¼	1000 R G W 1st	70¾@71¼
127000 C B-Q joint 4s	96¼@96¾	4000 P S-L E 1st	115¾
2000 do deb 5s	110	16000 Rdg gen 4s	95½@96
5000 Chic Term 4s	94	1000 R G W 1st	101
19000 Colo So 1st 4s	87¼@87¾	18000 R W-O con 5s	112@112¾
1000 Ft W-D C 1st	104	21000 St L-I M 5s	116¾
1000 D M-C C 1st	110¾	6000 do 4s	91¾@92
1000 K C So 5s	69¾	1000 St L S W 1st	97
14000 L-N unf 4s	101¾	3000 So Pac 4s	92
19000 Mex Cent 1st inc	33½@34	5000 do 4½s	100
		3000 S Pac 1st	81
		5000 St P M-M 2d	115¾
		5000 So Ry 5s	116¼
		2000 T C I Terml	110
		1000 T P 1st 5s	106¾
		18000 U P 1st 4s	109¾
		203000 U P conv	106¾@¾
		5000 Wab 2d	110¼
		18000 do deb B	62¾
		7000 W N Y 1st	110¾
		5000 W L E 1st 5s	119¾@120
		1000 W-E 1st	110
		15000 Wis C 4s	88¼@89

Total sales, $1,775,000.

IN THE BOSTON MONEY MARKET.

General Tendency of Cash, Bonds, Mining Shares, and Other Securities at the Hub.

BOSTON, Mass., Sept. 11.—[Special.]—The tone of the local market was somewhat weaker today in sympathy with the easier tendency displayed by the Wall street list. Amalgamated was the most active of the copper stocks, a decline of 1¼ per cent below 113 resulting from liquidation. The special feature of the miscellaneous department was a 4 point decline in American Agricultural common to 21. The selling was for the account of holders disappointed over the dividend outlook. Good investment buying of American Telephone was noted. Call loans, 4½@5½ per cent. Time loans, collateral, 4½@5½ per cent. Time loans, mercantile paper, 4½@6 per cent. Clearing-house loans, 4 per cent.

Description.	Sales.	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
Atchison	800	71	71¾	70¾	70¾
Do pfd	150	97¾	97¾	97¾	97¾
Amn. Sugar	500	132¼	132¾	131¾	131¾
Amn. Tel	1,100	165	165	163½	163½
Arcadian	300	12¾	13	12¾	13
Adventure	1,200	29¾	29¾	29¼	29¼
Amal. Copper	6,000	114	114	112¾	113
Anaconda	200	46	46	46	46
Baltic	200	62¾	63¼	62	63
Bingham	400	39	39¼	39	39¼
Calumet	10	730	730	730	730
Centennial	1,200	19	19	19	19
Copper Range	100	76	76	76	76
D. Coal	400	43¾	45½	43¾	45½
Dom. Coal	150	35¼	35¼	35¼	35
Elm River	150	6	6	4¾	4¾
Franklin	300	20	20	19¾	19¾
Isle Royale	200	18¾	18¾	18¾	18¾
Mass. Elec	200	38¼	38¼	36¼	38¼
Michigan	8,000	11	11	10¾	10¾
Mohawk	300	61¼	61¾	61¼	61¾
Mass. Con	1,200	33¾	34	33¾	33
Old Colony	400	41¾	41¾	41¾	41¾
Osceola	900	115¾	116¼	115	115
Old Dominion	200	33¼	33¼	33¼	33¼
Pere Marquette pfd	50	80	80	80	80
Phoenix	500	8	8	7¾	7¾
Quincy	50	172	172	172	172
Rhode Island	100	6	6	6	6
Tamarack	75	350	351	350	351
Tri-Mountain	25	85	85	85	85
Trinity	500	35¼	35¼	35	35¼
Union Pacific	700	98¼	98¾	98	98
Do pfd	50	84	84	84	84
U. S. Mining	500	19¾	20	19¼	19¾
United Fruit	300	70¾	71¼	70¾	71¼
Un. Shoe Mchy. pfd	50	47¾	47¾	47¾	47¾
Victoria	1,400	10	10	9¾	9¾
Wolverine	100	70	70	69	69
Winona	50	4	4	4	4

BONDS.

$1000 Mex C 4s	85	$1000 DG&W 4s	100
1000 Steel 2sb 5s	100		

IN THE FOREIGN MONEY MARKET.

General Tendency of Cash, Bonds, and Securities in London, Paris, and Berlin.

NEW YORK, Sept. 11.—Commercial-Advertiser's London financial cablegram: The stock market here today was firmer, except in the American department. These shares, after a steady opening, fell about half a point from parities. The reason commonly attributed was nervousness over the bulletin which announced that President McKinley had undergone a fresh operation. Other market observers said that the monetary outlook explained the dullness. The general opinion is that there are more doctors around the market than there are around Mr. McKinley.

Business on this side was meager, with little change in the afternoon for railroads, but United States Steel jumped a full point on strong support in New York.

LONDON, Sept. 11.—Closing stocks:

Consols for money	96 15-16
Consols for account	94
Anaconda	9¾
Atchison	58¾
Do pfd	95¾
Baltimore & Ohio	104
Canadian Pacific	116¾
Chesapeake & Ohio	47
Chicago Great West.	26
Chi. Mil. & St. P.	170½
Denver & Rio G.	48
Do pfd	97½
Erie	42¾
Do 1st pfd	72¾
Do 2d pfd	58
Illinois Central	150
Louisville & Nash	136
Mo., Kas. & Tex	29¾
Do pfd	55¼
New York Central	151¾
Norfolk & Western	68
Do pfd	91¼
North. Pac. pfd	100
Ontario & West	35¾
Pennsylvania	71¼
Reading	42¾
Do 1st pfd	86
Do 2d pfd	73¾
Southern Railway	28¼
Do pfd	87¾
Southern Pacific	68¼
Union Pacific	101¼
Do pfd	85
United States Steel	46
Do pfd	94
Wabash	22¾
Do pfd	40¼
Spanish 4s	72¾
Rand Mines	4¼

Bar silver, quiet, 28 15-16d per ounce. Money, 1@1¾ per cent. The rate of discount in the open market for short bills is 2¼@2 7-16 per cent. The rate of discount in the open market for three months' bills is 2¾@2½ per cent.

Money on the Continent.

PARIS, Sept. 11.—Business was rather agitated, though better disposed on the bourse today. A rumor of less favorable reports regarding the condition of President McKinley, though denied, caused a slight reaction in the afternoon. Brazilians were purchased for local and English account. Tractions were in good demand, especially Thomson-Houston. Rio Tintos fluctuated somewhat. The undertone was firm. The De Beers were supported.

BERLIN, Sept 11.—Business was dull on the boerse today from the opening to the afternoon, when there was a sharp reaction, owing to the large sales of industrials for cash. Canadian Pacifics and Americans were weaker, although the early rumors of an unfavorable turn in the condition of President McKinley were discredited.

IN FOREIGN PRODUCE MARKETS.

Current and Closing Quotations on Grain, Cotton, and Provisions at Liverpool.

LIVERPOOL, Sept. 11.—Wheat—Spot quiet; No. 2 red Western winter, 5s 6d; No. 1 Northern spring, 5s 7¾d; No. 1 California, 5s 11¼d. Futures quiet; September, 5s 6¼d; December, 5s 5¼d.

Corn—Spot steady; American mixed, new, 5s 1½d. Futures quiet; September, 4s 11¾d; October, 4s 11d; November, 4s 11¾d.

Hams—Short cut, steady, 52s.

Bacon—Long clear middles, light, firm, 49s; clear bellies firm, 57s 6d.

Cottonseed oil—Hull, refined, spot, firm, 24s.

Resin—Common steady, 4s 4½d.

Linseed oil—Quiet; 32s 3d.

Peas—Canadian, 6s 4d.

Cotton—Spot, moderate business; prices easier; American middling, fair, 11-16d. The sales of the day were 8,000 bales, of which 500 were for speculation and export and included 4,700 bales American. Receipts, 3,000 bales, including 2,900 American. Futures opened quiet and closed barely steady; American middling (l. m. c.), September, 4 29-64@4 30-64d buyers; October, 4 c.; 4 18-64d buyers; October and November, 4 15-64d sellers; November and December, 4 13-64d sellers; December and January, 4 12-64@4 13-64d sellers; January and February, 4 12-64@4 13-64d sellers; February and March, 4 12-64@4 13-64d sellers; March and April, 4 13-64d sellers; April and May, 4 13-64d buyers.

In the Mining Stock Market.

NEW YORK, Sept. 11.—Mining stocks:

Adams Con	20	Little Chief	12
Alice	15	Ontario	10.25
Breece	14	Ophir	77
Brunswick Con	6	Phoenix	8
Comstock Tunnel	6	Potosi	5
Con. Cal. & Va	175	Savage	7
Deadwood Terra	10	Sierra Nevada	25
Horn Silver	175	Small Hopes	40
Iron Silver	60	Standard	325
Leadville Con	6		

RANGE OF PRODUCE PRICES

QUOTATIONS OF GRAIN AND STAPLES AT LEADING EXCHANGES.

Record of Day's Trading in Principal Commodities from the Eastern Seaboard to the Western Markets — Tendency of Cotton in the East and South — Receipts and Shipments of Wheat, Corn, and Oats at Milling Points.

NEW YORK, Sept. 11.—Flour—Receipts, 11,985 bris; exports, 4,561 bris; sales, 15,000 pkgs. Market was active on Minneapolis flour and generally steady.

Wheat—Receipts, 15,300 bu; sales, 2,755,000 bu futures, 200,000 bu spot. Spot easy. No. 2 red, 75¾c f. o. b. afloat; No. 2 red, 74¼c elevator; No. 1 Northern, Duluth, 76c f. o. b. afloat; No. 1 hard, Duluth, nominal f. o. b. afloat. Options opened firm and a shade higher, closed weak at ½@¾c net loss. May, 70¼@70¾c, closed 70@70¼c; September, 74⅝@74½c, closed 74¾c; October, 74½@74¾c, closed 74½c; December, 76@76 13-16c, closed 76½c.

Corn—Receipts, 58,700 bu; exports, 50 bu; sales, 175,000 bu futures, 24,000 bu spot. Spot easier; No. 2, 61¾c elevator, 62¾c f. o. b. afloat. Option market opened strong, active, closed weak at ¼@⅜c net decline. May, 62¾@63¾c, closed 63¼c; September, 61¾@62¼c, closed 61¾c; December, 61½@62⅝c, closed 61¾c.

Oats—Receipts, 52,500 bu; exports, 480 bu. Spot quiet. No. 2, 38c; No. 3, 37½c; No. 2 white, 40c; No. 3 white, 39c; track mixed Western, 37½@39c; track white Western, 38½@47c; track white State, 38½@47c. Options firm and higher at first with corn, but subsequently gave way under liquidation.

Lard—Steady. Western steamed, $9.75; September closed $9.75, nominal; refined, steady.

Eggs—Steady. State and Pennsylvania, 18@20c.

Tallow—Steady. City ($2.00 per pkg), 5½c; country (pkg free), 5¼@5¾c.

Cottonseed oil—Steady.

Sugar—Raw, quiet; fair refining, 3¼c; centrifugal, 96 test, 3¾c. Molasses sugar, 3c; refined, steady.

Condition of Cotton Market.

Cotton—The market for cotton futures opened quiet, with prices 1@3 points lower, and almost immediately developed a weak undertone, following pessimistic cables from the European markets and receipts of selling orders from the South, abroad, the public, and from Wall street. This pressure was on the market pretty much all the forenoon, and at no time did prices give the least indication of rallying. In addition to the cable news, crop accounts from the eastern belt were considerably better than the average of late. Early in the afternoon covering by several of the leading bears started a small scare of the short contingent as a whole, and prompted brisk new buying for a reaction. On this demand prices shot up to above last night's final bids, with October at one time selling at 7.65c and January at 7.69c. Belief that Liverpool tomorrow would be higher on the trade reports from this side helped to create distrust among shorts. Business was brisk all the late session, with wire houses and commission brokers moderate supporters of the market. New Orleans and Wall street also bought cotton quite freely. The market was

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THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 12, 1901.

All people of humane feeling must have been shocked Horatio Kitchener's "bag" at the language used by of Boers. Lord Kitchener in reporting the results of the operations of his armies against the Boers in south Africa. With a lack of dignity and of sensibility which is entirely inexcusable he declares that "all the divisions have had good bags" and that, exactly as if he were listing the game killed by a hunting party, he goes on to state that the "bag" consists of so many hundred burghers killed and so many wounded. Among civilized people it is not customary to class enemies who fall in honorable battle with quail and rabbits. The noble Lord who commands the British forces in south Africa seems to have allowed his "fighting blood" to get the better of him. He should remember that the Boers killed in the two republics have wives and children whose feelings a brave foe is bound to consider. Certainly Lord Kitchener's language is unnecessary, and, as it will inevitably further alienate the sympathy of all people of humane and generous feelings, it is a bad blunder from a political standpoint. It is almost incomprehensible that the authorities in London should not subject to a report couched in such language, but that they should allow it to pass without correction.

A few rabidly partisan papers have begun to criticise Criticism of Vice President Roosevelt be- Roosevelt. cause, when he heard of the attempt on the life of the President, he went at once to the bedside of his stricken chief. They declare that Colonel Roosevelt's presence in Buffalo was due only to his desire to be prominent in the public eye and that his stay there is, in effect, an act of gross discourtesy. It was these same newspapers which, while the President lay in a critical condition, were embarrassing Mr. Roosevelt with impertinent questions as to what he would do when he took the executive chair, questions which he promptly and properly refused to entertain or listen to. As a matter of fact, the action of Colonel Roosevelt in hurrying from Oyster Bay to Buffalo, as did many other personal and political friends of the President, was perfectly natural, right, and proper. His bearing throughout the crisis has been dignified and manly. He has violated no rule of courtesy or of good taste. Instead of seeking for notoriety he has avoided it and has refused to talk in the face of repeated requests. The people who admire Mr. Roosevelt admire him because he is a straightforward, natural, warm-blooded, honest man. The papers which seek the present opportunity of criticising his conduct should be ashamed of themselves.

Fire Marshal Musham has seen fit to transfer three of Politics in the Fire Department. his battalion chiefs, and, because one of the men involved was a candidate for the position to which Musham was appointed, it is charged that the chief is allowing personal and political feeling to influence him to the detriment of the service. Former Chief Swenie is quoted as saying that while he does not know whether or not politics cut any figure in the transfers he thinks a mistake was made in putting another man in the place of Marshal Horan in charge of the down-town fire district. The public has the greatest respect and affection for Denis Swenie, but at the same time the feeling will be somewhat general that the old chief has violated the canons of good taste, at least, in criticising the actions of his successor in a way which is calculated to cause him embarrassment. Nobody will imagine that the recent discharge of Denis Swenie's son from the place as a clerk in the fire alarm office on the order of Marshal Musham has embittered him to a point where he would utter an unjust criticism. At the same time, under all the circumstances, it would be more becoming on his part to maintain a dignified silence. As for Chief Musham, he should be given credit for the best motives in making changes in the department until something more than mere personal opinion can be brought forward to substantiate charges against him. The people who are really bringing politics into the Fire department are those who make unwarranted charges and indulge in criticisms which can only embarrass the new chief. He should be allowed a free hand until he demonstrates that he does not deserve it.

Some of the object and Foreign denunciations of Scandinavian the crime of Czolgosz have Hatred of caused in the Norwegian Anarchy. and Swedish newspapers of the United States. The Skandinaven of Chicago, in its issue of last Tuesday, contained a leading editorial taking the ground that the question of whether the assassin had accomplices or not is a secondary matter. It holds that the creed of anarchy is in itself a conspiracy—that anarchy seeks the life of society and should be met with the weapons of war rather than with those of peace. In the opinion of the Skandinaven only the swift sternness and vigor of "war justice" will afford society full protection from the menace of assassination and anarchy. The utterance is typical of the views of Scandinavians everywhere. The hardy and industrious men and women whose ancestors were bred among the fjords and mountains of the Scandinavian peninsula have no sympathy with lawlessness in any form. There are no Norwegian, Swedish, nor Danish Anarchists. These people have been lovers of freedom since the days of the Vikings and Normans, but the insane idea that there can be liberty without law or government never has appealed to them. The habits of industry and of sound and sensible thinking acquired on the rugged soil where the race was reared have fitted these people to become valuable American citizens. Their ingrained love of order is among their most constant and conspicuous traits. Any community in which Scandinavians predominate is pretty sure to be free from peril of violence or any other infractions of law on a large scale. Anarchist agitators can find no encouragement among the immigrants from that part of Europe or among their descendants.

THEORY AND PRACTICE OF ANARCHY

Upon every occasion when Anarchists break loose and put in practice their "gospel of force" there is a popular tendency to include Socialists also in the general condemnation. This, however, is a mistake. The Socialist would have the state control everything; the Anarchist would abolish the state and have the individual control everything, which would mean chaos. The Socialist urges many foolish, irrational, and impolitic policies, but they are not dangerous. The Anarchist policy is the liberty of the individual and the destruction of all government, which sometimes he advocates philosophically, and thereby inflames some weak-minded or notoriety loving hearer, and sometimes he seeks foolishly to carry out by violence—foolishly because the government cannot be destroyed in this country, for it is "of the people, by the people, and for the people." Whichever way he acts he is a danger in the community.

Miss Goldman summed up the theory of anarchy when she said a few months ago: "I am an Anarchist because I love individual freedom and I will not surrender that freedom," and again when, after her arrest, she said: "We believe in no government, in each individual governing himself, in equal opportunity for all," and, relative to force: "Violence is dependent on the understanding and character of persons." Having this belief, it is not strange, whether she inspired it or not, that she has no protest to make against the deed of Czolgosz.

Against such a scheme as this it is worse than useless to make serious argument, because it contemplates the annihilation of authority, law, and government, and the substitution of individual liberty. It should be apparent to any one that without laws, law makers, and law enforcers there can be no government, and without government no society, only the chaos of individual liberty, which is anarchy, with perpetual violence and disorder as its inevitable outcome. Even a weak government is better than no government, for men are not yet so perfect, Anarchists least of all, that they can be trusted unlimitedly. This is a free country, and it has been exceedingly generous, too much so, in permitting free discussion. The freedom has been abused over and over again. It is now time to draw the line and to tell these Anarchists that they are not at liberty, indirectly or directly, to suggest crime; that they are not at liberty to work upon the imagination or the vanity of vicious or degenerate natures; that so long as they remain in this country they shall be amenable to the restraints of law, as others are; and that, whether they are "philosophical" Anarchists or violent Anarchists, they will have to obey the law and cease their public advocacy of the overthrow of the government and the killing of its representatives. Goldman, Isaak, and the rest of their unsavory kind have just as much and no more liberty than all law-abiding citizens. They must sacrifice enough of their craving for individual liberty to stand on the same plane as others, or abide the consequences. There can neither be justification nor excuse for anarchy here.

TRACTION COMMITTEE'S TASK.

The Local Transportation committee of the Council, after an interval of over two months, meets today. It is likely, however, to have little progress to report. Although three subcommittees were appointed in June on car service, subways, and franchises, respectively, none of them appears either to have accomplished or essayed anything. No undue significance should be attached to this inaction during the "vacation period." When, however, the street railway situation is viewed as a whole, the procedure of the committee seems alarmingly unequal to the real exigencies of the case. Possibly a feeling of this sort has actually been stealing over some of its members. Admirable work has been done by the committee on the theoretical side of the traction question. The real matter in point, however, which is the street railway service, its present defects, its proper development, and the charges which should be made, has not been grappled with, nor are there any indications of a defined purpose in that direction.

If this committee is to bring out an able result respecting its problem it must address itself in a business-like manner to the practical phases of that problem. It must (1) know what is reasonably to be demanded in the way of street railway organization—routes, tunnels, subways, and equipment. This means a study of the situation by an expert engineer. (2) It must know what are the city's legal rights and be amply prepared to enforce these in the court. This means a lawyer whose counsel will be as good as that which the corporations have. (3) It must know what are the financial aspects of the case. This means an ascertainment by experts of the present value of street railway property in the city, the income from the business, and some judicious calculations on the subject of fares and transfers.

To meet these demands by a timid plea of "no money" is mere fatuity. The question is as to whether the committee will open up the urgency of these matters in such an intelligent manner and make their imperative character so definite and obvious that the Council, in the next appropriation bill, will make due provision to meet them. The time has arrived for this committee to enlarge its view of its own task, escape from a paralyzing fear of public poverty, and enter upon decisively constructive procedure.

LESSON OF THE AUTOMOBILE RUN.

The lesson of the great automobile run from Chicago and New York to the Buffalo Exposition is already clear. It is not alone a lesson for the owners of horseless vehicles. It should interest most deeply every farmer who lives along the line of the route between those cities. All along the road between Chicago and central Ohio are stalled and broken-down automobiles, each of which is an additional illustration of the national lack of good roads. Better roads exist in New York State, as is shown by the fact that the automobiles starting from Manhattan Island were able to make better progress and even to attain considerable speed. More than the projectors of the trip imagined may be gained if the people on the route are aroused to a sense of what they are losing by not having good roads, which are passable at least even in rainy weather.

It makes comparatively little difference to the owner of an automobile if he is delayed, however seriously, on a casual pleasure trip. It is the farmers who use such roads daily who suffer the most. The Agricultural department at Washington has done a good work recently in pointing out the deficiencies of road-making in many parts of the country, and in illustrating at the same time the methods of building roads which will endure. It has pointed out that the farming population is yearly put to a loss of millions of dollars by the delays and extra work occasioned in moving its produce to market over the present poor roads, and it has urged that purely as a business proposition good roads should be built as rapidly as possible. Possibly the sight of so many expensive road vehicles unable to make any kind of progress through quagmires of clay and sloughs of mud may bring the lesson even nearer home. What the bicycle began in the way of forcing the improvement of country roads the automobile may yet greatly advance.

THE SCHLEY-SAMPSON COURT.

The naval court of inquiry asked for by Rear Admiral Schley will begin its sessions in Washington today. Should President McKinley's condition again become critical it is probable that the court would postpone its work, but, happily, no such contingency now seems likely to arise. The inquiry is not a trial. There is a specific law providing that any member of the navy who is amenable to court-martial must be brought to trial before the lapse of two years or he cannot be tried at all. More than two years have elapsed since the charges of "reprehensible conduct" were first made against Commodore Schley. Whatever may be the finding of the present court, it will leave both Schley and Sampson in their present positions. Yet the inquiry will be one of the most important ever held in this country because of its possible effects upon the reputations of the high naval officers involved.

The inquiry belongs solely to the Navy department. The government, as a whole, has nothing to do with the matter. Attorney General Knox has refused to assign one of his assistants to aid the Judge Advocate, on the ground that such an assignment would look like a government prosecution of Admiral Schley. The Navy department must settle the matter for itself, and in any event the outcome of the inquiry can bring it no glory.

The court has been granted a broad field of inquiry, covering any or all operations of the Atlantic squadron during the war with Spain. Special attention will be directed to the conduct of Commodore Schley just before and during the battle of Santiago, particularly with reference to his delay in leaving Cienfuegos and the maneuvers of the Brooklyn during the pursuit of Cervera's fleet. The precept to the court calls attention specifically to each charge made by Historian Maclay and other hostile critics. Each paragraph is worded with judicial fairness except the one referring to "the disobedience of Commodore Schley." The Admiral's request for a modification of this phrase has not been allowed by the Acting Secretary of the Navy, but his protest will be laid before the court. It is sincerely to be hoped that the court will do its work thoroughly and impartially, and that when it has finished its task there will be an end of the unhappy controversy.

THE HAND-SHAKING HABIT.

The murderous assault upon the President has called attention to at least one of the dangers of what might be called the public official hand-shaking habit. The assassin found his opportunity at the "public reception" in the Temple of Music at Buffalo, where the President was cheerfully submitting to the arduous ordeal of shaking hands with thousands of people whom he had never seen before and probably never would see again. President McKinley had nothing to gain by this unpleasant task, nor was it one of the duties of his office. He was going through the ordeal merely because it was the custom and because he had a kindly feeling for everybody.

Wholesale hand-shaking of this kind has no particular meaning or value. It merely gratifies idle curiosity and gives people a chance to say they "shook hands with the President." Their names remain unknown to the public official whose hand they have shaken, and to him they are merely individual members of a crowd as before. To the official himself the process is not only stale and unprofitable but is a formidable physical burden. There are few kinds of work more fatiguing than that of shaking hands continuously for hours with a long procession of people. Few men are strong enough to endure it for any great length of time. When an attempt is made to bestow a smile and a word upon each individual the strain is further increased, and the whole performance soon deteriorates into a perfunctory act with no particular results except an aching shoulder for the unfortunate man who is being exploited.

It is time to stop these indiscriminate hand-shaking functions. They are a superannuated survival of the early days when every public official could be personally acquainted with most of his constituents. The nation has now grown so large that the performance of hand-shaking in such cases has become meaningless and burdensome. It is extremely insanitary and exposes the official victim to dangers of all kinds of contagion. The tragedy at Buffalo has shown that free-for-all receptions of this kind offer extra opportunities for homicidal assault. It is time to exempt the public servants of the nation from the dangers and annoyances of wholesale hand-shaking.

The President's Condition.

The bulletins issued by the President's physicians yesterday show that the patient not only holds his own, but is making steady improvement and that his early convalescence is now looked for with confidence. All reports, after yesterday morning's consultation, were favorable. The redressing of the wound was only incidental and was followed by decided improvement, while progress of the stomach wounds are favorable, as shown by his ability to take nourishment naturally. Recovery may be slow, but there is no occasion for discouragement. The unforeseen is always liable to happen, but, as the physicians say, everything is going satisfactorily and there is no reason to apprehend complications. The public, therefore, has good reason to believe that all is well now, to hope that all will continue well today and tomorrow and until the President makes complete recovery, and to be grateful that the wretched assassin was thwarted in his murderous purpose.

YOU needn't hesitate about calling him an assassin, without any mitigating adjective or saving clause. According to the late Noah Webster, whose memory we all revere, an assassin is one who kills or "attempts to kill" by surprise or secret assault.

MORE evidence of an underhanded alliance between this country and Great Britain! All England rejoices at the prospect of the President's recovery.

HAVE the Anarchists ever tried to incorporate under the laws of New Jersey?

JOURNALS that accuse the Vice President of bad taste because of his presence in Buffalo would be likely to charge him with heartlessness if he remained away from Buffalo. There are some editors he can't please.

THE esteemed Kansas City Times prints an excellent picture of a rude man pointing a pistol at Joe Jefferson, but mistakenly labels it, "Scene When President McKinley Was Shot." The esteemed Kansas City Journal also printed some pictures and stories the source of which it evidently forgot to mention.

IT will be remembered that "Dr." Dowie said he would pray for the President, but he hadn't much faith that it would do any good.

LAWTON, the boom town, has a Goo-Goo street. It is illuminated, probably, with ragtime lamps.

IF necessary, the Anarchists will be ungrouped.

PRONOUNCE the assassin's name—seldom.

IN A MINOR KEY.

Uncle Allen.

"I notice," quoth Uncle Allen Sparks, who had been reading what Johann Most had to say about the attack on the President, "that the reds are blaming it on the yellows."

Shook Him.

"Let us be friends," whispered the basso of the church choir, leaning forward. "Shake." The soprano merely gave him a withering glance.

But when she arose a moment later and began to sing her solo in her best operatic manner the basso growled:

"Well, she's shaking her voice at me, all right."

In the Right Hands Now.

Amid the throng standing in front of the bulletin on which was the announcement that the President had been shot was a man with a long nose, retreating chin, and a high shirt collar with marks of dirty fingers on it.

He read the bulletin without any visible display of emotion.

Presently he thrust his hands in his pockets, glanced furtively about him, and stepped into an alley close at hand, disappearing behind the rear end of a building, where he was found about ten seconds afterward by a man who had stealthily followed him.

He was dancing up and down, striking the palm of his left hand with his right fist, and talking hoarsely to himself.

"Good!" he exclaimed. "Served him right! I'm glad he's shot! He ought to have been—what do you want, sir?"

"O, you contemptible dog!" said the man who had followed him. "You miserable coward!"

Here he gave him a ringing slap on the cheek.

"Don't you whimper!" he went on. "If you open that ugly mouth of yours I'll fill it with broken teeth! A word from me to that crowd back there, and they'd wipe up the street with you! I don't know why I followed you in here, but I must have had a sort of hunch that you were going to hunt some place where you could rejoice over this thing without anybody seeing you. Couldn't wait till you got home, couldn't you? Why, you infamous cur, the man who rejoices openly over such a thing is a gentleman and a Christian compared with you! Stop! Don't you move till I tell you to move! Look at me, sir! About a month ago a man saw me sitting idly by while my wife was pounding a carpet. He said I was the meanest man in Chicago, and he gave me a medal that had gone through the hands of a whole lot of other fellows, every one a little bit meaner than the one that had had it before him. I may have been the meanest man in town a month ago, but, by the jumping frog of Calaveras County, I'm not now! You're the limit. You're it. You are not only the meanest man in Chicago, but you're the meanest man on the planet! If you had just a little manliness you'd be an assassin, but you haven't any. Here! Put that in your pocket!"

The galvanized iron disk he thrust into the hands of the trembling wretch bore this inscription:

"This medal is the property of the meanest man in Chicago. By award of the Any Old Time club."

"Now you can go," he said, giving him a kick. "The darned old medal has got into the possession of the right man at last."

All or None.

The man in the frazzled trousers felt in all his pockets and finally drew forth three cents.

"I'd like about half a cup of your extract of beef," he said.

"You'll have to take a whole cup or none at all, sir," briskly answered the man in the white apron. "We can't have our beef extract garbled."

THE TRIBUNE'S LYNCHING STATISTICS

PITTSBURG POST: THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE performed a valuable service in compiling a table of illegal executions in each State of the union during the last sixteen years, and a list of all that have been reported during the present year. There has been an increase in the number of burnings, which shows that a species of insane frenzy takes possession of those who rush to that extreme, which generally follows aggravated cases of outrage on women and children. In cool blood and remote from the scene we may denounce it, but the neighbors, relatives, and friends of the victims act promptly and terribly, and with such crimes of not infrequent occurrence people would do the same anywhere.

Philadelphia Press: It is well to put this matter on record now. There are evidences in the South of an awakening moral sense and of an appreciation of the danger of the drift toward barbarism. There is no better teacher than history. And the history of lynching during the last twenty years, given by THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE, should teach this country what it must avoid in future if it wishes to preserve its civilization.

Indianapolis Journal: These statistics and the general condition of lawlessness which they disclose are calculated to make law-abiding citizens blush with shame. More than that, they are an alarming indication as to whither we are drifting. In the hands of foreign critics of our institutions they would be unanswerable. With what consistency can we talk about magna charta, habeas corpus, and trial by jury, when we are hanging and burning men without trial at the rate of from 125 to 200 a year? With what show of reason can we maintain the superiority of republican institutions when both the national and State governments are powerless to suppress lynchings?

New York Sun: Our Governor suggested that the remedy lay in depriving of their honors and emoluments the officers of a county where lynchings occurred. If a law to such effect could be enacted, the plan strikes one favorably, and yet it would be manifestly unfair to dismiss an officer who had risked his life in defense of a prisoner. The worst phase of latter-day lynching is the savagery which the mob often displays in destroying the objects of its fury. Until 1894 they were not burned at the stake and tortured with fiendish malignity. Roasting alive is now of such frequent occurrence that it no longer excites astonishment.

Philadelphia Public Ledger: In connection with the compilation of the statistics, THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE endeavored to secure some practical suggestions which would put a stop to the disgrace which is being put upon the States and country. There seemed, however, to be but one which might prove effective—namely: to enact a law which would deprive all county officials of their office in counties where lynchings occur. It seems hopeless, however, to expect that any number of States would adopt such a measure, although it would probably be effective. The only remedy seems to be in Congressional action.

Troy Times: No section of the country is wholly free from the lynching habit, but it has never had such a growth or taken such forms anywhere else as it has in the South. A good use to put the new nationalism which has sprung up of late would be to make a united effort to suppress lynching. If the South will lead off, it may count on the earnest and vigorous coöperation of the North, East, and West.

New Orleans Times-Democrat: The best work has been done through appeals to public opinion and the recognition by the people that lynchings not only do harm to a community by the bad reputation they entail, but increase crime by suggestion, if not by encouragement, of violence. This is now becoming better recognized every year, and in the more advanced districts lynchings are growing less frequent. We may expect this view to spread over the whole country in time and lynching to die out. In spite of all appearances to the contrary, there has been a considerable improvement made in the last ten years; and we may hope for still greater improvement in the next decade, now that public sentiment is so pronounced on this subject, is no longer apologetic, but speaks out clearly and strongly against Judge Lynch.

A LINE-O'-TYPE OR TWO.

NO FORMALIN ON IT.

"Johnny cannot go to school today,"
The teacher was apprised;
The pencil that he chewed on
Wasn't antiseptisized.

WALKER WHITESIDE, the actor, is a bankrupt. Mr. Whiteside made a specialty of appearing in plays worth seeing.

THE youth that fired the Ephesian dome has an imitator in Oakwood.

WHATEVER Mr. Parson may purpose doing about that wall, getting excited doesn't seem to be part of his plans.

THE astrologers that forecasted the shooting are liable to be arrested at any minute.

A KANSAS report of a wedding contains the interesting information that "the moon and stars came down and kissed the bride as she stood by the side of the stalwart groom."

A KNIGHT OF THE CHAFING DISH.

"He stewed on the bridge at midnight"

THE books of the South Carolina liquor dispensaries show that John Smith and George Dewey are remarkably heavy drinkers.

OF course "something must be done" about anarchy and its followers. But what? The question comes under the head of a sticker.

A LESSON IN POLISH.

Thanks to a correspondent signing himself "Mezzofanti," we were able to translate yesterday's list of marriage licenses without a hicx. "Czolgosz" he regards as a simple and uninstructive word, when, as he says, the President's assailant "could have just as well heaped dire vengeance on the society with which he is at war by burdening the annals of history with an alias embodying all the digraphs possible in Polish spelling—such as Czorgoczoszczoszoj—which proceeding would have made the study of Polish a necessity for all future generations of Americans seeking education, from the schoolboy to the historian.

"Heretofore," continues our correspondent, "people in this country got along tolerably well with jaw-breaking names by enunciating them according to their judgment and taste and omitting such letters as appeared incongruous to them, but as your thirst for knowledge does not seem to be satisfied with such a summary proceeding and your zeal for linguistic achievements might, if not gratified before long, lead you to desire for another attentate on the President by some Anarchist of Polish extraction to give you a chance to finish your gratuitous pronouncing lesson, I think it in the interest of your good citizenship to give you the clew you are searching for and enable you to heap fiery coals on the heads of the murderers by refraining from murdering their names, after the style of our lawyers when they talk Latin."

MEMORIZE THESE RULES.

Vowels in Polish are pronounced practically as in German or Italian, but i before another vowel is sounded like our y; s alone and z alone as in English; c with a dot like s in "measure"; ci like ch in "which"; g always hard, as in "go"; c alone like ts in "Watts"; rz like s in "measure"; the r is almost suppressed; sz like sh in "wish"; szcz like sh-ch in "ash chair"; j like y in "yes" or in "they."

PRACTICE THIS SPEAKING LESSON:

Czolgosz sounds "Chol-gosh"; Jendrzej sounds "Yen-dshey" ("sh" like s in "measure"); Taddeusz Kosciuszko sounds "Tad-day-oosh Kosseyoosh-ko"; Jeszcze Polska nie zginela sounds "yeah-tsche Pol-sha nye zgi-nel-la."

The accent is always on the syllable next the last.

An hour's rehearsal every day for two weeks, says our correspondent, will fit any one for the position of Marriage License Clerk, justice of the peace in the Noble street district, or timekeeper in the steel works at South Chicago.

SAFE AND SOUND.

ON account of wet weather Peter McNally, who undertook to swim from Boston to New York, paddled ashore to wait for a dry spell.

IT must be admitted that Colonel Reitipe W. Thenus is putting up a great line of patriotic holler.

TOOTED HOME.

The whistle has again called us back to toil, after a pleasant week of pleasure.—Woodstock (Ill.) Democrat.

IN spite of the opportunities for riot that it offers, Emma doesn't believe in marriage.

THE persons in charge of the "Big Jim" monument fund are rather slow in getting out their circulars.

"How the land lies."

THE Health department sends word that none of the city water is fit for publication, much less drinking.

THE promiscuous hand-shake should certainly be looked after. Then there's the "Hello, Bill," chap that slaps you on the back. He never would be missed.

UNLIKE red, yellow isn't a fast color when it gets into the wash of public opinion.

KITCHENER'S "BAG OF BOERS."

The open season on Boers opens Sunday, and the British sportsmen in south Africa expect rare sport. There has been a good deal of shooting out of season, but Kitchener defends it on the ground of self-defense. Methuen bagged 59 on Sept. 6, Colonel Crabbe picked up 39, and Colonel Munro reports fair luck. Bigger bags may be expected after Sunday, as a Boer drive is planned on the order of the jack rabbit drives in California.

MUST HAVE HAD STILTS.

Miss Dora Wolford was in town on Tuesday looking over the schoolhouse.—Martin County (Minn.) Standard.

A PATHOLOGIST at the Chicago Hospital School will ascertain why little Johnny is behind in his mathematics and Italian poetry by feeding him various foodstuffs and recording the effect upon him. To the fact that little Johnny is off his feed is traced fluctuating memory, poor self-control, and lack of concentration.

OF the scientists gathered at Glasgow, Lord Kelvin seems to have bitten off the largest mouthful. He is going to talk about "The Amount of Matter in Interstellar Spaces."

ALL persons desiring to join the "Dutch Treat association" should send their names to the Rev. T. De Witt Talmage or Archbishop Ireland.

INTEREST in the yacht race is rapidly decreasing.

ENOUGH "glad" chaps have been expelled from societies or run out of town to form a "Glad association," of which Senator Wellington should be elected President.

NOW for the inquiry!

WHEN you are ready, Mr. Long—
"YOU may first"

B. L. T.

CAUGHT IN THE CROWD

SUBURBANITES AT THE THEATER.

They had come in from a northern suburb to see a tragedy which had now reached its last act. The house was in almost complete darkness, and sobs and sniffles were heard in the audience, while on the stage the hero was rapidly plunging his avenging dagger into the other members of the company in order that he might stand alone and triumphant in the center of the limelight when the final curtain dropped. The audience was breathless when she looked at her watch.

"Our last train leaves in fifteen minutes," she whispered, anxiously.

"Within the hour my bloody dagger shall

"OUR TRAIN LEAVES IN FIFTEEN MINUTES."

be three times sheathed," sounded the tragedian's deep bass voice on the stage.

"And we'll have to leave right away or miss it, and—"

"Your blood shall pay the forfeit for your—"

"Suppose we get bridged and have to stay in town all—"

"Take that and that! And may your gore—"

"We certainly can't wait a minute longer if we—"

"Avaunt, you caitiff! Thus I hurl your shame back—"

"There are less than ten minutes left before—"

"The end! The fateful end of all my dreams is—"

"Hand me my hat and—"

"Thus we pass away! Mere idle—"

"And we'll have to run now if—"

"Good-by! A last good-by to all—"

"What will the people think of—"

"Carnage and blood! Gore and a dripping sword—"

"I never was so much ashamed in—"

"The good old savage days when, man to man, we—"

"Thank heaven, we're out at last!"

GOT WHAT HE DESERVED.

A big crowd stood about the bulletin board on which the latest news from Buffalo was posted. A big, brawny man approached and looking over the shoulders of those near to the board gave vent to a flood of spleen.

"Served him right," he declared. "I'm glad of it."

Out of the crowd suddenly stepped a slender little man, poorly dressed and with but one arm. What he lacked in size he made up in courage, for he struck out vigorously and knocked the big fellow over backward, whereupon other members of the crowd took a kick or two at the prostrate figure before they turned to congratulate the one-armed hero.

"Thanks," he said modestly as the crowd pressed around him. "But that isn't a marker to what I would have done to him if I had two arms."

Then somebody noticed his empty sleeve and his ragged clothes and started round

THE ONE-ARMED MAN KNOCKED HIM DOWN.

the hat, into which fell a shower of coins. Finally the sum of $20 was turned over to him and shortly after he went quietly about his business.

Shortly before midnight the same day one of the men who had been in the crowd met the one-armed hero in another part of the city. The one-armed hero was drunk, but his admirer stepped up and patted him on the back.

"That's all right," he said to the man with the empty sleeve. "You gave that big brute exactly what he deserved."

"That's what I told him," answered the one-armed hero somewhat thickly, "but he's as sore as sin because I only gave him half. He says that after the crowd kicked him around that way he ought to have had at least two-thirds of all I got."

AN HONORABLE COMPROMISE.

This is the story of a Chicago youth who, his friends think, is certain to become a Napoleon of finance or something else. At any rate they hold that he has shown qualities under most trying circumstances which mark him as a man of most extraordinary courage and good judgment.

A few weeks ago he met at the house of a friend in the city a pretty young woman whose home is in Rockford, Ill. He was much smitten with her and secured permission to come out to Rockford and call the first Sunday after her return home.

The young woman went back to Rockford on Tuesday and all the rest of the week the youth was warned by friends of the family of the difficulties he would have to encounter. He was told that the father of the young woman was a crank and that he never allowed any man who called on his daughter to stay after 10 o'clock at night. At that hour, he was told, the "old man" promptly descended to the parlor and used such arguments as were necessary to secure the immediate departure of all guests.

Nothing daunted the Chicago young man went out to Rockford on the next Sunday and in the afternoon had the pleasure of taking the young woman he admired out for a drive. Then he was invited to dinner with her and after the meal was over sat down with her on the front piazza. Ten o'clock came all too soon and promptly on the hour the figure of the girl's father appeared in the doorway. As a preliminary to further proceedings he cleared his throat and when

"I'LL COMPROMISE WITH YOU ON 11 O'CLOCK."

young man's attention had been attracted took out his watch and looked at it ominously. Finally he spoke.

"It's 10 o'clock," he said.

"Is it?" pleasantly replied the youth from Chicago.

"Yes, I always go to bed at 10 o'clock."

"Good night, sir," said the young man.

"My dear sir," broke in the angry parent, "when I retire my daughter and all my family retire too, and all callers are expected to go at once."

"Pardon me," replied the Chicago Lochinvar, "I have spent nearly $10 in coming here to call on your daughter. When I go to make a call I am accustomed to stay until at least midnight. But I'll tell you what I'll do. I'll compromise with you on 11 o'clock." What the reply was is not related, but it is on record that the caller did not go out the front gate until the clock struck 11.

FIERCE FIGHT WITH A LION.

Tuesday morning, during the rain, a man carrying an umbrella came walking slowly down State street. In his free hand he held the end of a dog leash, to which was attached a big brindle bulldog with what a fancier would have called a beautiful undershot jaw. Finally they reached the front of a building before which is displayed a large bronze lion. The man was picking his way carefully along, and happened just then to be glancing across the street.

Suddenly the dog gave a low growl, and then, with a quick bound, broke away from its master and crouched himself for a leap. The man turned just in time to see his dog make a savage lunge at the bronze lion, its teeth meeting and slipping off from its metal nose. He made an effort to restrain his dog, but the animal was by this time fighting mad.

"THE DOG GOT A GRIP ON ITS TAIL."

and was growling fiercely. Already the more timid members of the crowd on the street had scattered, while those who enjoyed a good fight were cheering on the infuriated dog.

Finally the bulldog got a grip on the bronze tail of the lion and settled down, apparently, to await conclusions in genuine bulldog fashion. By this time the dog's master had lost his umbrella, and the rain was rapidly soaking him. By dint of hard work he at last succeeded in prying open the dog's jaws, while the onlookers laughed and cheered. Then, doubling his leash, he started on again, the dog doing its best to break loose and renew its attack on its silent adversary. At any rate, it had demonstrated, beyond question, the fact that its courage was beyond dispute. A bulldog which will go out of its way to attack even a bronze lion is certainly an animal of dauntless bravery.

BOTH WERE SQUARE MEN.

In the mountains of Berks County, Pa., where Dutch shrewdness matches Dutch thrift, the proprietor of a hotel was bargaining for a supply of chickens.

"Now, look here, Fred," said the hotel man familiarly to the farmer, "don't you feed them chickens before you bring 'em here, and don't you let 'em get wet."

"All right, Charlie," said the farmer, "but I don't want to see 'em go hungry."

"That's all right, Fred, but I ain't a-payin' twelve cents a pound for corn, and I ain't a-buyin' water at the same rate."

"All right, Charlie, and I'll bring my scales along."

"No need of that, Fred; I've got good scales here."

They parted, and I asked the hotel man just what he meant.

"O, Fred's all right," he said. "He's one of the squarest men alive; but all the same I ain't a-paying live weight for chickens stuffed full of wet corn and with wet feathers. But don't misunderstand me. Fred's a square man."

I walked down to Fred's farm. He was jolly and smiling. "Charlie's a fine fellow," he said, "one of the squarest men in the county—but I'm going to take them scales, all the same."—Youth's Companion.

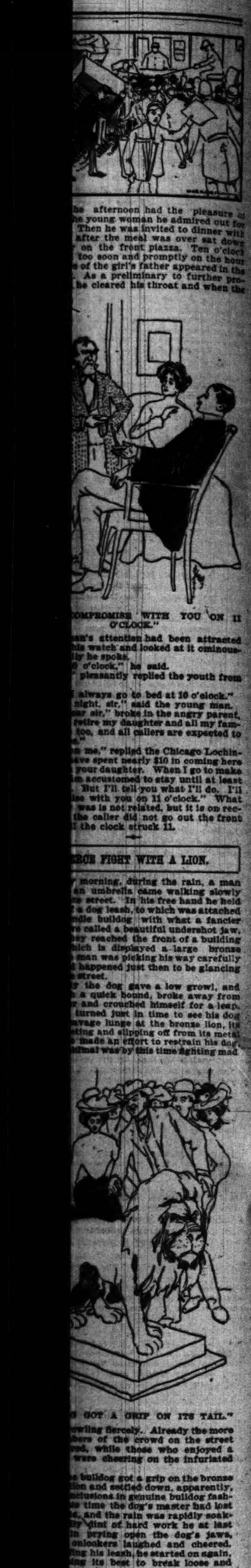
Philosophy of Revelry.

Benson—"But don't you think this way of spending your evenings is rather unsatisfactory?"

Harris—"O, I don't know. When I'm having a good time at night I don't allow myself to think of the headache I'm going to have next morning. In the morning I try to forget the headache by thinking of the jolly time I had the night before."—Boston Transcript.

Noting a Resemblance.

The cartoons representing the serpent anarchy in nearly all of the papers picture the loathsome beast with features strangely resembling those of ex-Governor Altgeld. Can it be accident or design? Altgeld pardoned the convicted Chicago Anarchists.—Burlington Hawkeye.



he afternoon had the pleasure of
he young woman he admired out for
Then he was invited to dinner with
after the meal was over sat down
on the front piazza. Ten o'clock
too soon and promptly on the hour
of the girl's father appeared in the
As a preliminary to further pro-
he cleared his throat and when the

OMPROMISE WITH YOU ON 11 O'CLOCK."

an's attention had been attracted
his watch and looked at it ominous-
ly he spoke.
o'clock," he said.
pleasantly replied the youth from
always go to bed at 10 o'clock."
night, sir," said the young man.
ear sir," broke in the angry parent,
retire my daughter and all my fam-
too, and all callers are expected to

me," replied the Chicago Lochin-
ave spent nearly $10 in coming here
your daughter. When I go to make
n accustomed to stay until at least
But I'll tell you what I'll do. I'll
ise with you on 11 o'clock." What
was is not related, but it is on rec-
the caller did not go out the front
the clock struck 11.

RCH FIGHT WITH A LION.

morning, during the rain, a man
an umbrella came walking slowly
e street. In his free hand he held
a dog leash, to which was attached
ndle bulldog with what a fancier
e called a beautiful undershot jaw.
ey reached the front of a building
ich is displayed a large bronze
man was picking his way carefully
happened just then to be glancing
street.
the dog gave a low growl, and
a quick bound, broke away from
and crouched himself for a leap.
turned just in time to see his dog
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Journal.

MAY CURB SULU'S SULTAN

AMERICANS SOON TO DECIDE ON LIMIT OF AUTHORITY.

Grants Authorized by the Native Ruler May Be Ignored When New Forestry Law Becomes Effective — Good Progress Made by American Army in Islands of Jolo Group — Moros All Friendly and Children Enjoy the Study of English.

[BY A STAFF CORRESPONDENT.]

JOLO, Sulu Islands, Aug. 8.—The extent of the authority to be exercised by the Sultan of Sulu is a point soon to be decided. A test will come when the forestry tax takes effect on the islands ruled by his majesty, which will occur on the same date as the termination of the service of Major Sweet, the present commandant here.

Whether grants by the Sultan must be recognized by the United States or the American government can overthrow the local ruler's arrangements is an important question. The Bates treaty grants certain privileges to the Sultan, many being continuations of conditions permitted under the Spanish regime.

The Sultan is as yet ignorant of the provisions of the forestry law and its application to the Sulu group, but will be informed at once by the persons now holding a concession from him permitting them to cut timber throughout the main island of Sulu.

Concessionaries Ask a Protest.

The concessionaries intend to secure the Sultan's protest against the alleged infringement of his rights by the forestry law, and forward it at once to Manila.

Major Sweet, who has been in command at Jolo for the last two years, has been remarkably successful in his relations with the Sultan and the Moros of the Sulu group. Whereas the Spanish never traveled more than 500 yards outside of the walled city of Jolo, American detachments have explored the whole island of Jolo and most of the other islands of the group.

American soldiers fraternize with the Moros, wandering about outside the walls at will and unharmed. About forty of the infantry battalion stationed at Jolo have been mounted on American horses, and thus equipped patrol the island.

The moral effect of the patrol is considerable. In the first place, the size and pace of the American horse inspires in the Moros a wholesome respect for his rider, and, secondly, the people in the outlying districts have become accustomed to Americans, which would have scarcely been possible if Major Sweet had not had horses at his disposal.

No Proviso to Punish Crimes.

While the relations between the Sultan and the Americans have been friendly, it is evident that the Bates treaty must be supplemented by an agreement between his Majesty and the insular government. The attention of the military government has been called to the absence of any provision in the treaty relating to the punishment of crimes committed by one Moro against another, except at the Sultan's disposition. Six months ago the murder of one of the Sultan's subjects by another came to the notice of the officers at Jolo. Nothing has yet been done to bring the murderer to justice.

At present the Sultan is engaged in suppressing what amounts to an insurrection on the part of the strongest of his dattos, Jokainine. Jokainine himself would be the last to acknowledge that he was carrying on war against his divinely chosen sovereign, but maintains that, on the contrary, he is fighting some servants of the Sultan, who had exceeded their authority.

Fines Cause an Insurrection.

The truth of the matter is that Jokainine has seized some of the royal blockhouses on the border of the territory immediately subject to the Sultan. The Sultan is engaged in ejecting Jokainine. It seems that for some time his Majesty has been rather harsh in the imposition of fines, especially upon those of his dattos whose loyalty he questions or whose wealth and following he considers excessive. Datto Jokainine was guilty on both counts. In the pursuit of this policy the Sultan probably was ignorant of the fact that he was following in the footsteps of some of the most illustrious of medieval monarchs, and that the dattos probably would follow the example set by medieval nobles and rebel.

After paying several fines Jokainine and another datto moved into some of the unoccupied blockhouses with which the Sultan had ornamented his domain. This move was perhaps preparatory to non-payment of the next fine. At all events they did not retire from the blockhouses when ordered to do so. The "war" has lasted three months, with casualities variously estimated from seven to fifty.

Sultan on the Firing Line.

The Sultan came in tonight from his firing line, shorn of his usual splendor, and attired much as a simple Moro in soiled skin tight clothes and armed with a four dollar bolo. He paid his respects to General Corbin at the officers' club and then, through the official interpreter, set forth his side of the case and asked the General if he did not consider that the United States should aid him in the suppression of the revolt against his royal authority. It is not reported that the General made any promises.

At present affairs in Luson and the Visayas are too engrossing to permit Judge Taft to take up the matter in Jolo. How soon he will be able to do so is not certain. The casualities in the war there probably do not number half a dozen and the ammunition in the country is being expended without injury to any one and to the great satisfaction of the American authorities. There are, all told, perhaps fifteen hundred useful rifles in the possession of the Sultan.

American Needed as Adviser.

It has been suggested that an American resident should be appointed to the court of his majesty, to reside at Jolo or at Maibun, the royal seat, to advise him in the administration, oversee the collection of the few taxes the people are able to pay, and to sit in judgment with the Sultan or one of the datos on all capital cases. A Judge has been appointed for the Sulu group, but his work will probably end with the decision of some land cases now pending in the Island of Tawi-Tawi.

The Sultan is amenable to reason, and is easily influenced by his friends. Some German planters of the name of Schuck, who have been in the islands for a generation, and have always had the most pleasant relations with the dattos and the royal family, say they believe that the commission could not do better than appoint a tactful, conservative resident, who would apply himself to the study of the customs of the people and the mastery of their simple language.

Mohammedan Teacher Is Found.

The post chaplain at Jolo has organized a school for the inhabitants of the town, Chinese and Filipinos, as well as such Moros as could be induced to attend. At first the Moros, Chinese, and Filipinos appeared, respectively, about half a dozen. This is a good showing for the Chinese and Moros, who are not numerous, and the Moros have now increased to fifty. Fortunately, it has been possible to secure a Mohammedan teacher who reads, writes, and speaks English fluently. This man, Hadji is a British subject, raised and educated in Singapore, and has spent much of his life in North Borneo, where the language and customs of the people are identical with those of the Sulu group. He came to Jolo at the invitation of the Sultan to assist in his negotiations with the American government.

His Majesty, Mr. Wahab says, did not pay him as liberally as he had expected and disregarded the advice he offered for that of others. Accordingly Mr. Wahab placed himself at the disposal of the American commander at Jolo. In eighteen months he has taught the original eighteen pupils to read English fluently, almost as fluently as the little son of the regimental Adjutant, who is at school with them.

Native Children Enjoy School.

It was strange to hear Wahab call upon "Nathaniel," "Wah Kee," "Felipe," and "Monhammed Ali" in turn to point out the Red Sea, the Isthmus of Panama, Washington, D. C., and the great lakes. When Mohammed Ali recited "Ay! Tear her tattered ensign down, long has it waved on high" the American visitors broke into applause and one full fledged General snuffled and winked.

Then the school company was drilled. In honor of the distinguished guests, the pupils were released after a short but brilliant parade, and proceeded to the capture of various parts of the walled city under the direction of Captain Page's little son Nat, who had already taken up the "white man's burden," and, with the assistance of Mohammed Ali, was bossing the Moros in his train.

Under an American resident there can be secured more English speaking Mohammedans from Singapore or British India, and more Mohammed Alis can learn that the United States has decided not to tear the tattered ensign down and to say "Long may it wave on high."

TWO SURVIVORS OF AN OLD WARSHIP LIVE IN CHICAGO.

Dr. S. J. Jones and Denis M. Swiney Served on Frigate Minnesota During Battles—Reminiscences by Former.

Two survivors of the crew of the old steam frigate, Minnesota, the first flagship in the civil war, which has just been sent out from the Camden Navy Yard to be broken up for junk, are living in Chicago. Dr. S. J. Jones, 92 State street, and Dennis M. Swiney, 95 Washington, were on the frigate during bombardments, the former as surgeon and the latter as a member of the military band. The final fate of the old warship brings regret to both.

"There was a time when the people of the United States could not talk too highly of the 'old boat,'" said Dr. Jones. "It was selected as the flagship of the North Atlantic squadron in May, 1861. In August, 1861, it led the fleet that bombarded and demolished the forts in Hatteras Inlet, N. C. This was the first time self-propelling boats were used in naval warfare. The Minnesota was engaged with the Merrimac the night before the latter's fight with the Monitor, and the timely arrival of the little gunboat alone saved our boat from destruction on the next day, as the Minnesota was grounded on a bar, and the Merrimac could have raked it fore and aft."

"Those scenes in Boston Harbor in which the Minnesota figured seem to show the changes in war vessels as well as the change in public sentiment. When the Minnesota steamed out of Boston Harbor, on May 8, 1861, the whole town nearly went mad with excitement. Salutes were fired and a half holiday was declared as the flagship steamed south under sealed orders. Less than two years afterward, the Minnesota steamed back to the same harbor, attracting no more notice than the common whaler. People were thinking of the Monitor. The third scene was when they pulled the battered old flagship out to tear her to pieces for the brass in the bottom of the vessel. It dazed like burning up an old homestead to me when they took out the ship to be destroyed."

TWO VESSELS AGAIN AFLOAT.

Stranded Boats Released at Port Huron, but a Tug and Whaleback Still Are Ashore.

Port Huron, Mich., Sept. 11.—The tugs Boscobel and Protector succeeded in releasing the stranded schooner M. W. Page this afternoon after lightering about 200 tons of its ore cargo. The Page is leaking considerably, but does not seem seriously damaged. It will proceed in tow of the Quito as soon as its cargo is reloaded.

After the cargo had been taken off the steamer Pauley the tug Martin succeeded in releasing it from the beach. The vessel is leaking and will be put in drydock at Detroit.

A crew was put on the tug Chemung this morning, and as soon as it is pumped out tugs will try to release it.

Nothing was done today on the whaleback barge 202.

General MacArthur to Speak.

The Banquetting committee of the Marquette club yesterday morning called upon General MacArthur. The committee included W. L. Bush, George E. Adams, J. M. Jonson, Clarence Porter, C. M. Foell, Leonard Goodwin, General Joseph B. Leake, and J. B. Whedon. The result of the visit was to secure from General MacArthur a promise to address the members of the club and their friends at the banquet to be given in Chicago on Oct. 9. He will speak on "The Army in the Philippines."

District W. C. T. U. Convention.

The twelfth annual convention of the First District W. C. T. U. will be held today and tomorrow at Garfield Methodist Church. Women who attend the meetings are expected to bring luncheon. The program opens with an executive meeting at 10:30 this morning.

Clears head and bowels—Alma-Bromo (effervescent) Salt. Cures constipation. Tastes good. From famous Alma-Bromo Spring

MISS MARY QUINN, ZOUAVES' FIRST SPONSOR.

Chicago Zouaves will wear their brightest uniforms this evening to welcome their first sponsor, Miss Mary Quinn, at a reception at headquarters, 100 Washington street. Miss Quinn is a Mobile (Ala.) girl, but her parents were Chicagoans, her father, James A. Quinn, being a member of the original Ellsworth Zouaves. When the Chicago Zouaves first attended a Southern prize drill in Mobile, Ala., in 1885, they were ignorant of the Southern custom which requires each company participating to have a sponsor. While they were casting about for some way out of the embarrassing position, a handsome floral piece was carried to the headquarters by a little girl. The sender was Mrs. Quinn. The little girl who brought the flowers was chosen by the Zouaves to be their sponsor, and they came away from Mobile with a pennant.

The Zouaves have many trophies to add to the floral decorations of their rooms tonight. In all competing drills they have captured blue ribbons, except one time, and these alone make quite a display.

Captain Thomas J. Ford is drillmaster and master of ceremonies, and the Reception committee includes Mr. F. C. Corcoran, Mr. William Hanks, Mr. Adolph Peterhouse, Mr. Van Dandique, Mrs. Oscar French, Mrs. W. Gansenbeck, and Miss Violet Delamater. A dance will follow the reception.

IMPORTANT TRANSFER OF GRAND CROSSING REALTY.

Indicates Wider Extent of Transactions than for Many Years Past — Property Brings $60,000.

An important sale of improved property was made at Grand Crossing yesterday, indicating that realty transactions are extending over a wider circle of territory than in many years past. The flat and store building fronting north in Seventy-fifth street, fifty-seven feet west of Dobson avenue, with lot, 161x125 feet, was sold by Benjamin E. Page to William R. Grant, for $60,000.

The auction sale at the Chicago Real Estate board by E. A. Cummings & Co., and Robert C. Givins of five pieces of improved property held by the Philadelphia Savings Fund society, brought a total of $79,450. The purchasers and the holdings secured were as follows:

W. C. Newhall, three-story and basement residence at 2446 Michigan avenue, lot 50x177 feet, $23,000.

J. G. Goodrich, residence and ground, 29x178 feet, at 2928 Prairie avenue, $9,750.

J. L. Stevens, eighteen-room three-story residence, northwest corner of State street and Waldron place, lot 62x94 feet, and adjoining lot, 22x110 feet, $30,000.

Samuel H. Wheeler, three-story and basement residence at 440 Elm street, lot 16 2-3x103 feet, $6,600.

J. F. Goodrich, four-story flat and store building at 357 and 359 Grand avenue, lot 50x122 feet, $19,750.

St. Ignatius College has secured a permit to erect a three-story brick residence at 386-96 May street, to cost $20,000.

Real Estate Transfers.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS FILED FOR RECORD Wednesday, Sept. 11, 1901:

Desplaines-st., 200 n of Harrison, w f, 50x119 or through to Law-av., Sept. 4 [Fredrik Schultz and Joseph Hirsch to Schultz & Hirsch Co.] Incumb. of $15,000. $45,000

Rhodes-av., 70 n of 36th-st., w f, 80x56, inc. $22,500, assigned rec. 11th. Sept. 7 [Louis F. Nash to John A. Drake] 40,000

2418-28, 120 s of Calumet-av., n f, 40x120, July 15 [Geo. W. Conover to Chas. F. Dupee]. Incumb. $12,000 22,000

Premises 2238 Archer-av., 40x164, July 16 [Chas. F. Dupee to Geo. W. Conover] 10,000

Indiana-st., n w cor Franklin, s f, 80x100, Aug. 29 [J. Wesley Gallup to Thomas Jefferson-st., 200 s of Jackson, s f, 25x150, July 5 [Philip A. Otis to Edgar A. White] 11,000

Wabash-av., 20 n of 87th-st., w f, 25x120, Aug. 2 [W. H. Thomas et al., by M. in C., to Ernest W. Salling] 8,150

Lowe-av., 200 n of 61st-st., e f, 20x124 and other property, Sept. 2 [Safety L. & B. Assn. to John R. Honiker] 7,500

Drummond-av., 50 s of Cortez-st., w f, 25x127½, Aug. 14 [M. L. Hagen to P. J. Polan] 6,000

E. Ravenswood Pk., 42 s of Sunnyside-av., w f, 50x161½, Aug. 31 [C. G. Dymond to Ida Messinger]. Incumb. $2,500 6,000

Fulton-st., 245 w of Kedzie-av., s f, 25x150 and S-3 int., Sept. 4 [H. Miller to Amanda Brown] 8,500

Baird-av., 269 n of Washington-blvd., w f, 40x125, 20th Ward. [Mary A. Brownwood to T. Burnham] 3,400

Adams-st., 181 e of 50th-av., s f, 200x125, 20th Ward, Aug. 28 [W. H. Davis to F. Dechslin] 3,000

552-56, 157 s of Cottage Grove-av., s f, 24x124, Aug. 29 [N. S. Burke et al., by M. in C. to Frederick H. Winston] 2,968

Millard-av., 48 s of 26th-st., e f, 24x125, Aug. 22 [Traders' B. & L. Assn. to F. Pechsiner] 2,043

N. 43d-av., 125 s of Cornland-st., w f, 50x126, Sept. 6 [C. H. Wyman to F. Stark] 2,500

Winthrop-av., 260 n of Madison, e f, 50x125, Sept. 10 [P. Maier to Julius Oppenheimer] 4,000

E. Ravenswood Park, s e cor Lawrence-av. w f, 45x165, incumbrance of $1,400, Sept. 2 [R. E. Gordon to The Abbott Alkaloidal Co.] 2,250

Premises 97 N. Francisco-av., 20x71, Sept. 11 [L. M. Hunt to Alice L. Pollard] 2,022

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

THE COUNTY CLERK ISSUED PERMITS TO WED to the following couples yesterday, the parties living in Chicago where no place of residence is given:

Orvilla A. Stoops, Maude I. Robinson	22—22
Olaf Lucke, Gesta Ekrem	31—31
Felix Jackowsky, Martha Zelke	29—19
Amite Mankey of Ainsworth, Ind., Dorothy Burry	23—21
Paul Fage, Emma Diebell	25—22
Albert H. Rugg, Martha Blumenthal	33—32
Charles Ryan, Mary Gibson	41—40
David W. Alcock of Evanston, Ill., Mary L. Cummings of same	26—22
Henry W. Morgan of Barrington, Ill., Millie Nagle of same	24—20
William R. Cox of Des Raplds, S. D., Rose Rudolph of same	34—29
Fred C. Edwards, Carrie Smith	26—19
Willey Feglow, Bertha Erdmann	21—19
Gerrit Vanderwerp, Bertha Blankenstein	25—24
Jacob H. Richter, Annie Witt	29—27
Silvester Ruszkiewicz, Anna Olinski	24—20
James W. Fox, Lelia McPantels	28—20
John T. Wood of Blue Island, Ill., Anna Jobens of same	28—21
Edward P. Dietz, Katherine L. Kayser	27—23
Edward Vinton, Katherine Conlon	30—22
Clarence H. Poole, Florence B. Swartsley	27—21
Charles Stewart, Hilda C. Eckhund	34—34
William W. Cheney Jr., Florence E. Hooker	23—21
Conrad F. Danielson, Ruth Edquist, Omaha, Neb.	29—26
Henry F. Gold, Minnie Knopp	34—34
Daniel J. Chaney, Anna O. Prescott	27—24
Lawrence Olsen, Wilhelmine Dust	27—18
William J. Hopkins, Mathilda L. Schroeder	27—27
James H. McCormel, Annie E. McCarthy	30—27
Stanislaw Paluch, Maryanna Wecsesa	23—18
Elmer S. Riggs, Helen R. Mosher	21—21
James O'Neill, Lena Saddler	27—22
Frank H. Rose of Cleveland, O., Gertrude V. Jackson of Maywood, Ill.	29—25
Anthony D. Hoag of Maywood, Ill., Louise A. Jackson of same	28—24
Oscar Gottschalk, Julia Still	34—19
Marius L. Wohlhater of Oak Park, Ill., Ellen A. Norris	28—20
George M. Tremmel of Oshkosh, Wis., Lucille Dracon of same	23—20
Nicholas S. Budzban, Mary Kolasen	23—21
Frank Fedrix, Rose Langer	21—19
Andry Klecs, Teofila Jasnicz	24—22
Stanislaw Kedzion, Mary Markowna	27—20
Casper Kraz, Marie Ahlers	37—33
Thomas W. Hatt, Alice Stewart	31—31
Edward C. Rosenberg, Friedericke Tarnow	56—44
William Lahey, Elizabeth W. McFarlan	31—30
Berthold A. Clements, Evangeline M. Toole	24—21
Louis La Piant, Josephine Bebard	23—20
Charles E. Humphrey, Frances D. Fisher	27—26
Robert O'Keefe, Annie Murray	28—28
Charles H. Atwood, Mamie Armfield	33—30
James P. Shirley, Harriet M. Gilbuity	29—29
Henry J. Pikas, Antonia B. Horalek	23—20
John Pocos, Anna Bolosha	26—20
William J. Bass, Elizabeth R. Schwencara	30—30
August Lange of Brownton, Minn., Ida Bobsin	23—21
George E. Mitchell, Emma H. Newman of Richmond, Ill.	54—55
Charles L. Stulle, Martha A. Kreft	25—23
John Toman Jr., Maggie Cinkle	22—22
James H. Barnes, Mary L. Huth	21—24
John Waldron, Jennie Behman	27—19
Frank Crawford, Eva Sanborn	21—19
Gustaf Younger, Irene Purves	24—24
Joseph Conway, Celia Simon	35—26
Ernest L. Drendel of Milwaukee, Wis., Hattie B. Brede	26—26
Richard H. Wright, Edith M. Graves	21—20
Henry Gluck, Christie Wiechaver	35—18
Stanislaw Serowka, Frances Grzywaza	24—19
Rupert S. Thompson, Clara A. Dehuke	28—22
Charles Graff, Alice Hampon	32—22
Frank Czigan, Apolonia Bush	21—21
Charles J. Gust, Lizzie Schaefer	23—18
Jan Krezulik, Weronika Bowysa	21—19
Wanrsek Fatulla, Franciszka Druvilla	21—20
Alexander Kahnweiler, Marietta Brock	31—26
Herman Kasch, Ella Pelle	24—24
Jan Czelsenski, Wiktorya Kowalska	26—26
William Nelson, Emma Ingmanson	33—33
Jan Nelson, Ellen Peterson	26—27
Carl G. Hagstrom, Betty Peterson	31—27
Ernst F. Zitzewitz, Marie Kurz	31—29
Thomas B. Tivy of St. Louis, Mo., Angela B. Garrity	29—22
Joseph Jahn, Emma M. Windisel	23—20
William S. Fleiner, Numa L. Mintz	24—21
James W. Johnson, Augusta B. Hill	23—21
Peter Giosdi, Clara Woer	30—22
Howard A. Brown, Georgia M. Henderson	21—21
Otto F. Schech, Minna Ritter	24—21
David A. Bauld, Ella M. Elliott	32—25
Daniel Procek, Sophia Sroka	24—20

BUILDING PERMITS.

THE FOLLOWING PERMITS WERE ISSUED by the Building department yesterday:

John McConnell, 2-story brick warehouse, 10 Union-pl	$12,000
George H. Smith, 2-story brick store, 5601 Wentworth-av	10,000
Charles Anderson, 1-story frame cottage, 5054 Justine-st	1,500
Mrs. O'Neill, 1-story brick cottage, 5054 Elizabeth-st	1,000
C. M. Henderson, 1¼-story frame cottage, 12128 Wallace-st	1,500
Mrs. Knopp, 3-story brick store, 525 Garfield-blvd	18,000
H. Renter, 2-story frame flat, 420 Bernice-pl	3,000
Birk Bros. Brg. Co., 2-story brick store, 666 Southport-av	3,500
Mrs. W. Korpp, 1¼-story brick residence, 93 Lansingsea-av	4,000
A. S. Tirrell, 4-story brick apartment building, 1207-9 Washington-blvd	40,000
Sullivan Machine Co., 1-story brick shop, 44-62 Tallman-av	35,000
Joseph Smetana, 1-story brick cottage, 1246 Troy-st	1,000
Peter Larsen, 5-story brick factory, 139-169 Iowa-st	11,000
S. Greenspan, 1-story brick store, 162 N. 48th-av	1,200
J. H. Hill & Co., two 1-story frame cottages, 2536-2538 Drake-av	3,350
Findeisen & Kropf, 3-story brick addition, 1319 W. 21st-pl	15,000
St. Ignatius College, 3-story brick residence, 386-396 May-st	20,000

NEW INCORPORATIONS.

THE SECRETARY OF STATE AT SPRINGfield yesterday licensed the following corporations:

Richard Pick Manufacturing company, Chicago; capital, $30,000; manufacturing and dealing in leather and canvas goods; incorporators, Richard Pick, Henry Horner Jr., Frank A. Whitney.

Christian Buehler company, Chicago; capital, $5,000; meat and grocery business; incorporators, Christian Buehler, Henry D. Coghlan, Joseph A. O'Donnell.

Turner-Costello Grain company, Mount Auburn; capital, $20,000; dealing in grain, lumber, and coal; incorporators, Thomas Costello, John Crocker, James Weurner.

News Publishing company, Mount Vernon; capital, $6,000; printing and publishing company; incorporators, John J. Baker, Walter Wasson, William H. Greene.

Acme Steel company, Chicago; capital, $45,000; manufacturing iron and steel and their by-products; incorporators, C. Van Alen Smith, M. H. Hasner, K. P. Lane.

Iota Beta Phi, Chicago; not for profit; social and literary; incorporators, Lulu George, Helen Burton, Nellie Wolsely.

Catholic Truth Society of Chicago, Chicago; not for profit; printing and distributing Catholic literature; incorporators, Daniel F. Bremner, William A. Amberg, Charles A. Mair.

TRIBUNE READY REFERENCE DIRECTORY.

Acetylene Lighting.
F. C. WILSON & CO., 239 and 241 Lake-st.

Alaskan Water Coolers.
F. CORTEZ WILSON & CO., 241 Lake-st.

Artistic Picture Frames.
F. A. BRYDEN & CO., 381 Wabash. Tel. H. 1967.

Assayers and Analytical Chemists.
DICKMAN & MACKENZIE, 1104 Rookery. H. 2560

Bakery Goods.
Ask your grocer FOR BRUNER'S STAR BREAD. PIPER'S MA-MA BREAD. Like mamma made it.

Birds and Taxidermy.
KAEMPFER'S BIRD STORE, 88 State-st.

Butchers' Supplies, Refrigerators, Etc.
Paul J. Daemicke Co., 240 E. Lake. Tel. M. 3178.

Buyers of Old Gold and Silver.
LIPMAN, 90 Madison. Cash for all precious metals

Campaign Badges and Medals.
S. D. CHILDS & CO., 160 Monroe-st.

Cleaners and Dyers.
COOK & McLAIN, 80 Dearborn, M. 3047. Oak. 539
SCHWARZ, AUG., Ladies' and Gents' Garments. 8 stores: 158 Illinois, 126 Dearborn, 539 W. Mad.

Candies.
GUNTHER, C. F., Bonbons and Chocolates. Send for wholesale or retail catalogue. 212 State-st.

Druggists.
DYCHE'S PRESCRIPTION DRUG STORE—N. w. cor. State and Randolph-sts. Tel. Central 2658.

Druggists' Store, and Office Fixtures.
J. RISWIG, 208-10 Randolph. Tel. Main 3750.

Fire and Liability Insurance.
SHIPMAN & WAYNE, 186 La Salle. Tel. M. 4429.

Florists.
JOHN C. SCHUBERT & CO., S. W. COR. MONroe-st. and Wabash-av. Telephone Main 2358.

Grocers (Wholesale and Retail).
JOHN SEXTON & CO., 20 AND 22 STATE-ST., largest and lowest priced house in Chicago.

Gas and Electric Fixtures.
E. BAGGOTT CO., 169-171 E. Adams-st.

Illustrator and Designer.
YATES, ROOM 802, 52 DEARBORN-ST.

Loan Offices.
ABE LIPMAN, 90 MADISON, Private entrance.
TOM N. DONNELLY & CO., 118 Dearborn-st.

Opticians.
BEEK, 22 Washington. Eyeglasses, artificial eyes.
BOERLIN CO., LOUIS, 88 Washington-st.
HIRSCH & CO., scientific opticians, 103 Adams.
MANASSE, L., 46 MADISON-ST.

Parquet and Hardwood Floors.
E. B. MOORE & CO., 37 Randolph. Tel. Cent. 3385.

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RYAN & HART CO., 22 and 24 Custom-House-pl.

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C. L. SAFFORD, 107 Madison. Tel. M. 2057. Catalog

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GEO. E. COLE CO., 86 and 88 Dearborn-st.

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1503 MICHIGAN-AV.—NICELY FURNISHED rooms with first-class table board; references.

3506 PRAIRIE-AV.—ALCOVE ROOM AND others; good board.

4047 GRAND-BLVD., FLAT 4—BOARD AND room; $4.50 up; all comforts; all cars.

3461 JEFFERSON-AV.—DESIRABLE SUITE and single rooms, with board, near L. C. R. R.

3250 S. PARK-AV.—FRONT SUITE AND SINgle rooms; excellent table; private home.

4047 DREXEL-BLVD.—WITH BOARD, LARGE rooms; suitable for gentlemen.

3969 PRAIRIE-AV.—LARGE, VERY DESIRAble front room; excellent table; small family.

3157 PRAIRIE-AV. — A PLEASANT FRONT room, with board; private home; refs.

North Side.

812 E. ERIE-ST., CORNER OF CASS—FORMERly the Cable residence; elegance and comfort; large apartments; ample trained service; table the choicest obtainable; guests, surroundings select.

16 ASTOR-ST., NR. DIVISION-ST. AND THE lake—Artistic, original; best home living in Chicago; room with board, $5 to $9 per week.

887 LA SALLE-AV.—LARGE ROOMS, SUITABLE for 2 gents; table excellent; detached house; refs.

205 CASS-ST.—SINGLE AND DOUBLE ROOMS, with board. MRS. KAUTZ. Tel. 1362 North.

257-259 ONTARIO-ST.—NICE ROOMS, RUNNING water; good table; steam heat.

311 DEARBORN-AV.—$6 WEEK; GOOD ROOM and best table; steam heat, elevator.

411 DEARBORN-AV.—DESIRABLE MODERN nicely furnished rooms, with board; reasonable.

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NEW PRIVATE HOTEL, THE LOUVRE, 3611 Lake-av.—Most elaborately furnished; all modern conveniences; hot and cold water; excellent table; beautiful double and single rooms, elegant suite, private bath; facing lake; ¼ block L. C.; refs. Tel. 227 Oakland. Two blocks cable.

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BOARD—AND ROOM—BY 2 YOUNG LADIES IN Jewish private family; state price. Address N C 280, Tribune office.

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TO RENT—6 E. WASHINGTON-ST.—ACCOMMOdations that compare favorably with first-class hotels; 2 blocks from L. loop; no transients; no children; opposite Public Library.

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TO RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS IN STRICTLY private family; all conveniences. 54 Park.

TO RENT—INDIANA-AV., LARGE AND small rooms; handsomely furnished.

TO RENT—3200 INDIANA-AV., FLAT 16, MODern steam-heated front rooms; single or en suite.

TO RENT—3216 ELLIS-P

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.

Bookkeepers and Clerks.

SITUATION WANTED—YOUNG MAN WITH good habits as office assistant; is graduate of grammar and English high schools; has had a year's experience in office work. Address T 378, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—GENERAL OFFICE OR stenographic work by a young man who makes his employer's interest his own; city reference; $12. Address T 406, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BOOKKEEPER, YOUNG lady, experienced, double entry, cashier, good penman, presently employed; excellent references; salary not under $10. Address T 142, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED — COMPETENT D.-E. bookkeeper; sober; also German or English correspondent; would like position for afternoons. Address S 842, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—YOUNG MAN WITH city references as to good character and capability, in store. Address, stating salary and particulars, T 338, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—AS CREDIT MAN IN an installment house; thoroughly understand my business. Address T 216, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—D. E. BOOKKEEPER, good ledger man, accurate at postings, 5 years' experience. Address T 228, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—A FIRST-CLASS BOOKkeeper desires employment in the evening. Address T 302, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED — BY A BOOKKEEPER, aged 29, thoroughly familiar with general accounts; city refs. and bond. T 309, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—YOUNG MAN OF 22; 4 years' experience as office and bill clerk and collector; refs. Address T 387, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—THOROUGHLY COMpetent bookkeeper; 8 years' exp.; salary moderate. Address T 400, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—IN OR ABOUT GROcery, by a Scandinavian grocery clerk. Address T 333, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED — YOUNG MAN, 24, IN office or wholesale house; 8 years' experience. Address T 335, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—WHO WANTS A BOOKkeeper, temporary or a few hours' daily, examine and adjust books? Address T 397, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED — BY GERMAN, 28, speaking English and French; all around office man, bookkeeper; best references. T 361, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—BOOKKEEPER AND office man; manufacturing line. T 340, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—BY YOUNG MAN, EXP. as shipping clerk or collector. T 403, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—YOUNG LADY, 8 YRS.' exp., general office work; A1 refs. T 401, Tribune.

Salesmen, Solicitors, Etc.

SITUATION WANTED—AGENCY FOR NEW York of article having a ready sale on that market or having great merit, being something that is needed there; Chicago and New York references. Address T 230, Tribune office.

Trades.

SITUATION WANTED—BY TELEGRAPH OPerator, who is also stenographer and typewriter; understands bookkeeping and mechanical drawing and speaks Dutch and German. T 353, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—YOUNG MAN AS draftsman; experienced. Address T 374, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—AS ENGINEER OR fireman. Address T 227, Tribune office.

Coachmen, Teamsters, Etc.

SITUATION WANTED—BY AN EXPERIENCED coachman; single and sober; willing to be generally useful; first-class city refs. T 263, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—AS COACHMAN; BY married man; no children; city or suburbs; 20 years' reference. Address T 349, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—AS COACHMAN BY German married man; no children; city or suburb; references. Address T 348, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—AS COACHMAN, GARdener, and general work; can milk; single; good city references. Address T 371, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY FAIRLY COMPEtent coachman; years of experience in first-class family; best refs. Address L R 200, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—COACHMAN, SINGLE; sober, obliging; city refs. T 355, Tribune office.

Employment Agencies.

SITUATION WANTED — FOR MEN, ALL lines. Stroup's Bureau, 199 Clark. Tel. Cen. 1395.

Stenographers.

SITUATION WANTED — YOUNG MAN STEnographer; beginner; good reference; willing to work cheap. Address N N 310, Tribune office.

Miscellaneous.

SITUATION WANTED — BY YOUNG MAN, 27; thorough business education; traveled extensively; accurate shorthand writer and good correspondent; employed 7 years by large Chicago corporation, during last year being secretary to President; refs.; highest character. T 306, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED — BY YOUNG MAN OF good education with some large firm, where there is chance for advancement; five years' experience in business; good morals and willing to work. Address T 354, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—A TRAINED MALE nurse would like to take care of patient or invalid, either at home or traveling; very best of references. Address T 362, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—YOUNG MAN, 22, WITH some local house, where a future is open for a hustler; with present house 3 years; start at $50 a month. Address T 388, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—PARTY TRAVELING IN Iowa and Missouri desires the agency of quick selling article as side line. Address T 347, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY INGENIOUS YOUNG man, well up in mathematics and physics; would prefer position with those engaged in experimental work. Address T 375, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—AS BARTENDER; EXperienced; will do porter work. T 382, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—EXP. HOUSEMAN; handy with tools. Address T 386, Tribune office.

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LOST—MONDAY, LOCKET, INDIAN HEAD, diamond setting, monogram W. N. C.; reward. Return to Hyman-Berg Jewelry Co.

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THOUSANDS OF SALARIED PEOPLE and families in moderate circumstances do their trading with us on "Special Credit" at cash prices. You can select from our elegant new stocks everything worn by men, women, and children or used in furnishing a home complete, from "parlor to kitchen." Beautifully decorated chinaware given away with all purchases amounting to $5 or over. Established in 1888. E. SHOWERS & CO., 2d and 3d floors. 217-219 State-st.

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SITUATION WANTED—BOOKKEEPER; 4 YRS.' exp.; reliable, steady; $10. T 390, Tribune office.

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SITUATION WANTED—FIRST-CLASS COOK, laundress; private family, where second girl is kept; best city ref.; wages $6; South Side preferred. Call or address H. C., 3820 Lowe-av., 2d flat, rear.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A GIRL FOR GENeral housework; refs. 3973 Vincennes-av. Telephone Gray 1551.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A FIRST-CLASS German cook and laundress; references; $6. 3138 Forest-av.

SITUATION WANTED—EXPERIENCED WOMan, to do light housework; no washing. Address 4726 Dearborn-st.

SITUATION WANTED—GENERAL WORK; flat. 252 43d, 2d floor. Phone Drexel 8581.

SITUATION WANTED—BY 1ST-CLASS COLORed cook. 2728 State-st., top floor.

SITUATION WANTED—SECOND GIRL, PRIvate family; references. T 408, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY COMPETENT GERman girl; second work. 3816 Rhodes-av.

Housekeepers.

SITUATION WANTED—AS MANAGING HOUSEkeeper in private family; eight years in last position, from which references can be had; middle-aged Protestant American. 157 Honore-st.

SITUATION WANTED—BY RESPECTABLE and refined widow as housekeeper or nurse. 6347 Ingleside-av.

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SITUATION WANTED—FIRST-CLASS DRESSmaker will work at reduced rates for a time; regular price, $2.50. Address L E 365, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—DRESSMAKER FROM New York, competent cutter, fitter, and designer; $1.50 per day; highest refs. K V 118, Tribune.

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SITUATION WANTED — LAUNDRY AND cleaning; competent. 403 Van Buren-st., top flat.

Employment Agencies.

SITUATIONS WANTED — COOK, SWEDISH; city references; North or South Side; also waitress. MRS. WILLIS, 2123 Michigan-av., Tel. South 1054.

SITUATIONS WANTED—COMPETENT HELP, all nationalities; cooks, 2d and general. MISS BROWN, 520 N. Clark-st. Telephone White 744.

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Stenographers.

SITUATION WANTED—BY COMPETENT LADY stenographer with experience in Board of Trade, Stock-Yards, and insurance; rapid and accurate. Address T 290, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—STEN., YOUNG LADY; very rapid, accurate; 4 yrs.' exp.; $10. Address T 402, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY YOUNG LADY STEnographer; experienced, accurate; salary $10; references. Address T 346, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—TYPEWRITING AND addressing to do at home on own machine. Address T 241, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY FIRST CLASS thoroughly competent lady stenographer; 4 yrs.' experience; best of reference. T 369, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—INTELLIGENT, EXperienced stenographer. 609 Steinway Hall.

SITUATION WANTED—BY STENOGRAPHER, young lady; 3 yrs.' exp. T 224, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—VERY NEAT APPEARing young lady stenog., exp. T 272, Tribune.

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DR. BRINEY TREATS LADIES EXCLUSIVELY.

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All delicate diseases and complaints peculiar to women treated with the utmost success; no operation, pain, or danger; relief and positive cure guaranteed or no fee required; all our time is devoted to ladies in need of personal care; accommodations provided for all cases; we also treat cases of long standing for $10 a month; confinement cases taken; infants adopted; patients of limited means can work for services; lady physician in attendance if desired; where others fail don't be discouraged; call on us; relief in all cases; we reply to all correspondence; strict attention to out-of-town patients.

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THE ONLY EXCLUSIVE OFFICE FOR WOMEN
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PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,
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The only physician in Chicago who devotes the whole of his time to the treatment of diseases of women.
SKILLFUL AND SCIENTIFIC TREATMENT OF ALL DISEASES PECULIAR TO WOMEN by improved and painless methods. Prompt relief guaranteed in every case undertaken WITHOUT OPERATION, PAIN, OR DANGER. Consultation and advice free. Private home if desired for ladies remaining under my care. Lady physician in attendance if desired. Office hours, 10 a. m. to 6 p. m. Sunday, 10 a. m. to 1 p. m.

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GRADUATE OF EDINBURG, SCOTLAND,
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Hours, 9 to 6; Sundays, 10 to 5.
SKILLFUL TREATMENT of all DISEASES and COMPLICATIONS of women, by PAINLESS methods which relieve the most obstinate cases in a few hours. Private home provided. LADY CONSULTANT daily, 10 to 2. SPECIAL attention before and during confinement. Consultation free; fees reasonable. THE OLDEST ESTABLISHED and MOST EXCLUSIVE office for ladies in Chicago.
EVENINGS, 7 to 9, at
PRIVATE RESIDENCE, 3400 INDIANA-AV.

THE LAKE SANITARIUM, FOR LADIES EXclusively; ALL female complaints and complications quickly relieved without pain, delay, or uncertainty; we guarantee perfect and immediate success in every case undertaken; expert physician of 20 years' experience in attendance; our prices and accommodations so graded as to meet the conditions and requirements of all classes; no fee till results are assured; consultation free; will reply to all letters; call or write at once.
LAKE SANITARIUM, Room 307,
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LADIES—"DR. LE DUCE'S FEMALE MEDICINE" relieves and cures all long standing, obstinate, obdurate, diseased, abnormal, pathological cases in six hours. If guaranteed lot fails will send free, prepaid, treatment until relieved; store or mail, $2 and $5. All leading druggists; refuse any substitute. WELD & HALL, Elgin, Ill.

MRS. HORTA FAUSTMAN, 331 WELLS-ST.—Skillful and scientific treatment of all diseases of women; 20 years' experience; fair treatment guaranteed; consultation and advice free.

DR. WOOD, 121 LA SALLE-ST.—OLD GRADUate physician, 30 years' practice; SPECIALIST IN DISEASES of women; home for confinement cases; advice free; success guaranteed. Hrs., 9 to 5.

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TYPEWRITERS—ALL MAKES RENTED $3 PER month and sold at cost to responsible purchaser at terms to suit; write for specimens of our special bargains and get our prices; we will sell you sure.
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DAVIES' TYPEWRITER EXCHANGE, 185 Dearborn-st.—Machines bought, sold; rentals, $3.

BILLIARD AND POOL TABLES, ETC.

FOR SALE—SECOND-HAND BILLIARD AND pool tables; we rent tables with privilege of buying. The Brunswick-Balke-Collender Co., 263 and 265 Wabash-av.

ELEGANT BRUNSWICK POOL AND BILLIARD tables, sell, rent, reasonable. Fowler, 672 VanBuren.

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WANTED—FIFTY SECOND-HAND WHEELS AT office for country orders; bring wheels and get our cash offer. We will send a buyer to inspect at pawn shops, repair shops, etc.
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BRING IN YOUR FURS BEFORE THE RUSH TO be remodeled and repaired. Reliable furrier. HENRY KESSLER, R. 43, 88 E. Washington-st.

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ENTRY CLERK—YOUNG MAN, EXPERIenced; $12. 740, 322 Dearborn-st.

ENTRY CLERK—EXPERIENCED, YOUNG man. Room 911, 185 Dearborn-st.

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Trades.

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MACHINISTS—COMPETENT, FOR PACIFIC coast; heavy work; wages $3 per day; a deposit covering cost of transportation will be required, which will be refunded at end of six months' service. Apply 600 McCoy Hotel.

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AGENTS—HONEST WORKERS WANTED. I can and will convince at my own expense that I have the best thing in, on, or out of the earth for the people. A line of articles, absolute necessities, needed by every one, that have no equal, that sell themselves over and over again. I protect my agents; they stay with me because the demand grows and they receive all benefits therefrom. If you've been nipped by fakirs, frauds, and sharks who advertise for quick-money SUCKERS and want to make an honest deal with an honest man, who never fails to do more than he promises, who has all the money he needs to conduct his business, to credit his agents, write to me and give me the names of five references that I may know I can safely trust you with goods to start with. No experience necessary, no capital required. Men and women, old or young, make more money selling my articles than any others, and stay selling them, making money and friends always. A permanent, pleasant, profitable, and growing business. No fakirs need apply. I refer to all mercantile agencies, to any bank or reputable business concern in Chicago, and before you receive any proposition I must know if you are trustworthy. THEO. NOEL, Chicago.

$500 MONTHLY SELLING OUR HOUSEKEEPers' goods and handling our machines on commission; no fake; no experience necessary; permanent business; why work for small wages? We tell how it's done; you can make big money fast; our hustlers are all getting rich; you can; it's easy. American Machine Co., Kalamazoo, Mich.

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WANTED—MALE HELP.

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AGENTS—WE HAVE NEW PATENT THAT IS selling like wild fire; hundreds of agents are making $25 and over every day; your customers will want a fresh supply every two to four weeks; your offers will be such that no man or woman can refuse them; exclusive territory granted; we start you without any cost or investment; we guarantee to send you a full line of samples free the same day we receive your letter; we only want men of ability; to them we offer the opportunity of a lifetime. Write at once and secure free outfit and territory. BRAHAM CO., R 523, Cincinnati, O.

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Bookkeeper, South Side	15
Bill clerk, rapid figurer	15
Office man, good writer, South Side	12
Office man, West Side	12
Cashier and office man, young	12
Office men [3], good writers	10
Assistant bookkeeper	10
Grocery clerk and driver	10
Stenographer, young man	10
Typewriter, bill clerk	10
Packer, experienced	9
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Office positions only. New methods.
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Bill and entry clerk; $10.
Bill and entry clerk; $12.
3 stenographers; $10.
Hotel clerk; $30.
Office boys; $3-$4.
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STENOGRAPHER—YOUNG MAN; COMPETENT —Call The Oliver Typewriter Co., 107 Lake-st.

Stenographers.

BOOKKEEPER AND STENOGRAPHER — Young man. 185 Dearborn-st., Room 911.

STENOGRAPHER—GENERAL OFFICE EXPErience; state full particulars, references, and wages expected. Address T 389, Tribune office.

STENOGRAPHER—YOUNG MAN; EXPERIenced; $50; to go 60 miles from city.
Suite 46, 94 La Salle-st.

STENOGRAPHER—YOUNG MAN, EXPERIenced, for hardware house; $10.
A. B. NYMAN, 92 La Salle-st.

STENOGRAPHER—AND OFFICE MAN; GOOD penman; $50. J. MACDONALD, 134 Monroe-st.

STENOGRAPHER—BRIGHT BOY; AGE 19; EXperienced; $8. A. B. NYMAN, 92 La Salle-st.

STENOGRAPHER—REM.; RAILROAD OFFICE; young man; $60. 740 Monon Bldg.

YOUNG MAN—HIGH SCHOOL GRADUATE, Rem. operator, to work evenings. Address T 221, Tribune office.

Miscellaneous.

AN INCOME OF $15 WEEK CAN BE EARNED in spare time or evening by any person able to write; proof sent free anywhere to those sending addressed envelope to Robert Grannan Mfg. Co., Box 227, Brooklyn, N. Y.

EVERY RAILROAD MAN TO CALL AT ROOM 201 Monadnock Building, Chicago, and see a complete working model of the Miller block signal on exhibition daily.

HOUSE ATTORNEY—TO TAKE CHARGE OF collections of an installment and loan concern; one who thoroughly understands small collections; one who has plenty of energy and is not afraid of work; highest references required; good position for right party. Address N N 303, Tribune office.

INSURANCE MEN—INDUSTRIAL, FOR WEST and South Side debits; excellent opportunity. Address P 525, Tribune office.

LABORERS—GOOD, TO GO TO COUNTRY, 50 miles from Chicago; $1.75 per day and railroad fare. Call at WESTON'S, 231 W. 73d-st., near Wentworth.

LABORERS—RAILROAD, FOR OUT OF TOWN. Apply at Atlantic Hotel, Room 11.

MAN — RELIABLE, TO REPRESENT LOCALLY a responsible manufacturing company; salary $18 per week; splendid opportunity for advancement; NO CANVASSING. Address, with reference, MANUFACTURER, 723 Chestnut-st., Philadelphia, Pa.

MAN—TO TRAVEL; NO SELLING; SALARY, com., expenses. Call 225 Dearborn, R. 829.

MAN—TO ASSIST JANITOR; ONE WITH EXPErience preferred. 582 E. 46th-pl.

MEN—AND WOMEN—TO DO COPYING AT home; must write a fair hand; $5 to $12 weekly working evenings; positively no canvassing; inclose stamp. King Mfg. Co., Quincy-st., Chicago.

MEN—10, FIRST-CLASS, WHO ARE LOOKING for a permanent position, to fit themselves for crew managers, on salary; name references. Address N O 230, Tribune office.

MEN—YOUNG, HAVING A LARGE CIRCLE OF friends, exerting their influence can obtain their fall clothes free of charge. Address D 449, Tribune office.

MEN—EXPERIENCED, RELIABLE MEN, TO distribute booklets in 40 Illinois towns and cities; good salary. Address E E 950, Tribune office.

MEN—HOUSE TO HOUSE CANVASSERS; GOOD proposition; permanent; $3 to $5 per day.
JONES, 221 State-st., 3d floor.

MEN—FOR NIGHT WORK AT FACTORY. Call bet. 6 and 7 p. m. 292 N. Branch-st.

PACKER—HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS, EXperienced. Apply Supt.
A. M. ROTHSCHILD & CO.

PHOTOGRAPHER—WHO IS COMPETENT TO take good machinery photos; also act as stock clerk; we have our own photographic outfit. Allis-Chalmers Co., 12th and Washtenaw-av., Chicago.

SPECIALIST—IN DR.'S OFFICE, OUT OF CITY. Address T 342, Tribune office.

SUPERINTENDENT—FOR IRON BED FACtory, to go South; must be thoroughly competent; give record and references. Address L T 158, Tribune office.

WALL WASHERS—5; COME READY FOR work. 2134 Indiana-av. CRANDALL.

YOUNG MEN—THREE, TO LOCATE IN WESTern cities for manufacturer; investment $300; salary and com. Address R 540, Tribune office.

YOUNG MEN—TWO—MAN TO RUN ON RAILroad train. 167 Plymouth-ct.

CLAIRVOYANTS.

PROF. C. F. LEON,
1224 MICHIGAN-AV.—1224.
NEAR 12TH-ST.
FOR THIS WEEK FEE $1.00.
PRINCE of CLAIRVOYANTS and MEDIUMS. READS PAST, FUTURE CORRECTLY. GIVES INFALLIBLE ADVICE ON ALL BUSINESS TRANSACTIONS. SALES, CHANGES, TRAVEL, LOVE, MARRIAGE, and FAMILY AFFAIRS.
No matter how impossible success in your desires may seem, call and know the truth.

PROF. FRANCIS J. KELLER,
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CLAIRVOYANT AND SPIRITUAL MEDIUM,
reads your entire life from infancy to old age, giving names, dates, facts, and figures without asking a single question. If sick, in doubt, or trouble he will help you. Daily from 10 a. m. to 9 p. m. 384 North Clark-st. Charges reduced this week.

$5 READINGS FOR $1 BY LI HUNG FONG, THE world's greatest Chinese clairvoyant and palmist, 299 Michigan-av., opp. Logan Monument. Your past, present, and future; satisfaction given or no fee accepted; full readings by mail, $1; a brief but substantial reading for 50c. Hours, 9 a. m. to 8 p. m. Li Hung Fong is the best and cleverest clairvoyant in the city.—Record-Herald of April 21.

CONSULTATION FREE—
HARRIET ALTHEA READ,
THE SUFFIELD, FLAT A,
1731-33 Wabash-av., cor. 18th-st.
Gives reliable advice on business affairs, restores lost affection, reunites the separated, removes evil influences.
Hours, 9 a. m.-8 p. m., Sundays included.

MADAM FELDMAN, 48 E. 12TH-ST., NEAR Michigan-av., is the best Egyptian fortune-teller and palmist in the city; she also guides you properly in business and love affairs; full reading, 50c; 10 a. m. to 8 p. m.; call and be convinced that she is the best on record.

BOOK ON ASTROLOGY SENT FREE; STAMP for postage. THOMPSON & CO., 22 N. William-st., New York.

MME. ROBERTS, SPIRITUALIST, LOCATES lost property and absent friends. 562 Wabash.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

Bookkeepers and Clerks.

EXPERIENCED SALESLADY OR CLERK FOR cloaks, suits, and millinery. Apply the Supt.'s office, THE FAIR.

FILE CLERK—LADY; NONE BUT THOSE thoroughly experienced need apply; $10.
C. PERRY, 402, 134 Monroe-st.

FILE CLERK—LADY; THOROUGHLY EXPErienced and interested in her work; none other need apply. C. PERRY, 402, 134 Monroe-st.

GROCERY SALESWOMEN—THREE; EXPERIenced; give full particulars of your knowledge of the business and who employed by. Address N N 315, Tribune office.

LADY—EXPERIENCED BOOKKEEPER, CASHier; accurate, steady. K W 108, Tribune office.

OFFICE LADY—EXP. IN FILING AND GEN'L office work; $10. C. D. BAYNE, 324 Dearborn.

SALESLADIES—2, EXPERIENCED, GROCERY; nearby residence preferred. 407 Ogden-av.

Domestics.

COOK AND LAUNDRESS—FIRST-CLASS, where second is kept; German or Scandinavian, with reference. Call 4324 Ellis-av.

COOK AND LAUNDRESS; ALSO SECOND GIRL —American family of two; good wages for competent service. Call at 4450 Ellis-av.

COOK—$6; NO WASHING.
1814 Wabash-av.

FIRST CLASS COOK AND A SECOND GIRL IN small private family; sisters or used to working together preferred; must have personal references. Address T 368, Tribune office.

GIRL—ACCUSTOMED TO GENERAL HOUSEwork and plain cooking; family three adults and second girl; wages $5. Call Thursday, before 6 p. m., 4529 Greenwood-av.

GIRL—COMPETENT, FOR GENERAL HOUSEwork; good wages. 7001 Perry-av.

GIRL—GOOD COOK.
4530 Woodlawn-av.

HOUSEWORK—EXPERIENCED GIRL FOR general housework in private family; must be good cook. Call 419 E. Erie-st. and ask for MRS. BREWER.

HOUSEWORK—COLORED OR WHITE GIRL for general housework in family of two; one that can go home nights. Apply 479 East Sixty-first, second flat.

HOUSEWORK—154 W. 68TH-ST.; NEAT, COMpetent Swedish girl for general housework; small family; good wages.

HOUSEWORK—SECOND GIRL, SWEDISH OR German; wages $4; good home. Apply 4018 Grand-blvd.

HOUSEWORK—A GIRL FOR LIGHT HOUSEwork; small family; German preferred. 1030 Warren-av., top flat.

HOUSEWORK—NEAT GIRL FOR LIGHT housework in millinery store; good chance to learn trade. 513 N. Clark-st.

HOUSEWORK—COMPETENT GIRL FOR GENeral housework; family of 2; modern flat; good wages. Call Thursday, Flat 46, 6565 Yale-av.

HOUSEWORK—COMPETENT GIRL FOR GENeral housework; small family. 632 46th-pl., 1st flat.

HOUSEWORK—GIRL, GENERAL HOUSEwork. 496 E. 42d-st.

HOUSEWORK—GIRL FOR HOUSEWORK; GOOD wages. 3973 Vincennes-av., near Oakwood-blvd.

HOUSEWORK — GIRL FOR HOUSEWORK; small American family. 4730 Calumet-av., 1st flat.

HOUSEWORK—GOOD GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 142 E. 50th-st.

HOUSEWORK—GIRL TO DO HOUSEWORK. Call at 4002 Cottage Grove-av. DR. PARKER.

HOUSEWORK—5467 MADISON-AV., FLAT 4, girl or woman for general housework.

HOUSEWORK—GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEwork; 2 in family. 3015 Indiana-av.

SECOND GIRL—COMPETENT; FAMILY FOUR adults; references required. 2506 Michigan-av.

Seamstresses and Dressmakers.

BOW MAKERS—4-IN-HAND TURNERS, AND finishers, at once. Berlin Neckwear Mfg. Co., 254 Monroe-st.

MACHINE HANDS—GOOD, ON COATS AND pants. E. A. ARMSTRONG MFG. COMPANY, 300 Wabash-av.

MACHINE HAND—ON SILK WRAPPER. Royal Silk Garment Co., 216 E. 22d-st.

OPERATOR—ON W. & W. POWER MACHINE on ladies' wrappers. 2910 Wentworth-av.

OPERATORS—2827 WENTWORTH-AV., 25 OPerators on power machines on children's dresses.

SHIRTMAKERS—EXPERIENCED. 308 DEARborn-st. Ferd Klaas Shirt Co.

SKIRTMAKERS—FIRST-CLASS, FOR LADIES' tailoring. J. ROTHCHILD, 155 State-st.

SKIRT MAKERS—EXPERIENCED. LOWENTHAL, DEUTSCH & CO., 236 Market-st.

Nurses.

NURSE GIRL—GERMAN, TAKE CARE OF ONE child, 3 years old; wages $5. 5038 Washington-av.

NURSEGIRL—COMPETENT.
4326 Vincennes-av.

Laundresses.

GIRL—A COLORED SECOND GIRL TO ASSIST with washing and ironing. 2400 S. Park-av.

WASHERWOMAN—TO TAKE WASHING home. Apartment 63, Kenwood Hotel, 47th and Kenwood-av.

Employment Agencies.

STENOGRAPHER	$10
Addresser, per thousand	.75
S.-P. operators, circular work, per thousand	1.00
Addresser, exp. in stenography	5.00
Clerk, candy store	5.00
Typewriter	4.50
Girls, 18, West Side, inspecting	4.00
Stenographer, So. Side	15.00
File clerk, exp	10.00
Office girl	4.00
Girl to stamp envelopes	4.50

THE EDUCATIONAL REGISTER COMPANY—
1007 Journal Bldg., 160 Washington-st.
Office positions only. New methods.
Different from "Employment Agencies."

WE FIND GOOD POSITIONS
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No charge before position is secured.
MERCANTILE EXCHANGE,
185 DEARBORN-ST.

SWEDISH WAITRESS, SECOND GIRL, GERman governess, cooks, laundress, and general housework girls; highest wages; best families; old established, reliable office. TAYLOR'S, 1462 Michigan-av.

MORRELL'S FOR POSITIONS—
No registration fees.
No charge unless place.
146 State-st.

FELLER'S GERMAN-AMERICAN EMPLOYment Agency—Telephone 2281 Dearborn—Headquarters for girls seeking employment in all branches in best private families; highest wages.

COOK—NO LAUNDRY; RACINE; WAITRESS, Lake Forest; second girl, Kenilworth; nurses, housework girls; highest wages; excellent places. MRS. WILLIS, 2123 Michigan-av.; tel. So. 1054.

STENOGRAPHER — THOROUGHLY COMPEtent young woman stenographer; $12; also graphophone operator. Call at The Oliver Typewriter Co., 107 Lake-st.

CHICAGO EMPLOYMENT AGENCY, 118 5TH-av.—Branch office, 3453 Indiana-av. 400 girls; good positions. Tel. 94 Main.

STENOGRAPHER AND BOOKKEEPER—$8; cashier and bookkeeper; $6. MORRELL'S, 146 State-st.

MRS. LARSON, 1609 N. CLARK-ST., WANTS girls for Edgewater and city. Tel. 446 Lake View.

GIRLS—FIFTY; ALL NATIONALITIES, FOR all kinds of housework. Flat 5, 479 43d-st.

500 GIRLS—FINE PLACES FREE WAITING. 3130 Cottage Grove-av.

Stenographers.

STENOGRAPHER—EXPERIENCED, FOR PERmanent position. Apply Flat 1 the Woodstock, 28th and Wabash.

STENOGRAPHER—LADY, S.-P. OPERATOR; live S. Side. 185 Dearborn-st., Room 911.

STENOGRAPHER—REM.; YOUNG LADY; SO. Side; $15. 740, 324 Dearborn-st.

Miscellaneous.

ARTIST—IN EMBROIDERY; NONE BUT THE finest. Call 1402 Masonic Temple.

BRIGHT GIRL—WHO CAN MAKE HERSELF useful about physician's office; must understand use of telephone, have some knowledge of bookkeeping. Address L D 326, Tribune office.

CAPABLE WOMAN—OF GOOD ADDRESS TO sell attractive high grade toilet preparations; congenial occupation, producing good income. Call and see complete line at the laboratory or write to The Taxis Toilet Co., 360 E. 63d-st.

FIRST-CLASS SALESLADY AND DEMONstrator—Room 413, 59 Dearborn-st.

FUR FINISHERS AND LINERS—FIRST-CLASS. Apply CARSON, PIRIE, SCOTT & CO., State and Washington-sts., 3d floor.

GENTEEL LADIES — TO SELL TICKETS FOR worthy charity. Call at 387 La Salle-av.

GIRL—TO PACK BIRD SEED, STARCH, pickles, mustard, etc. 27 Michigan-av.

GIRLS—2, OR WOMAN WHO CAN BRANCH flowers and make samples. Apply 273 Wabash-av.

GOVERNESS—COMPETENT NORTH GERMAN who speaks English; references required. Address T 366, Tribune office.

LADIES—TO LEARN HAIRDRESSING, MANIcuring, and chiropody; expert instructions in each department; constant practice furnished by free clinic; only four weeks required; complete outfit of tools presented each student; no trade offers better inducements; catalogue mailed free. Moler College, 435 Wabash-av.

LADIES—2 EDUCATED YOUNG LADIES ABOUT 25, to learn our business; must begin as solicitors and take responsible positions when qualified.
GEO. L. SHUMAN & CO.,
315 Dearborn-st.

LADIES—TO SELL OLD LINE LIFE INSURance on monthly payment plan; old company; good compensation; write today. N C 420, Tribune.

LADIES—5—ARTISTIC INCLINED, DEVOTING 2 hours daily at home; exceedingly profitable. Address N N 224, Tribune office.

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LIVE ADVERTISING SOLICITORS—STOCK show publication. Call evenings, 3841 Vincennes.

MILLINERY TRIMMERS—FIRST-CLASS. APply Chicago Straw Works, 263 Wabash-av.

SALESLADIES—EXPERIENCED, FOR LADIES' suits and jackets. North American Cloak company, 162 State-st.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

Miscellaneous.

SCHOOL TEACHER—RETIRED OR ACTIVE can learn of exceptional opportunity to earn large commission by adressing R 516, Tribune.

SOLICITORS—BRIGHT, ENERGETIC, EXPErienced lady solicitors; subscription work on machinists' and engineers' magazines; in city and to travel; salary and commission. DEAN, Manhattan Bldg., 315 Dearborn-st.

WOMAN—TO TRAVEL FOR DOCTOR; straight salary and expenses; this is a good steady position; describe yourself. Address 301, Tribune office.

DRESSMAKING AND MILLINERY.

LEARN DESIGNING, DRESS CUTTING, DRESSmaking, ladies' tailoring, millinery; we assure you; position when competent; our Paris buyer back with fall styles; very Frenchy; perfect fitting patterns, 50c. McDowell School, 78 State-st.

CHICAGO TAILORING INSTITUTE, 208 STATE-st., teaches scientific garment cutting, ladies' tailoring, by expert men tailors; patterns cut.

S. T. TAILOR SCHOOL OF DRESSMAKING, cutting; ladies' tailoring taught; patterns cut to measure. Palais Royal, 157 State-st.

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REMINGTON TOUCH TYPEWRITING,
GRAHAM SHORTHAND,
for those who desire the best.
W. H. HARMON'S SHORTHAND SCHOOL,
Schiller Bldg., 109 Randolph-st.
Telephone Central 3203.

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IN 40 TO 60 DAYS—
MRS. LENA A. WHITE
guarantees to make you an expert stenographer and typewriter or refund your money; $12 to $15 per week position secured for graduates. INSPECTION CORDIALLY INVITED. Night school. White Shorthand College, 203 Michigan-av.

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RENT THEM.
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SIXTY CENTS A MONTH.

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TEACHER OF THE PIANOFORTE,
725 FINE ARTS BUILDING,
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SEND FOR CIRCULAR.

CHICAGO BUSINESS COLLEGE, 67 WABASH-av.—Business, shorthand, touch typewriting, and English courses, day and evening sessions; fall term opens Sept. 2. Catalogue free. Address GONDRING & VIRDEN, Principals.

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Unity Bldg. Day and night sessions.
Study with experts. Best results.

SCHOLARSHIPS FOR SALE AT A BIG DIScount; medical, dental, law, music, art, elocution, business, etc. Call or address 208, Herald Building, 156 Washington-st., Chicago.

CHICAGO MUSICAL SEMINARY, STEINWAY Hall, 17 Van Buren-st.; school of rapid progress; the notes in 10 min.; catalog.
M. G. MACDONALD, Pres.

TRAINED NURSES EARN $25 PER WEEK; study nursing at home. Our graduates very successful. Low fees. Free circular. Nat. School Nursing, Masonic Temple, Minneapolis, Minn.

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LANGUAGES—THE BALTHAZARD MODERN School, Steinway Hall; French, German, Italian, Spanish; experienced native teachers only; trial free; quickest results; 20 evenings lessons, $5.

MRS. L. NICHOLSON, SCHOOL FOR YOUNG ladies; stenography, typewriting, language; rapid system; positions guaranteed; private instruction, day or evening. 2812 Indiana-av.

PERNIN SHORTHAND SCHOOL OF CHICAGO offers exceptional advantages to young men and young ladies. Day and eve. classes. 418 Handel Hall.

CHAS. V. RUSSELL, PUPIL OF JACQUES Bouhy of Paris; voices tried free of charge. Studio, 726 Fine Arts Bldg., Chicago.

SHORTHAND THOROUGHLY TAUGHT IN SIX weeks; pay installments $1 each; by mail school. Prof. DE COSTRA, 1341 Unity Bldg., Chicago.

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PENMANSHIP IMPROVED—PRIVATE LESsons. PROF. HICKOX, expert penman, 167 Dearborn, Room 411.

ARE YOU SATISFIED OUR EVENING COURSE will fit you for good position? Haskell School Mechanical Dentistry, 520 Steinway Hall.

VOCAL INSTRUCTION, $5 MONTH [PUPIL grand opera singer]. Studio, 4305 Wabash-av.
MRS. PEAKE.

BALATKA MUSICAL COLLEGE—
Fall term begins Sept. 16th, 1901.
PLEASE SEND FOR CATALOGUE.

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AMERICAN METHOD OF SINGING. VOICES tested free. MARY M. SHEDD, Auditorium Bldg.

MUSICAL.

ORGANIST AND SINGERS—FOR LAKE VIEW church. Call Thursday and Friday, 8 p. m., 344 Burling-st.

DANCING SCHOOLS.

DANCING—MLLE. COOK REOPENS HER JUvenile class Oct. 5, Kenwood Hall, 4308 Cottage Grove-av.; private lessons given. Call or address Wellington Hotel.

KRETLOW'S SCHOOL FOR DANCING AND DEportment, 401 and 403 Webster-av., will begin Thursday, Oct. 3; send for circulars.

WALTZ AND TWO-STEP, WITH LATEST glides; private and class; 10 lessons; $2.50.
BENNETT, 438, 26 E. Van Buren-st.

WALTZ, TWO-STEP, AND ALL THE LATEST stage and ballroom dancing taught by PROF. ROACH, 161 W. Madison-st., Haymarket Bldg.

LEGAL NOTICES AND PROPOSALS.

OFFICE OF THE CHICAGO, ROCK ISLAND AND PACIFIC RAILWAY COMPANY,
Chicago, Ill., July 31, 1901.
A special meeting of the stockholders of the Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific Railway company, duly called by the Board of Directors, will be held at the general office of the company in the City of Chicago, County of Cook, State of Illinois, on Thursday, the 24th day of October, A. D. 1901, at eleven [11] o'clock a. m., for the purpose of considering and voting upon a proposition to amend Paragraph 8 of Article VI. of the Articles of Consolidation of the Company, adopted the second day of June, 1880, so that the same shall read as follows—to wit:

"8. The Board of Directors may appoint an Executive committee, which shall consist of the President of the corporation and six directors, and invest it with all of the powers of the board when it is not in session."

By order of the Board of Directors,
W. G. PURDY, President.
GEORGE H. CROSBY, Secretary.

CHICAGO, SEPTEMBER 6, 1901.—PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT AT A SPECIAL MEETING of the stockholders of the BOULEVARD SANATARIUM, held at the general office of the corporation, 1359 Central boulevard, Chicago, Illinois, on the twenty-ninth day of June, A. D. 1901, the name of said corporation was changed from BOULEVARD SANATARIUM to KEDZIE HOSPITAL. And that at said meeting it was also resolved that the capital stock of said corporation be increased from Two Thousand Five Hundred Dollars to Ten Thousand Dollars.

That a certificate of said change of name and of said increase of capital stock has been filed in the office of the Secretary of State of the State of Illinois, and a like certificate has been filed of record in the Recorder's office of Cook County, Illinois.
A. H. TAGERT, M. D., President.
W. C. ALLAN, M. D., Secretary.

SEPT. 2, 1901—THE PARTNERSHIP HERETOfore existing between George F. Hoffman and Samuel Corkran, trading as Hoffman, Corkran & Co., at 413 and 415 Market-st., 406 Race-st., Philadelphia; 78 Duane-st., New York; and Madison and Market-sts., Chicago, is this day dissolved.
GEORGE F. HOFFMAN.
SAMUEL CORKRAN.

The undersigned have this day formed a copartnership, trading as Hoffman, Corr Manufg. Co., for the purpose of manufacturing and jobbing hammocks, rope, twine, fiber, cotton duck, and awning stripes.
GEORGE F. HOFFMAN.
PETER H. CORR.

WATCHES, JEWELRY, ETC.

YOU WILL NEVER SEE A BETTER TIME TO buy diamonds; new fall stock, new styles of mountings, low prices, long time, and small payments. Step in this week and see our goods and get our easy proposition for purchasers on diamonds, watches, and jewelry.
LOFTIS BROS. & CO.,
108 State-st., 8th floor Columbus Memorial Bldg.

CLAPP & COWL, JEWELERS, 68 WASHINGton-st. Est. 1868. Diamonds, watches, silverware, etc.; prices lower than any house; full value paid diamonds, gold, duplicate wedding presents; responsible parties only. Talking machine free.

STRELITZ BROS., WHOLESALE JEWELERS, 167 Dearborn-st., offer best terms and lowest prices on diamonds and watches.

FOR SALE—DIAMOND RING; WEIGHT 1¼ K.; worth $200; cheap. Address T 367, Tribune.

HIGHEST CASH PRICES PAID FOR OLD GOLD and silver. DEE & CO., refiners, 67 Washington.

STORE AND OFFICE FIXTURES.

4 FT. DESK, $12.50; 4½ FT. DESK, $14; 5 FT. desk, $16; swivel chair, $2; bookkeepers' desk, $9; letter press, $2.50; stand, $2; safe, $25. We furnish your office complete. Fine fixtures a specialty. Phone 2082 Cen. Chicago Safe and Mdse. Co., 47 Dearborn-st.

DEALERS IN ALL KINDS OF NATIONAL CASH registers and billiard and pool tables. H. TUCKHORN & CO., 171 E. Randolph-st.

BEST FIREPROOF SAFES AT LOWEST PRICES for cash or easy payments; all sizes.
SABATH SAFE COMPANY, 158 Fifth-av.

CASH REGISTERS BOUGHT SOLD AND EXchanged and highest cash price paid for old registers. Cash Register Exchange, 198 Madison-st.

SUBURBAN REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—AT LA GRANGE—HAVE A FEW houses left; must sell to close estate S. D. Cossitt, deceased; 7, 8, 9, 10 rooms. Write for booklet and particulars. F. D. COSSITT JR., Executor.

FOR SALE—2 ELEGANT NEW HOMES; HOT water heat, Flemish d.-r., sideboard, bookcase, hall seats, colonial pillars; fine location; 8 r., $3,800; 9 r., cor., $4,900. 405 N. 4th-av., Maywood.

FOR SALE—BEAUTIFUL 9-ROOM RESIDENCE, corner lot, 200x200 ft.; splendid shade and shrubbery; rapid transit; Tracy. Come in or write for price. WM. H. BROWN & CO., 155 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE—BERWYN—5 TO 15 ROOM HOUSES, $1,000 to $15,000; some bargains; terms. W. J. ANDREWS, 184 La Salle, R. 528.

FOR SALE—EVANSTON HOME, 7 ROOMS; 50 ft.; large trees; special bargain; only $3,800; good location. C. M. SMITH, 1208 Ashland Block.

ACRE PROPERTY.

FOR SALE—GREAT ACRE BARGAIN. 100 acres just east of Stickney Tract. Without doubt cheapest in city. H. W. CHRISTIAN & CO., 171 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE—6 ACRES, 95TH AND MORGAN; splendid location and near transportation; only $12,500; might trade for clear improved. J. C. LONG, 701, 115 Monroe-st.

FOR SALE—I AM OFFERING SOME GREAT bargains in acres and bunches of lots. Apply to J. R. WICKERSHAM, 163 Randolph-st.

FOR SALE—NORTH SHORE ACRES, 80-ACRE tract, north of Lake Bluff, extending to lake. F. A. HENSHAW & CO., 97 Washington-st.

COUNTRY REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—OUT THEY GO TO NORTH DAkota, where crops are bountiful, climate healthful, land cheap, and very productive. For prices and excursion rates and map, call upon WM. H. BROWN & CO., 155 La Salle-st., Chicago, Ill.

FOR SALE—$1,000; CHANCE OF LIFETIME; 80 acres, Michigan; good house, well, outbuildings, large barn; well fenced, wood cut, good crops; see this, Saturday's excursion. GILBERT, 160 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—OR EXCHANGE—CHOICE CALIfornia residence property and Florida lands; great bargains; few days only. R. S. 260 Clark-st.

FOR SALE—OR EXCHANGE FOR CHICAGO property, 226 acres of land, near Mobile, Ala. Address T 280, Tribune office.

PLANTATION AND FRUIT LANDS, ETC.

REAL ESTATE LOANS.

FOR SALE—
CHANDLER MORTGAGE COMPANY.
(Not incorporated.)
FIRST MORTGAGES BOUGHT AND SOLD.
FIVE AND ONE-HALF PER CENT.
New apartment building bonds in denominations of $500.
FIVE PER CENT.
Collateral trust bonds of the F. R. Chandler Securities Trust in denominations of $1,000. Limited issue.
110 DEARBORN-ST.

BUILDING LOANS—
We will make loans as small as $5,000 at 4½% where margin of security is usually large.
Can you pay a portion of your present loan? If so, we can quote you very advantageous renewal rates. Prepayments allowed. No delay. We pass on security.
If under foreclosure, save your equity by sale of property through our
REAL ESTATE DEPARTMENT.
We have many clients with cash in hand looking for bargains in real estate.
BUILDING LOANS AT LOWEST RATES.
HENRY A. KNOTT & CO.,
110 Dearborn-st.

MONEY TO LOAN ON REAL ESTATE—GRAHAM & SONS, Bankers, Fire Insurance, and Steamship Agents. 134 W. Madison-st. Open evenings.

PERSONAL PROPERTY LOANS.

DO YOU WANT MONEY? IF SO, CALL ON
ALPHEUS M. SMITH, INVESTMENT BANKER, 100 WASHINGTON-ST., ROOM 901.
You can borrow any amount you want on
EASY TERMS, AT LOWEST RATES,
ON FURNITURE, PIANOS, HORSES, CARRIAGES, ETC., WITHOUT REMOVAL.
ALSO TO SALARIED PEOPLE WITHOUT MORTGAGE.
Payments arranged to suit convenience of borrower; partial payments can be made at any time, reducing interest accordingly.
No charge taken out in advance. You get the full amount of the loan in cash.

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS.

MUST HAVE 50 SQUARE PIANOS—

During our recent special sale we disposed of a large number of square pianos to our country trade.

There is a present demand for upwards of fifty, and we are offering
SPECIAL INDUCEMENTS
to all who have old pianos to exchange. If you have an old square or upright which you desire to exchange for a new upright come in this week and
SECURE A BARGAIN.

We have 300 pianos of the latest designs and finest type of the pianomaker's art from which to select.

NEW EASTERN MADE PIANOS, $125.

A good variety of second-hand pianos from $80 to $175; payments $5 per month.

NEW KIMBALL PIANOS, uprights, handsome case, $250. Kimball grand pianos, $1,000.

NEW REED ORGANS, sample cases, $35.
USED REED ORGANS, various makes, $15 to $30
PIPE ORGANS, $1,000.

EASY PAYMENTS ON ALL PURCHASES.

W. W. KIMBALL CO. [Established 1857],
S. W. Cor. Wabash-av. and Jackson-blvd.

GENUINE PIANO BARGAINS—

The greatest values ever offered are to be found in Lyon & Healy's. Hundreds of bargains in new and used pianos, among them:
PELTON, POMEROY & CROSS UPRIGHT, $75.
Ebonized case, 7 1-3 octaves, a very satisfactory instrument; good value for the money.
SIMPSON & CO. UPRIGHT, $100.
7 1-3 octaves, 4 feet 7 inches in height, fret panels; good condition and good tone.
EMERSON STUDIO UPRIGHT, $125.
Small size; sweet tone; exceptionally good condition.
BAUER UPRIGHT, $150.
Medium size; excellent condition.
EVERETT UPRIGHT, $190.
Golden oak case; adjustable desk; first-class condition; practically as good as ever.
HALLET & DAVIS UPRIGHT, $175.
Large size; highly ornamental and in perfect condition.
STEINWAY UPRIGHT, $200
Small, plain parlor upright that has been thoroughly renovated throughout; of extraordinary quality for a piano of this price.
DECKER BROS. UPRIGHT, $175.
Neat rosewood case; interior in very fine condition, but finish somewhat checked.
ONE HUNDRED OTHER BARGAINS
in special new pianos, slightly used pianos and second-hand pianos; new pianos from $125 up. Pianos to rent, $2.50 per month and upward.
EASY TERMS OF PAYMENT.
LYON & HEALY, Wabash-av. and Adams-st.

BENT'S BIG PIANO BARGAINS!!

NEW FALL STOCK JUST RECEIVED.

GREATEST LINE OF PIANO BARGAINS ever offered in Chicago.

FINE MAHOGANY PIANO	$135
PIANOS in various woods	150
PIANOS in different woods	175
PIANOS, fine mahogany	200

THESE PIANOS made to special order,
ARE ENTIRELY NEW MODELS
to meet the growing demands
FOR RELIABLE PIANOS AT LOW PRICES.

SOLD ON VERY EASY TERMS.

I AM OFFERING a number of bargains in SECOND-HAND UPRIGHT PIANOS and RETURNED RENTAL PIANOS.

PIANOS TO RENT—A fine line of most desirable pianos.
GEO. P. BENT, Manufacturer.
Salesrooms: 209 Wabash Ave.
Factory: 249 Washington Boul.

NEW UPRIGHT PIANO,
$212.
$10 CASH DOWN—$5 PER MONTH.
SPECIAL FOR SEPTEMBER:
A fine, full size upright piano, modern colonial design, double veneered case, full metal plate, hardwood back frame, patent pedal, soft top attachment, and double repeating action.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

NOTICE!

THE OLD DOMINION OIL CO. of Virginia is about to close the sale of treasury stock.

This guaranteed investment in genuine oil lands, with an assured advance of at least 50 per cent and a steady income, is a rare opportunity to get stock in a real operating company.

It is the best proposition now before the public.

Samples of the natural lubricating oil found on these lands may be seen at the office.

Call or send for prospectus and price.

REMEMBER, THIS IS YOUR LAST CHANCE TO BUY A REAL LIVE OIL STOCK LOW.

Don't forget the number.

92 LA SALLE-ST., CHICAGO.

OIL CITY, BEAUMONT OIL FIELDS—WE SELL the earth, not stocks or bonds. Acres for sale. Chance to own your own oil well "gusher." Sell one or more acres; oil wells now being drilled. Should a "gusher" be found, which we expect, this land will be taken out of market. Why not you? It can be. Buy now and your show will be as good as any one's. The Beatty was sold the day after it opened for $1,350,000. This could be you. Get in line, so it can be possible. Call for information. MUSSENDON, 132 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE—DAILY NEWSPAPER—
Only Democratic daily in large Western city; a political power; exceptionally fine opportunity for progressive newspaper man with some money; other dailies and weeklies, all parts of United States, all prices. C. M. PALMER, Newspaper Broker, 253 Broadway, New York.

THE PAGE WOVEN WIRE FENCE CO. OF CHIcago, Ill., with factories at Monessen, Pennsylvania, and Adrian, Michigan, manufactures the coiled spring woven wire fence; the best for farms, suburban homes, railroads, dog kennels, game parks, etc. Write for catalogue and prices.
AUSTIN CLEMENT, V. Pt., 200 Monroe-st., Chicago.

A GOOD MAN OF MODERATE MEANS AND ability can secure permanent place with responsible company as manager of branch in his home town. Will allow $100 monthly and additional compensation dependent on business transacted. Address N A 201, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—LADY OWNING FINE PARLORS for toilet preparations [trademarked and copywrighted], wishes to retire; present location 9 years; incorporated $20,000; price $2,000; experience unnecessary; $200 cleared monthly.
HALL & CO., 167 Dearborn-st.

A BRICK AND TILE FACTORY FOR SALE; OLD established plant; the best business opportunity of the kind ever offered. For particulars call or address R. W. SUMASACK, 808 W. Chicago-av., Chicago, Ill.

HAVE CLIENTS WITH MONEY TO INVEST or loan, aggregating over $500,000; either coal, oil, manufacturing, mining, reduction, telephone, or electric railway enterprises. Address N A 202, Tribune office.

WANTED—AGENCY FOR NEW YORK OF ARticle having a ready sale on that market or having great merit, being something that is needed there; Chicago and New York references. Address T 231, Tribune office.

WANTED—PRACTICAL, ENERGETIC MAN with $2,000 cash and services to join me in rapid construction of buildings in Oklahoma; new ideas in frame construction and handsome profits shown. Address N N 314, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—A GREAT BARGAIN—DRUG store, 395 W. Harrison; am obliged to leave city, other business, at once; to a cash buyer I will make it an object. Call at store today.

FEED, COAL, AND GRAIN BUSINESS; CORner; complete outfit; clears yearly $3,500; same party 23 years; reason retiring see Golsen, Tacoma Bldg.

AMONG THE NEW BOOKS.

"MISTRESS BARBARA." A NOVEL OF DIGNITY, BY SUTCLIFFE.

An English Romance of Love and Trade in the Early Days of the Nineteenth Century—How an Impoverished Gentleman Recouped His Fortunes in the Woolen Business and Won His Love in Spite of Many Obstacles.

"MISTRESS BARBARA," by Halliwell Sutcliffe, is a novel of a good deal of dignity and with a fine atmosphere. The scene is in Yorkshire, the time somewhere in the early part of this century, the story that of a penniless young gentleman cast out from the ranks of the "landed gentry" by the extravagance of his father. To recover his lost heritage this man, Stephen Royd, takes charge of a mill, makes the bargains for the wool, reducing himself to the status of a tradesman, and lives in two rooms, cooking his own meals and practicing the most rigid economy. He loves Mistress Barbara, the sweet young daughter of Squire Cunliffe, but he seldom visits the fine old house where he found his greatest welcome as a boy, for he suffers from the idea that, having become a common bargainer, he would not be welcome under a roof where the old order of things has sway and the ancient prejudices against labor with the hands or the methods of trade are very strong.

The countryside is all infected with enthusiasm for the recently developed wool trade, and in the mills little children are employed, who, working from twelve to sixteen hours a day, do the work as well as their elders, and for a pittance. They work under the lash of the overseer, are starved and so deprived of proper rest and sleep that many of them die. Royd alone among the mill owners stands out against the employment of children under 10 years of age, but holds himself in contempt for employing children of any age, and in his morbid distaste for an uncongenial employment clashes himself with the brutal mill owners about him and avoids all men of his own caste.

The holder of the acres that were once his, a vulgar, swaggering young man, "smelling of musk and of insolence," is a suitor for the hand of Barbara, and poor Stephen makes little doubt that he will win her, particularly as he knows the squire, her father, is hard put to it to maintain his accustomed manner of living. Squire Cunliffe is portrayed as the pink of old-fashioned courtesy, generous even to a thought, a patriarchal magistrate, dispensing gracious hospitality, but withal a man with a secret. At night he labors alone, and the country folk imagine him to be an alchemist; his friends suspect him of being unbalanced, and his daughter grieves over the secret she cannot penetrate.

All ends happily. Stephen Royd recovers his acres and saves the Cunliffe acres, too, the iniquitous mills, where little children perished under the lash, fall. The squire's secret transpires to be an innocent and pathetic one—he has merely been combing wool for the mill in order that his daughter might be protected from poverty and he from the shame of refusing hospitality to those who were accustomed to find his door open. Stephen marries Barbara, and the lesser personages, several of whom are quite as attractive as their betters, win out of their troubles.

A story will not, however, make a book, and in "Mistress Barbara" the paramount charm is in the atmosphere—the grim Yorkshire landscape, the love of land, in its deep and poetical sense, which the landless Royd feels, the pleasures of poaching, which are set forth with wit and unction, the kindliness of the old régime before machinery and speculation ruled the world. The nomenclature is engaging—Sorrowful Water, Wyecollar, Herders' Inn, Dead Lad's Rigg, Wynyates, Marshcates. It is a reminder of the simple appreciation of the mother tongue which the Englishman feels and of the propriety with which he uses the language. A readable and likable novel is "Mistress Barbara." (Published by Thomas Y. Crowell & Co., New York.)

Brief Mention.

The September number of Truth is a splendid feast of color, as usual. Almost the entire magazine is, appropriately, given up to yachting, and there are colored portraits of yachts of national and world-wide repute, and a colored supplement feature of "Constitution."

The World Review, dated Sept. 7, contains "Home Rule for Cities and Charter Legislation," by Clinton Rogers Woodruff; "Boston School Board Situation," by John T. Moore, and "Positive Activities in Education," by Professor M. Vincent O'Shea. There are, besides these articles, the regular departments.

The first edition of "El Cantilloquio," with English notes and a vocabulary, has been published by Laird & Lee of Chicago. The text has been changed some and the archaic forms being modified to make the book easy reading for the student. The poem is regarded by the Spanish as unequaled in the beauty of its moral exhortations and the grace of its style.

"The Mysterious Burglar," one of the brightest of the rather numerous stories in which personages of the under world have been put to literary use, is out in second edition form. Its first appearance was made only in the early summer, so the evidences of its popularity are conclusive. By writing it, Mr. George R. Waldstamped himself as a narrative writer of brisk style and blithe imagination. It is a story, pure and simple, though the action has been coated lightly with a psychological interest. (F. M. Buckles & Co.)

"Two and One," by Charlotte M. Vaile (T. Y. Crowell & Co.), is the first of the flood of juvenile literature about to make its annual advent for the holiday trade. It is to be hoped nothing less pleasing than the stories which delighted this pair will be forthcoming—" the pair" being Ben and his sister Bonnie, who counted a dozen years between them, and the other "one," a grown-up person who told the stories, a new version of some of the old fairy tales. A color picture of the "Two and One" makes an attractive cover for the book.

Elizabeth Lincoln Gould has performed the seemingly impossible task of making parlor plays for children out of Louisa May Alcott's immortal books, "Little Men" and "Little Women." She has really made two clever little comedies out of this material. Each plays about forty-five minutes. The rights of production are reserved by Miss Alcott's heirs, but the books contain printed provision by which one can get permission to represent them. They are illustrated by Reginald Birch and published by Little, Brown & Co. They appear to be quite suitable for parlor or school entertainments.

The American Book company has added to its series of little French text-books an abbreviation of "La Neuvaine de Colette," that charming romance by James Schultz. It has been edited for school use by Florence D. C. Lee of St. Mary's Hall, Faribault. Under the title, "L'Enfant Espion," there have been collected with the little tale of Daudet other short representative pieces by Mérimée, De Maupassant, and Coppée, for similar use. R. R. Goodell has supplied the notes and introduction. Pupils studying French today make rapid progress because they are by such books introduced to some of the best contemporary writers of fiction and history.

A forthcoming work entitled, "Mary Queen of Scots and Who Wrote the Casket Letters," gives the history of the life and reign of the Queen of Scots from her accession to the throne in 1561 until her death. The literature in connection with this historical subject has been abundant, while the interest taken in it by the public has been unabated. This period includes some of the most remarkable chapters in the history of Scotland. The volumes will contain photogravures from portraits, all more or less famous, some of them never before published. The book is promised by the publishers, James Pott & Co., some time during this month.

The British government Department of Agriculture and Technical Instruction for Ireland has issued a very interesting pamphlet, "Ireland: Industrial." The pamphlet was designed as a handbook for the Irish pavilion at the Glasgow international exhibition, 1901. It is altogether the most exhaustive description of the condition of Ireland's farming and manufacturing interests which has ever been issued and cannot but attract renewed attention to the commercial advantages and natural beauties of that island. There is scarcely a topic relating to the country which is not described in detail, and there are many faithful pictures explaining and helping out the text. The pamphlet is valuable alike for the statesman, the investor, and the reader of history.

Miss Sarah Orne Jewett's new book "The Tory Lover," just published by Houghton, Mifflin & Co., presents an interesting love story in an historic setting. It has all the exquisite charm of style of Miss Jewett's shorter stories, besides a subject much more comprehensive than she has attempted before, and a dramatic quality quite remarkable. The scenes include Portsmouth, Berwick, France, and England, in the year 1777. The Tory lover is Roger Wallingford, whose love for a loyal patriot, Mary Hamilton, puts an end to his sentiment for the King's cause, and leads him to take service under Captain Paul Jones on board the Ranger. The story is full of stirring incident, but its general tone is marked by a dignity and reassuring sincerity which is as charming as it is rare. Charles H. Woodbury's illustrations lend further attraction to the book, and the fine portrait of the heroine by Mrs. Woodbury makes a striking frontispiece.

From the printery of Mr. Ralph Fletcher Seymour has been issued an artistic monograph by Mr. Lyman B. Glover on George H. Boker's "Francesca Da Rimini." The borders and initials, for which Mr. Seymour is gaining a reputation, decorate the handsome pages, and the fly leaves present Francesca, with drifting, abundant hair and longing eyes, something after the fashion of Chaplin's drawings. Upon this page is the superscription:

"Alas! By what sweet thoughts, what fond desires
Must they at length to that ill pass have reached."

Dante Gabriel Rossetti's "The Kiss," excellently printed, is within the book, and also a picture by Cabanel, representing Lanciotto, his vengeance achieved, departing from his victims, with the words:

"I shall prowl about these bodies till the day of doom." Walter Burridge's scenic production of the "Garden Scene" is reproduced, and there are photographs of Skinner, Miss Van Dresser, and Norris. As for the appreciation by Mr. Glover, it sets forth, in addition to a critique of Mr. Skinner's reading, the sources and progress of the old tale of Paola's mortal love, as Dante and Petrarch, Boccaccio and Tasso, Leigh Hunt and Silvio Pelico, George H. Boker and Stephen Phillips have interpreted it.

ANTHONY HOPE'S SMILE.

CHILD FOOD TO BE TESTED

EXPERIMENTS WILL BE MADE AS ORIGINALLY PLANNED.

Work Will Begin at Chicago Hospital School on Oct. 1 Under Direction of Pathologist Selected by Rush Medical College Faculty—Daily Records to Be Kept of Physical and Mental Conditions Which Are Expected to Be of Great Value to Medical Men.

Prepartions are being made at the Chicago Hospital School for a series of experiments to determine the kinds of foodstuffs most conducive to the physical and mental growth of children. The work will begin about Oct. 1 under the direction of a pathologist appointed by the Rush Medical College faculty and is expected to furnish valuable data for scientific deductions.

The suggestion of the experiment was made by Dean John M. Dodson, and was due to his observation that improper feeding was a large factor in hindering the natural development of the boys and girls who came to the hospital school for treatment and education. In most cases of the offspring of wealthy or well-to-do people the youngsters had been petted and coddled until they literally were starving from being overfed. This is what the doctors call malnutrition.

Cases of Mal-Nutrition.

"Some of our wealthiest patrons," said Miss Mary Campbell, the director of the school, "have been much surprised when the physicians have told them their children were sufferers from malnutrition. In fact, the popular opinion is that malnutrition is synonymous with starvation, whereas malnutrition may result from overfeeding as much as underfeeding.

"One of the greatest hindrances to the mental development of our children is a poor physical condition, due to malnutrition. There is a mental fluctuation, but just what bearing food has on the varying mental states we do not know, and that is what we expect to find out in this investigation. The solution of the food problem is to adapt the food supply to the individual.

"The nervous system of children is unstable and fatigues easily. One of the most marked indications of malnutrition is the readiness of the nervous system to fatigue. The whole vital tone of the child is affected by low nutrition. Educators are just beginning to awaken to their duty in this matter and to the necessity of assisting to overcome the physical causes that are producing lack of observation, attention, and concentration, producing thereby a defective and fluctuating memory, poor self-control, and other evidences of disturbed mental faculties."

Hope for All of Them.

Miss Campbell is confident that, with proper administration of the three essentials of life—air, water, and food—any subnormal child who is two, three, or even five years behind other children of the same age in mental progress, may be brought to the normal status, provided there is no serious defect in the nervous system. She insists that backwardness and stupidity are frequently caused by bad food, and she proposes to prove she is right.

What foods will be used in the experiments will be left to the physicians on the consulting staff, including Dr. Nicholas Senn and representatives of the leading medical colleges of the city. They will determine by analysis of the blood, etc., what chemical deficiency in the food supply is influencing imperfect nutrition, and will prescribe the proper proportion of proteids, carbo-hydrates, and fat required.

LETTER OF MARQUISE DE FONTENOY.

[Copyright, 1901, by the Marquise de Fontenoy.]

KING LEOPOLD inquired the other day of a medical man, whom he knew to be on terms of acquaintance with a number of the Socialist leaders in Belgium, whether he was held in any special abhorrence by these extremists. The doctor replied that he (Leopold) was far from being hated by the Socialists, and added that one of the principal members of the party had observed a short time previously that if he had not been King of the Belgians he would probably have been elected President of the Belgian republic.

"Thanks," said the King, with a laugh, "but tell me, you, who are a distinguished physician, how would you like suddenly to be made a vet.?"

Leopold has apparently abandoned the idea of abdication, to which he gave expression earlier in the year, for he is busily engaged in making extensive additions to his principal residence, the Palace Laeken, in the suburbs of Brussels, and they are being executed according to the designs and under the supervision of the celebrated French architect, Girault.

Now that the mail from China has been received, one is able to appreciate the unfriendly attitude of the Kaiser towards the Chinese Emperor's brother, Prince Chun, and the absence of all official welcome and public honors on his arrival in Germany. It seems that, owing to the impolitic and exaggerated honors paid to Prince Chun at Shanghai, Tien-Tsin, and other places through which he passed on his way to the Chinese port of embarkation, the natives had gathered the impression that the Prince, instead of proceeding to Europe to express sorrow and to present profound apologies for the murder of the German envoy and the massacre of European missionaries, was, on the contrary, responding to a pressing invitation of the barbarians to visit Europe in order that he might receive their homage and that they might do him honor. This impression, circulated far and wide throughout China, was quite natural when the obsequious conduct of the Russian General at Tien-Tsin, who caused his troops to cheer the Prince in addition to rendering him the fullest military honors, was taken into consideration.

It was necessary to remove this idea in the eyes of the natives, as well as of the members of the mission itself. That is why the Kaiser received Prince Chun in such an unfriendly fashion.

People who meet Prince Chun here in this country, which he will visit on his way home to China, may be satisfied that he is really the Emperor's younger brother. I mention this because it was gravely proposed at the Chinese court by those conservatives who were opposed to sending a Prince of the blood on such a mission to dispatch some one resembling him in his stead, and to act as his substitute, much in the same way that those leading Chinese officials and dignitaries who were condemned to death for outrages perpetrated on foreigners were executed by substitutes, and are to everybody's knowledge still alive and well. Prince Ching, the most enlightened of the members of the imperial family, however, vetoed the suggestion on the ground that the fraud would quickly be discovered, since Chun was too well known in Pekin, particularly to the Japanese, who had him for some months under their care.

The Prince's real name, by the by, is Tsai Li, and "Chun" is his title, not his name. The Prince is boyish for his age, which, according to American reckoning, is 19, and according to Chinese reckoning 20, and speaks if not with an impediment at any rate with a pronounced lisp, owing to a hare lip. He is not yet married but is betrothed to the daughter of Fu Jun, Governor of Shantung, and who was among the great Manchu nobles and Princes who committed suicide last year rather than see Pekin in the hands of the white-faced barbarians. His daughter was anxious to follow her father's example, but she was carried off by his clansmen to the palace of Prince Mu, the guardian of Chun, to whom she is to be married on his return from his tour round the world. Chun, who is devoted to his brother, the Emperor, has never cared for the wild life that so many of the young Manchu Princes and nobles lead in Pekin, but is studious and quiet, as devoted as the Emperor himself to foreign ideas, and in thorough sympathy with the reform movement.

Crispi's will makes no mention whatsoever of his son Luigi, now in this country and reported to be affiliated with the Anarchist movement. But he bequeathes an annuity of $1,000 a year to his former and still living wife, Dona Rosalie Montmasson, the faithful companion of his years of exile, of conspiracy, and of the battlefield.

In view of the fact that several Americans have been decorated with the Kaisar i Hind medal for public service in India—notably some American missionaries, who have distinguished themselves by the good work which they have done among the natives in districts afflicted by famine and plague—it may be of interest to state that this decoration has undergone a transformation by King Edward. Instead of consisting of a big medal it is now changed into a smaller, oval-shaped badge, in gold for the first class, in silver for the second class, with a royal and imperial cipher on one side and on the reverse the words "Kaisar i Hind, for Public Service in India," and it is to be worn suspended on the left breast by a dark blue ribbon. Moreover, the counter-signature of one of the Secretaries of State is no longer requisite to the patent of appointment, for the King intends to be able to confer the decoration upon whomsoever he pleases without asking any Cabinet Minister to assume responsibility to the Cabinet in connection therewith.

The Austrian government, in view of the misconception which prevails among military men of the younger generation as to the necessity of immediately avenging on the spot with the sword affronts and insults, imaginary and real, on the part of civilians whose social condition does not qualify them to meet a commissioned officer on the field of honor—that is, in duel—calls public attention to article No. 114, which is identical with that in the military regulations of the German Empire, of Russia, and of Italy. The article in question says that "if an officer in uniform be attacked or insulted in the presence of one or more persons, and has no other means of putting an end to the attacks or insults, he may, if the necessity of so doing be clearly proved, make use of his weapons in self-defense."

There is no compulsion in this provision, which, indeed, only permits the use of weapons in case of extreme necessity. Few of the actual cases of attack by armed officers on unarmed civilians can be justified in the light of this article, and the only compulsion which exists upon officers to cut down any civilian, attacker or otherwise, whom they imagine to have affronted them, and whom they believe to be without the social qualifications for an encounter upon the field of honor, is the compulsion of caste sentiment and of the opinion of the officers as a body.

IN THE SOCIETY WORLD.

MISS MARGARET HORTON POTTER TO WED ON NEW YEAR'S.

Young Authoress Will Become the Wife of Mr. John D. Black on Jan. 1 and the Ceremony Will Be a Home Affair—October Will See the Beginning of a Series of Entertainments—Miss Fay Hancock Wedded to Mr. William L. Rohrer.

The wedding of Miss Margaret Horton Potter and Mr. John D. Black will be celebrated on New Year's day. Few of the details of the wedding are yet known, except that it will be a home affair, and in keeping with the luxury with which Mr. and Mrs. O. W. Potter surround their daughter. As the Potters are almost the first family to return to the city, the usual numerous entertainments which usually follow the announcement of an engagement, wait in this instance until the friends of the bride and groom-elect return to the city, and October will see them much fêted.

Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Daniels are at home this evening, at 41 Banks street and although Mrs. Daniels will receive with her sister, the entertainment is not given for Miss Potter and Mr. Black. When Mrs. Daniels returned last summer from California after the publication of "The Warners," a surprise party was given for her by a number of Chicago writers, and Mrs. Daniels returns the compliment by entertaining the same company again this evening.

Mrs. Daniels will follow the success of "The Warners" with a new book, to be ready by the New Year. She has not yet decided upon the title, but like her first book will be based on social and economic conditions in Chicago.

One of the first of the Autumn brides was Miss Fay Hancock, whose marriage to Mr. William L. Rohrer was celebrated yesterday at noon at Hyde Park Methodist Church. The Rev. Frank Crane officiated. The bride and groom were unattended, and only a small company of guests witnessed the ceremony. The bride entered the church alone as the choir sang the bridal chorus from Lohengrin. She wore a gown of cream white broadcloth, the skirt made in box plaits, flaring at the bottom, and skirt and bodice trimmed with heavy cream lace. The bouquet was of bride roses, and a white picture hat completed the costume. A breakfast for the bridal party followed the ceremony at the residence of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Hancock, 3561 Ellis avenue. Mr. and Mrs. Rohrer left in the afternoon for an extended trip in the East.

Mrs. Charles Warrington Earle of 2235 Washington boulevard gave a dinner last evening for Miss Lucy Wilcox and Mr. Joseph Wallace, whose wedding will take place this evening in Carpenter chapel.

The rain yesterday dampened even the enthusiasm of the Midlothian golfers, and all progress in the woman's tournament was brought to a standstill. The afternoon tea at the clubhouse, and the dinner parties also were postponed.

Mrs. Frank M. Avery of 2123 Prairie avenue, who has spent the summer at Rennebunkport, Me., will return to the city next week.

Mrs. Fred D. Grant has returned to the city to visit her parents, Mr. and Mrs. H. H. Honore of 2100 Michigan avenue. She remained in the city only a few days when she accompanied General Grant thus far on his way to the Philippines, going to West Point with her son, U. S. Grant.

Mr. and Mrs. Eugene R. Pike, who are at Harbor Point, will go to Buffalo before returning to Chicago. They will be at home about Oct. 1.

Mr. and Mrs. Edward L. Brewster and Miss Angelina Brewster have returned to the Virginia.

The Chicago club at Charlevoix will close next Wednesday.

SHORT STORY of the DAY

DOLLY TRIES the ROLE of DETECTIVE

BY A. CLARE LITTLE

HE came and he went as did no other man in all the 154 $200 villas that constituted Laburnum Grove, that select if somewhat exclusive residential quarter which lies between two roaring thoroughfares. As to the going, it was usually at a moment's notice, accompanied by a neat handbag, a hasty kiss, and a promise to be back as soon as possible—and in response to a telegram.

"As soon as possible" might be a few hours, or a few days, and the coming was as often as not in a jingling hansom, amongst the small hours of the morn. A circumstance which Laburnum Grove noted with secret envy, and shook its respectable head at.

Of course Dolly missed her six months' husband sorely when his absence was protracted, but the cheerful home coming more than compensated. Bob was always generous of housekeeping money, and lavish when pin money was concerned; but on these occasions he would propose a visit to one of the big shops in the borough, and there after a critical display of much good taste, regardless of cost, pay like a lord for hat, jacket, or whatsoever the heart of Dolly coveted.

With such a home, such a husband, and not a care, Dolly should have been the happiest woman in all the world. She was not. She had her troubles; small, for lack of greater ones, and of her own making.

What was Bob's mysterious business? Through two years' courtship and six months' married life Dolly had never been able to discover. This was her greatest trouble.

Point blank question and subtle artifice had alike failed to extract the smallest clew on which even a theory might be based. Both were invariably parried with the same good natured ease which marked the even tenor of Bob's life.

It was irritating not to know what one's husband's income was, or from what source that income was derived. Both, Dolly was convinced, were head and shoulders above anything ever dreamed of in the Grove. At the tea parties, which were chief amongst its social functions, other women talked freely about the affairs of their absent lords, quoted what they said to their masters, and boasted of the phenomenal number of shillings the weekly wage totaled.

Such was Dolly's mental state when her mother arrived upon the scene, bent upon one of those protracted visits which undutiful sons-in-law declare interminable.

Curiosity was a well developed characteristic of that amiable lady, second only to suspicion, and a deep rooted disbelief in man.

Boldly she opened the battle, determined to leave not one secret thought in the heart of Bob, and long she fought the unequal fight. Beaten at all points she returned to the attack day after day, till to his secret relief Bob departed with his habitual dispatch in response to a telegram, barely saved from the hands of the enemy.

Not one whit the wiser, Mrs. Peck hated her son-in-law with a cordiality which the cheerful and magnanimous manner in which he had conducted himself throughout the conflict only tended to increase.

"It's very trying, Dolly," she remarked that evening, "to have him at home all day. A man does upset a house so."

"But I like it," Dolly replied stoutly. "I'm always done so much sooner when Bob's at home."

"It's a pity," the elder lady continued with a sorrowful shake of the head, "that he can't get some respectable job that he isn't ashamed of. To think of his coming home at all hours of the night, and in a hansom cab, too. Scandalizing the whole neighborhood."

Dolly maintained a discreet silence.

"Do you think he drinks?" her mother asked more cheerfully.

"That I'm sure he doesn't," Dolly replied indignantly. "Whatever makes you ask such a wicked question?"

"Well, if he doesn't drink he bets!" was the reassuring reply.

"O, how can you say such dreadful things?" Dolly cried.

"Because I know it's true!"

"What do you mean?"

"Would a man read the paper like he does if he didn't bet? Why, I have seen him buy as many as two in one day. Then there's the telegrams. People don't send telegrams unless folks are ill, unless it's about horse racing."

Dolly laughed outright, but her mother's quiver was not exhausted, and the remaining arrows were the sharpest.

"I once read a book," she continued, "about a man who used to disappear for days, just like Bob. He wore smart clothes and was smooth-tongued, too." She looked vindictively at Bob's portrait. "Now, what do you think that man was?"

"I'm sure I don't know," her daughter replied wearily.

"A burglar! That's what he was, and he was hanged."

Dolly gasped. It had sometimes occurred to her that they had means beyond their position. Could it be possible that Bob's secret but profitable occupation was one that he dared not name? But whilst she wondered, and remembered a dozen trifling incidents which gave color to her first suspicion, the last arrow was being fitted to the bow. This was the deadliest, and reached her heart.

"You've never heard anything about any other woman he ever cared for?" asked the anxious mother.

The young wife stared in silent horror.

"Well, my dear, it's my duty to put you on your guard. I shouldn't be a mother if I didn't. You've never found any letters in his pockets? All men do these things, and you can depend upon it he has his reasons for not leaving an address when he goes away."

Dolly lay awake sobbing half the night, and Mrs. Peck, being level with her son-in-law, slept, at peace with all mankind.

So the poison was poured drop by drop into the unwilling ear, till one day Dolly stood alone on the curb, watching the receding car that bore her mother away, still shaking an ominous head—the unhappiest woman in all the city.

Dolly walked home disconsolate, the seeds of doubt, fear, and jealousy sown broadcast by her mother already bringing forth such an abundant crop as Bob had never raised in his beloved garden. If he were only there, she thought, to take her in his strong arms and assure her that all was well, and that he loved her still, how joyful would be that home going. But Bob was away, she knew not where, and his absence was already unusually prolonged.

She had not the heart to enter her desolate home, so walked on past the door. At the end of the grove she turned into one of the wide thoroughfares—and there on the other side stood Bob.

Reckless of life and limb, she rushed across the road, arriving breathless on the opposite pavement just in time to see the swing door of the Pilgrim's Rest saloon close behind her husband.

So Bob did drink! Her mother was right, and how blind she must have been not to have discovered this for herself.

Faint and trembling she returned home. Bob had been there during her absence. His bag was in the passage, and a crumpled envelope addressed to him lay in the empty hearth.

On the chimney piece was something which had not been there when she went out. A coin, sufficiently like a dollar to be mistaken for one at a casual glance, but, when handled, too light to leave a shadow of doubt as to its worthlessness.

Dolly knew what it was. She had lost and won them by the dozen at a game called casino, when a child. What a lifetime ago that seemed, and yet she was only 22. With a sigh, she slipped this further evidence of her husband's vice into her pocket. It was clear that he gambled as well as drank. What a day of revelations it had been—and when would it end?

Too restless to settle to work, Dolly went into the street again, and, tired though she was, her feet dragged her to the Pilgrim's Rest saloon. Backwards and forwards she paced in front of the flaring line of lights.

As the door of the saloon bar opened and shut before a steady stream of customers Dolly could see the back of her husband. He was resting with his elbows on the counter, talking earnestly to a buxom blonde who beamed into his upturned face from the other side, regardless of the thirsty, clamoring crowd that jostled him.

So she had a rival! This was the cruelest discovery of all. Had Bob come to her ruined at cards she would have forgiven him, and worked cheerfully to restore their shattered fortunes. Had he been convicted of burglary she would have struggled single-handed to keep the home together against the day of his release. But this was another matter, and quite beyond forgiveness.

"That nasty, white-haired, fat thing!" she exclaimed so loud that passers by turned to look at her.

Dolly could afford to speak disparagingly of the charms of more than an average beauty. She was petite, with a neat little figure, a pair of dangerous eyes, nice complexion, and a perfect halo of that glorious tint of hair vaguely described as golden brown.

Humiliation ousted grief, and in its turn gave way to rage, a burning rage that longed for revenge. Already a scheme was forming in a busy brain, and that which she caught a fleeting glimpse of through the restless door of the Pilgrim's Rest as she turned towards home strengthened the desire. It was a dark-haired, willowy beauty whose sole attention Bob monopolized this time.

There were two who shared her husband's love, and that made matters worse. Well, so much the greater should be his downfall. By the time she reached home her plan was complete.

Deception should be met with deception, and as a step towards this she wrote a note to her husband with steady hand and tearless eyes.

Dear Bob: Gone home with mother for a few days. Don't come; I know she bores you dreadfully. YOUR LOVING DOLLY.

Leaving the note on her dressing-table, she hurriedly packed a small bag and departed to the sheiter of the maternal roof.

It was passed midnight when Dolly rang the bell at the darkened house, but the querulous voice of her mother, roused from her sleep, that bade her begone from an upper window, changed to a dove-like coo when Dolly told, in one unpunctuated sentence, of her triple discovery.

Early morn though it was when Dolly retired to rest, a few hours later saw her busy with her preparations for the coming denouement. As a school girl she had made a hit in tableaux and charades at the breaking-up parties. Now she was going to act in earnest, and that none might suspect the tragedy queen till the final scene, and impenetrable disguise was necessary.

Under her deft fingers golden halo turned to thunder cloud. This, arranged after a style copied from a recent fashion plate, completely altered the character of her face, already thinner than when Bob last gazed upon it. Eyebrows manipulated to a shade consistent with hair and complexion toned to a swarthy tint completed the make up. The handsome little brunette that peered so critically into her glass was as unlike the Dolly of yesterday as two women of similar height and figure could possibly be.

Heavily hatted and veiled the demure little woman in black departed to interview the landlord of the Pilgrim's Rest, stopping only at a bootmaker's, and thereby adding one inch unto her stature.

Mine host of the Pilgrim's Rest approached from the hotel entrance, was a kindly man, with an eye for a pretty woman. And here was beauty in distress seeking employment behind his bar. She had no experience, but begged for a month's trial, without pay, and was willing to sleep at home with her mother. After a proper display of reluctance, mine host gave way, and it was arranged that Miss Peck should commence her duties on the following Saturday.

Dolly left the Pilgrim's Rest in a whirl of pleasant excitement. Had she really been in search of employment the success of her interview could not have filled her with more genuine satisfaction.

Dolly was agreeably surprised to find that the young ladies behind the bar of the Pilgrims' Rest were kind, and disposed to help her. The "nasty, white-haired thing" was not there, and this kept alive suspicion, almost forgotten in the strangeness of her surroundings. The dark-haired, willowy girl hinted with many a sigh at an absent lover, and, though she knew it not, added to the force of the thunderbolt about to fall.

It was a long, tiring day that Dolly spent between hope and fear that her husband would come. Her head ached with the fumes of liquor, the stifling atmosphere, and the incessant Saturday night of a popular public house. Men leered at her with undisguised admiration, paid florid compliments that sent the hot blood surging to her brow, and squeezed her hand as she gave them their change. Still no sign of Bob.

Tears of mortification and disappointment came to her eyes, and an uneasy feeling that she was not equal to the scene she had so frequently rehearsed alone, filled her with dismay.

The kindly landlord noticed her condition, called her into the bar parlor, and bade her rest, encouraging her with fatherly words.

Dolly pulled out her handkerchief preparatory to a good cry, and with it came the metal counter, placed in her pocket days before and forgotten. It fell with a dull rattle and rolled towards the landlord, who stopped its career with a heavy foot.

"Hullo! what's this?" he exclaimed, examining it.

"It's mine!" cried Dolly, as she snatched at it.

He handed it back without a word and went out, leaving Dolly to cry in silence.

A few minutes later the landlord returned accompanied by a policeman.

"Here's the prisoner," he said, and pointed to Dolly.

"What's the charge, sir?" asked the constable, taking out a notebook.

"Robbery, or embezzlement, I suppose you would call it. I've been losing $50 a week for weeks past. Someone's been putting these things into the till and taking dollars out," and the landlord held up a counter like Dolly's. "She's only a new girl in today, and she has one of them in her pocket."

"I haven't done anything of the sort," Dolly cried indignantly. "I——"

Then loyalty to Bob stopped her as yet another suspicion flashed through her brain.

"Well, Miss, you must come along with me," said the constable.

"But I haven't done anything——" Dolly began.

"Take my advice and don't say a word now," the constable interrupted. Then, turning to the landlord, "If you'll send for a cab I'll take her off quiet."

Dolly sat dumb and bewildered till the constable informed her that the cab was waiting, and once more urged her to come quietly.

Then, grasping the situation, she fell upon her knees, begging for mercy in wild, incoherent words. The kindly landlord tore himself free and made for the door, to find his retreat cut off by some one entering.

It was Bob! He looked from one to the other of the group, and then, addressing himself to the landlord, exclaimed:

"I've caught her—Miss Emberson. Took her red handed at the same game at the running tap."

"They're all of them at it," was the disconsolate reply. "Caught this girl new in today at it."

Before he had finished the new girl was hanging round the astonished detective's neck covering his face with kisses. He was her husband!

"Bob, dear," she cried, "they want to lock me up! Don't let them."

"Why, Dolly!" her husband gasped, surprised out of all professional reserve; then, turning to the landlord, continued. "You've made a mistake this time, Jackson. This is my wife, who seemed to think she would help me on her own account."

Dolly did not return to her mother that night, and when that good lady called, full of maternal anxiety, next day, it was Bob who admitted and interviewed her.

MUSIC AND THE DRAMA.

No Vaudeville Troubles.

Local vaudeville managers made prompt denial yesterday of a report which said the association of vaudeville managers had been broken up and that there was to be a vaudeville war between the East and the West.

"The regular meeting for the balancing of accounts," said a manager, "was held on Tuesday. The managers never were more a unit than at present. One reason why there can be no vaudeville war between the East and the West is that there is no vaudeville in the East. In the West, however, it is as prosperous as ever."

Maude Odell to Join Hopkins' Company

Maude Odell was engaged yesterday as the leading woman for the Hopkins Stock company. She will make her first appearance with the organization on Sunday, Sept. 22, in the play "Doris." Miss Odell has been in Chicago during a large part of the summer playing the rôle of Queen Lili in "King Dodo."

Otis Skinner Fights a Cold.

Otis Skinner is suffering from a severe cold, contracted last Sunday, and his performances of the week have been given at much physical cost to him. He has insisted, however, on remaining upon the stage, and even played the usual matinée performance yesterday.

COLLEGE MAY USE A BEQUEST.

Wesleyan at Bloomington, Ill., Secures $50,000 Through the Death of Mrs. Henrietta Cramp.

Bloomington, Ill., Sept. 11.—[Special.]—Wesleyan College of this city is in receipt of a bequest estimated at $50,000 through the death at Girard, Ill., this week of Mrs. Henrietta Cramp, widow of the Rev. Lemuel Cramp, a superannuated clergyman of the Methodist Church, who died in this city three years ago.

The local college has held this legacy in trust, paying Mrs. Cramp the income as an annuity. The use of the money was not to be available for college purposes until after the death of the widow.

The money will be devoted to carrying out many improvements which have been under contemplation for years, and also in enlarging the endowment fund.

RIGHT TO CHILD BEFORE COURT.

Judge Chetlain Will Pass on Custody of Bert A. Tyler's Little Daughter, Heiress to $50,000.

Judge Chetlain will pass on the right of possession of Margaret C. Tyler, 7 years old, who was taken from her temporary guardian recently by her father, Bert A. Tyler. The mother of the child, before her death, directed that the girl should be placed in charge of William Schaus as guardian. The case is brought before the court on habeas corpus proceedings, and the hearing will continue today. The mother was divorced from Tyler in 1898, and was granted custody of the child. Later she married J. J. Walt. The girl is heir to $50,000.

WOMEN GOING TO WAUKEGAN.

Fourth District Convention of State W. C. T. U. to Be Held There Today and Tomorrow.

The nineteenth annual convention of the Woman's Christian Temperance union of the Fourth Illinois District, which includes Lake County and the north part of Cook, will be held at Waukegan today and tomorrow. This morning an executive session will be held. In the afternoon reports of committees and officials will be read. In the evening Mrs. Louise Rounds, State President, will speak. Tomorrow reports will be read and officers will be elected.

Says Shakspeare Read the Bible.

Miss Mary Wadsworth addressed the members of the Hull House Woman's club yesterday afternoon on "Shakspeare's Knowledge of the Bible." She said Shakspeare's teachings were along the line of the Bible and that he displayed great knowledge of the book.